



JOINT PROGRAMME EXCELLENCE AND TARGETING HUB

Regional Economic Inclusion Meeting

Briefing on Joint UNHCR-WFP Hub

10 September 2020

Joint UNHCR-WFP Hub Objectives

Facilitate Collaboration

Facilitate **greater collaboration between the two agencies** at country, regional and global level in thematic areas supported by the Hub

Build awareness/Global frameworks

Build awareness and support **operationalization of joint global frameworks** (Targeting Principles & Guidance, Self-Reliance Strategy, Data Sharing, Cash Addendums, MoU)

Assessment & analysis

Increase quality **joint needs assessments and analysis** to inform programme response, targeting and prioritization at country level as well as global analysis

Joint Targeting

Joint targeting strategies designed and implemented to reach the best outcomes for refugees and other PoCs

Joint Programmes, Livelihoods & Self-reliance

Foster **longer term joint planning** to support increased efforts towards building **refugee livelihoods, self-reliance and inclusion**

AAP & Protection

Ensure **protection risks** are identified and addressed, including through **collaboration on AAP** efforts for PoC, with a special focus on joint targeting

Learning & Advocacy

Document learning and experiences to support cross fertilization between operations, inform global guidance and country support, and inform evidence-based advocacy

Data Interoperability

Support greater **data sharing** and **interoperability of systems** at country, regional and global level

End-to-end and modular support

End-to-End & Modular Support

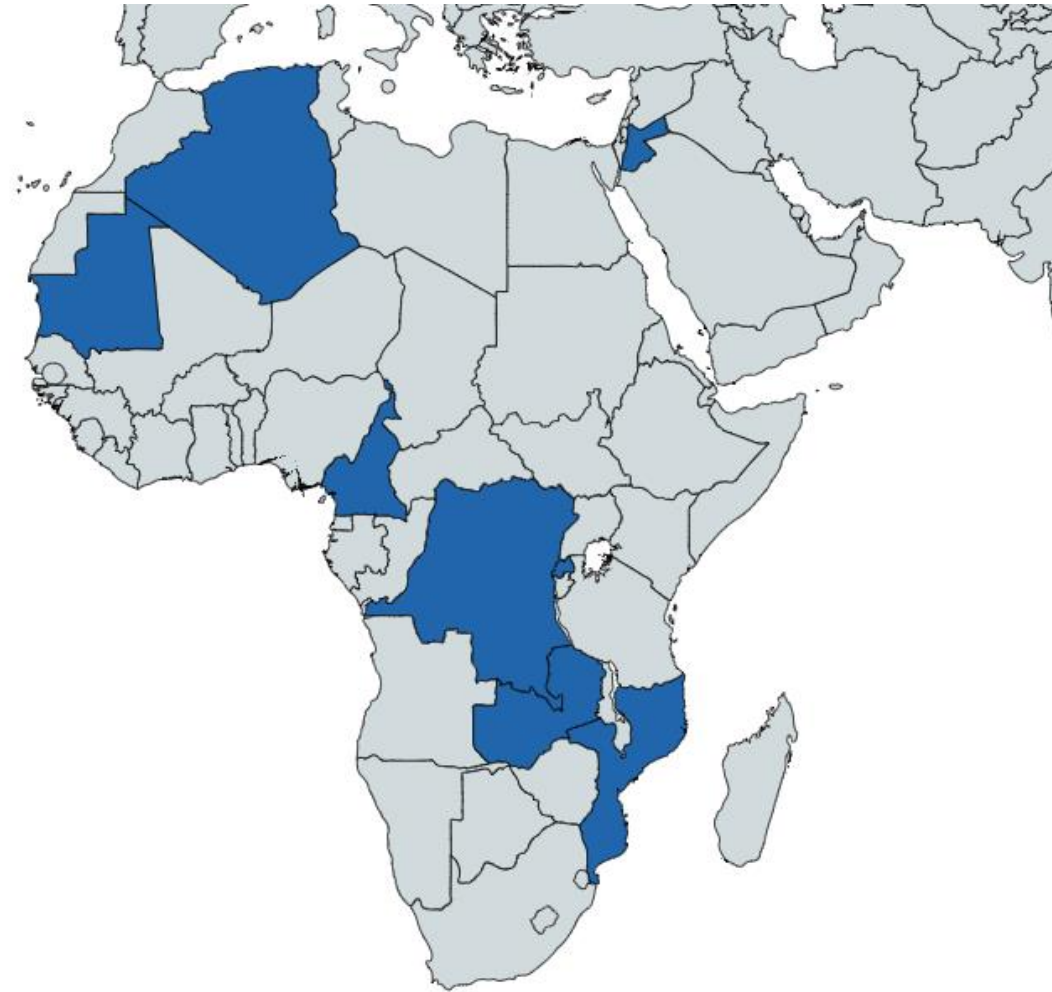
- End-to-end support: **Rwanda** and **Cameroon**
- Modular support to 6 other countries: **Algeria, DRC, Jordan, Mauritania, Mozambique** and **Zambia**
- Joint HQ level **Technical Advisory Group** and **Steering Committees**

