

WOMEN & MEN



GENDER & AGE

Displacement has transformed the family and economic life of Jordan's nearly 670,000 Syria refugees, with greater numbers of women in charge as wage-earners and decision-makers



4 in 10 Syrian refugees live in female-headed households



3 in 10 Iraqi refugees and Jordanian hosts live in female-headed households



91%

of Syrian children

50%

of surveyed Jordanian children

look for work daily

Women are working more outside the home.

Children are joining in household decisions.

1 in 5

male Syrian youth (ages 15-24) are out of school with no diploma

Children who are out of school and at work face greater protection risks (gender-based harassment, harmful labor, and drugs) and miss out on education's protective framework.

Men are doing a greater share of household chores.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HAS INCREASED

EARLY MARRIAGE

11%

Syrian families have a married boy (< age 18*)



14%

have a married girl (< age 18*)

*at the time of data collection

HEALTH & WELL-BEING

Syrian refugees no longer receive subsidized healthcare

have women of childbearing age **2/3**

have access to family planning/reproductive healthcare **1/3**

have used those services **1/4**



The 2018 Urban Assessment gathers data from 1,710 surveys (1,051 Syrian urban refugees and 388 Jordanians in the four locations, and 271 Iraqi refugees in Amman and Zarqa), 30 focus group discussions, and interviews with key stakeholders.