

BANGLADESH

Situation Overview

- Light showers and windstorms were recorded during the reporting period, resulting in 19 incidents of landslide, flood, and fire across all settlements. A total of 81 shelters were damaged, affecting 715 individuals while 4 people were reportedly injured.¹
- UNHCR relocated 31 families (126 individuals) living in areas at high risk of landslides to safe areas. Relocations also took place due to construction activities and as a risk mitigation effort to decongest overcrowded settlements.
- As the monsoon season nears its end, UNHCR and partners are bolstering preparedness for the upcoming cyclone season, which is generally expected in October.

UNHCR and Partners' Response

Through the Site Management Engineering Project (**SMEP**)², UNHCR and its partners continue to **repair and pave roads**, implement **slope stabilisation works**, and step up drainage clearance in refugee settlements.



As part of its commitment to support Bangladesh families who have been hosting refugees, UNHCR and its partner, BRAC, repaired **the connecting road from Palongkhali in Ukhiya sub-district to Choukhali.** The road was severely damaged by rains, hampering access for the 2,500 Bangladeshis living in the area. The road repair was undertaken through a cashfor-work scheme that provides job opportunities for the local communities nearby. The Bangladesh authorities and the host community were appreciative of UNHCR's initiative to support the host communities *(right photo)*, which was completed in the week of August 17.



During the reporting period, **753 refugees were relocated** to Camp 4 Extension in the northwest of the large Kutupalong refugee settlement. A total of **4,335 individuals** have been relocated to this site to date.



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As part of a **disaster preparedness measure**, UNHCR and its partner, Bangladesh Red Crescent Society, conducted **cyclone messaging refresher sessions to 350 Safety Unit Volunteers (SUVs)**³ in seven refugee sites across Ukhiya and Teknaf sub-districts (*left photo*). The workshop included sessions on the use of warning flags to signal approaching cyclone threats. By early September, **more than 800 SUVs in 16 camps** will receive similar training with UNHCR's support.

¹ According to reports from the Inter-Sector Coordination Group, which receives information from Site Management Support agencies, data is based on preliminary assessments. Figures are subject to change.

² A joint engineering project by UNHCR, IOM (International Organisation for Migration), and WFP (World Food Programme).

³ The Safety Unit Volunteers (SUV) are a refugee community safety committee established in all refugee settlements in Cox's Bazar. SUV comprises a maximum of 50 refugee volunteers to conduct specific preparedness activities and act as first responders on fire and other emergencies (including landslides, cyclones, and other weather events). 20 out of 50 refugees are assigned to the Government of Bangladesh's Cyclone Preparedness Program. The refugee volunteers receive a range of trainings such as fire safety, first aid, and emergency response from the humanitarian community including UNHCR, in collaboration with the Government of Bangladesh.



BANGLADESH REFUGEE EMERGENCY Emergency preparedness and response update dashboard

(31 August 2018)

Key population figures

- 900,000 total refugees (approx.)
- 200,000 est. total refugees at risk of flood and landslide hazards
- ★ 41,700 est. refugees at high risk of landslide hazards

Emergency evacuation

Relocation due to high risk of landslide

- **25,258** refugees out of **41,700** est. at high risk of landslide relocated from all 28 identified settlements
- More than **90%** of work completed in 60 acre land in Kutupalong (1,395 shelters) and the site in Nayapara (48 shelters)

UNHCR emergency evacuation plan

- **42,000** refugees to be relocated with other families within the UNHCR managed camps
- **14,450** refugees to be relocated/hosted within existing community infrastructures such as mosques, Temporary Learning Centers, etc.
- **14,600** refugees to be relocated to community infrastructures within the host community*
- **60,000** refugees to be relocated to tents

Progress

Protection

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- 262 UNHCR Community Outreach Members (COMs) trained on awareness raising for landslide and cyclone risk
- 161,808 refugees reached by 7,438 awareness campaigns on landslides and cyclone
- 260 Safety Unit Volunteers (SUV) trained on the Government of Bangladesh Cyclone Preparedness Program (CPP)
 - **700** Safety Unit Volunteers (SUV) trained on fire fighting and landslide awareness
- **15** Information Points out of **16** established

Shelter & site improvement

- 52 kilometers of road (brick road/footpath, Army Road) constructed
- **3,800** meters of bridges constructed
- 48 kilometers of steps constructed
- 65 running kilometers of retaining structures built
- 100 kilometers of drainages repaired/completed
 - 90,524 shelter upgrade kits out of 90,524 distributed
 - 80,737 pre-monsoon shelter tie-down kits out of 80,737 distributed
 - 9,560 family tents pre-positioned and 467 distributed
 - 242,825 plastic tarpaulins pre-positioned and 83,962 distributed
 - **128** storage containers out of **146** pre-positioned
 - **20** host community structures being upgraded