Support Priorities

- **Demand driven**, based on joint expressions of interest
- **Joint programme design and implementation**, with focus on transition to self-reliance
- Build awareness and implement **global frameworks**
- Document **impact of funding gaps** and support advocacy

Pilot project

- Funded by **USAID** and **PRM**
- Aim to extend beyond pilot phase with funding from additional donors



Request for Hub Support by Country

| | AAP | ASSESSMENTS | TARGETING | PROGRAMME | LIVELIHOODS | DATA SYSTEMS | LEARNING |
|------------|-----|-------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|----------|
| ALGERIA | Red | | | | Green | | |
| CAMEROON | Red | Yellow | Blue | Grey | Green | Dark Blue | Purple |
| DRC | Red | Yellow | Blue | | Green | Dark Blue | Purple |
| JORDAN | | | Blue | | | | Purple |
| MAURITANIA | | Yellow | Blue | Grey | | | |
| MOZAMBIQUE | Red | Yellow | Blue | Grey | Green | | |
| RWANDA | Red | Yellow | Blue | Grey | Green | Dark Blue | Purple |
| ZAMBIA | Red | Yellow | Blue | Grey | Green | | |

Overview: Hub Support to Rwanda

*Shift from **status-based to targeted (need-based) approach to humanitarian assistance for refugees, in close consultation with the Government and refugees***

Assess needs: refugees in camp and urban settings, impact of COVID

Develop targeting approach: most vulnerable in need of humanitarian assistance, those with higher capacities for livelihoods activities

Ensure beneficiary participation and buy-in: community consultations and appeals mechanism

Support livelihoods programmes: existing programmes, GoR long-term vision for self-reliance, visibility and advocacy with donors

Support refugee inclusion: implementation of existing GoR strategies and commitments, working with other partners

Document learning and best practices: internal use, RBs, other COs, GoR

Refugee Livelihoods Opportunities and Challenges

Opportunities

- **Favorable protection environment**, no legal barriers to refugee's right to work
- **Policy support:** GoR Strategic Plan for Refugee Inclusion, Joint Economic Inclusion Strategy, GRF/CRRF commitment
- Some **big players and operational partners** started supporting refugee economic inclusion, multi-year, targeting both refugees and host communities (WB, GIZ, INKOMOKO, Give Directly.....)
- **Access to land** (though at limited scale)

Challenges

- **High reliance on assistance** to meet basic needs
- **Mainly agriculture-based skill set**, esp. older generation but access to land is limited
- **Limited scope and scalability** of existing livelihoods projects
- **Lack of integrated longer term support**
- **Weak market linkages**
- **Employer's negative attitudes** to hiring refugees
- **High youth unemployment rates** and low level of qualifications/skills for formal employment
- **Limited access to vocational training** opportunities within/outside camps and its linkage with jobs/income
- **Insufficient access to financial services**; Lack of financial literacy
- **Lack of access to power and infrastructures** (market/road)
- **Large number of indebted households**
- **Assistance tied to presence/registration in camp**
- **Lack of child care facilities** for single parents/mothers

Hub Livelihoods Support

- *Review of outcomes of existing **strategies and partnerships on livelihoods & economic inclusion***
- ***Livelihoods referral mechanism** for transition of refugees from basic needs assistance to livelihoods programmes*
- ***Joint fundraising and advocacy** to support refugees' inclusion in national systems and transition to self-reliance*
- *Expanding **access to financial services**, through partnerships, for financial inclusion in joint programming*

Learning: documentation of best practices, including recommendations and lessons learnt