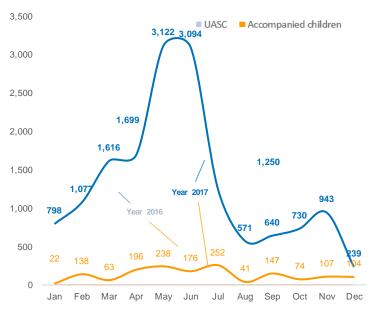
Children arriving in 2017 Accompanied 9% UASC 91% 15,779 IJASC 13% of sea arrivals

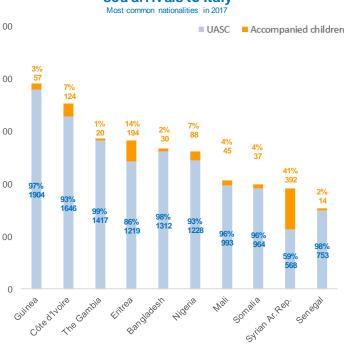
Italy - Unaccompanied and Separated Children (UASC) Dashboard

Between 1 January and 31 December 2017, 15,779 unaccompanied and separated children arrived in Italy by sea, representing 13% of all sea arrivals in this period. Similarly, 14 per cent of those arriving in the same period last year were UASC. The numbers of UASC arriving by sea, however, have decreased compared to last year, when over 25,846 UASC were registered at landing points.

UASC and accompanied children sea arrivals trend, 2016 and 2017

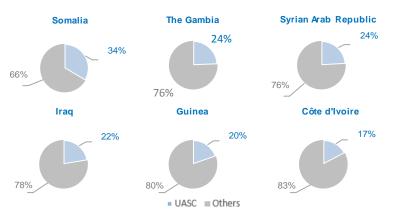


UASC and accompanied children: sea arrivals to Italy



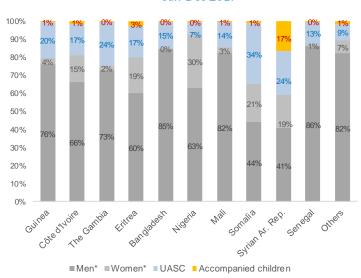
UASC arriving by sea in 2017 most commonly originated from Guinea (1,904), Côte d'Ivoire (1,646), The Gambia (1,417), Bangladesh (1,312), Nigeria (1,228), and Eritrea (1,219). In 2017, significant numbers of UASC arrivals also originated from Mali (993), Somalia (964), Senegal (753), Syrian Arab Republic (568), and Iraq (389).

Proportion of UASC by nationality among total sea arrivals



Relatively higher proportions of UASC are recorded among arrivals from Somalia (33% are UASC), Syrian Arab Republic (24%), The Gambia (24%), Iraq (22%), Guinea (20%), Côte d'Ivoire (17%), and Eritrea (17%). While Eritreans were the largest UASC group to arrive in 2016 (3,832), their numbers decreased by 68% in 2017. Also, the numbers of Gambian UASC registered at landing points in 2017 decreased by 56% compared to last year.

Distribution by age, gender and nationality Jan-Dec 2017



* The groups of men and women refer to persons over 18 year old.

Most UASC arriving by sea are boys and are 16 and 17 years old. However, exact figures on gender of UASC arrivals are currently unavailable.

The charts are based on figures from the Italian Ministry of Interior. All figures are provisional and subject to change.