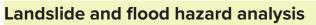
WASH

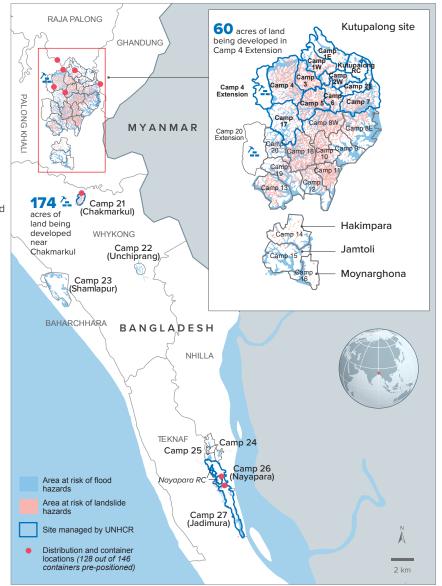
- **958** latrines out of **958** constructed in relocation areas for refugees at high risk of landslide
- 112 water points out of 113 installed in relocation areas for refugees at high risk of landslide
- 12 camps out of 12 with Emergency WASH Simulation exercises completed

Health

- **2,044** Community Health Workers out of **2,044** trained on first aid in emergencies
- 400 Community Health Workers out of 400
- trained on the Government of Bangladesh Cyclone Preparedness Program (CPP)
 - **800** Community Volunteers and Counsellors trained on psychological first aid, identification and referral of mental health cases, and basic counselling skills

6 nutrition mobile teams established to reach displaced families





The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.



(31 August 2018)

Working in partnership

UNHCR co-chairs a Strategic Executive Group (SEG) in Bangladesh with the UN Resident Coordinator and IOM. The Refugee Agency leads on the protection response for all refugees, and heads a Protection Working Group in Cox's Bazar. UNHCR welcomes its valuable partnership with other agencies (WFP, UN-HABITAT, UNDP) and coordinates the delivery of its assistance with UN agencies and other partners through a number of working groups under the Inter-Sector Coordination Group (ISCG). UNHCR's main government counterpart is the Ministry of Disaster Management and Relief and its Cox's Bazar-based Refugee Relief and Repatriation Commissioner (RRRC). In close cooperation with IOM and UNDP, UNHCR is also providing tangible support to coordination efforts of local government entities in Cox's Bazar, Ukhiya and Teknaf. UNHCR staff work closely with the Camp-in-Charge officials in different refugee settlements, as well as a range of international and national actors. It has a strong network of 23 partners, including:

ACF (Action Contre la Faim) | ADRA (Adventist Development and Relief Agency) | BDRCS (Bangladesh Red Crescent Society) | BNWLA (Bangladesh National Women Lawyers Association) | BRAC (Bangladesh Rehabilitation Assistance Committee) | CARITAS BANGLADESH | CODEC (Community Development Centre) | DRC (Danish Refugee Council) | FH (Food For the Hungry) | GK (Gonoshasthaya Kendra) | HELVETAS Swiss Intercooperation | HI (Handicap International) | IUCN (International Union for Conservation of Nature and Natural Resources) | NGOF (NGO Forum) | OXFAM | PUI (Première Urgence Internationale) | REACH | RI (Relief International) | RTMI (Research Training and Management International) | SCI (Save the Children) | SI (Solidarités International) | TAI (Technical Assistance Incorporated) | TDH (Terre Des Hommes Foundation)

UNHCR would also like to acknowledge the crucial role played by the refugees in the response; with over 1,000 volunteers from the refugee community who are often the first responders on the ground. UNHCR and partners have trained and work with safety unit volunteers (SUVs) who support the emergency response, community outreach members who support raising awareness on important issues and in addressing protection risks, community health workers who assist with outreach for health and nutrition, and others who provide further critical support to the emergency response.

Donor support

The response of the Government and people of Bangladesh is extraordinarily generous. More support is required from the international community to assist the ongoing humanitarian response in Bangladesh for refugees and host communities. Continued political efforts to work for a solution to the situation remain vital. UNHCR is appealing for USD 238.8m (part of its Supplementary Appeal for 2018) in order to respond to the needs of hundreds of thousands of refugees.



Donor country contributions to UNHCR Bangladesh (2017/2018) and unrestricted funding to global operations:

With thanks to the many private donations from individuals, foundations, companies including Calouste Gulbenkian Foundation, IKEA Foundation, International Islamic Relief Organization Kuwait Finance House, OPEC Fund for International Development, Prosolidar-Onlus Foundation, Qatar Charity, Rahmatan Lil Alamin Foundation, The Big Heart Foundation, The Church of Latter-Day Saints, and UPS Corporate. Special thanks also to CERF.

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LINKS: UNHCR data portal – UNHCR operation page – Facebook – Twitter – Latest stories – Instagram