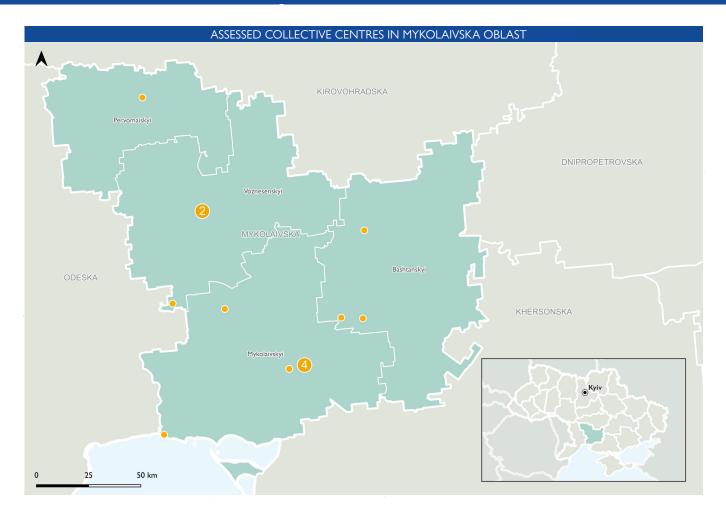
# MYKOLAIVSKA OBLAST COLLECTIVE CENTRE ASSESSMENT

Summary of IOM's CCCM Collective Centre Assessment, as of 3rd May 2023





### **OVERVIEW**

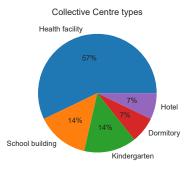
Between 02 March 2023 to 13 April 2023, IOM CCCM teams, in collaboration with Oblast authorities and local civil society organizations, conducted a CCCM Collective Centre assessment across all Mykolaivska Oblast. Data was collected at the site-level at the request of the Mykolaivska Oblast administrations and implemented through key-informant interviews with site managers/ focal points as well as conducting observational assessments. All figures and narrative in this factsheet cover collective centres hosting (and capable of hosting) 30 people or more and are indicative of the situation in the sites at the time of collection.

### **COLLECTIVE CENTRE TYPES**

A total of 14 sites were hosting IDPs at the time of assessment. 57% of collective centres assessed were health facilities, 14% schools, 14% kindergartens, with the remainder a mix of different types. 2 different Oblasts were reported as the Oblast of Origin for the majority of IDPs in the centres. The top 2 Oblasts of origin majorities were: Mykolaivska: (11), Khersonska: (3).

\*Kindly note 8/14 assessed collective centers are health facilities which were functional at the time of assessments. The total 1,915 individuals includes 982 hosted IDPs, with the remainder being patients

# 1,915\* individuals hosted in collective centres 2,416 total hosting capacity 57% of collective centres are health facilities 86% of sites - majority of IDPs have no plan to transit to other locations



### MOST URGENT NEEDS

The most urgent needs, as identified by site managers were:

- 1. Site repairs
- 2. Shower and toilet renovation
- 3. Washing and drying machines
- 4. Beds, mattresses and blankets
- 5. Cleaning materials & kitchen appliances

### **VULNERABILITIES**

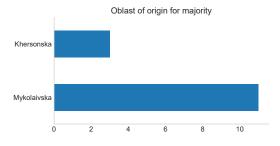


100% of sites reported the presence of at least one vulnerable group in their site. People with disabilities were present in 32% of sites. Unaccompanied elderly persons were present in 30% of sites. Persons with chronic diseases were present in 24% of sites.

### SITE MANAGEMENT



93% of sites are managed by government and 7% by private individuals. 86% of sites have staff present 24 hours per day, with 14% only during the day.



## FOOD PROVISION

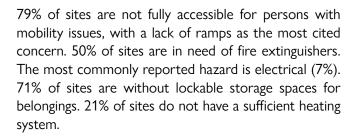


12% 16% 20% 24% 28% 32%

Government is providing food at 93% of sites. 79% of sites do not contain a kitchen. 93% of sites report the need for additional kitchen appliances and furniture.

For more information on the assessment please contact Veronica Costarelli at vcostarelli@iom.int

### SITE ENVIRONMENT



### SHELTER AND NFI



54% of sites reported a need for more mattresses, with approximately a further 321 mattresses required. 46% do not have enough bedding and blankets. 46% of sites reported a need for more beds, with approximately a further 171 beds required.

### **HEALTH**

100% of sites have an active health referral system in place. 100% have health worker visits on a regular basis. 93% of sites have basic medicines available onsite. Psychosocial support is available in 71% of sites.

### **WASH**

Orphaned children

Pregnant or lactating mothers

Persons with chronic diseases

Unaccompanied elderly persons

People with disabilities



Only 14% of sites meet or exceed the standard of 20 persons per toilet. 31% of sites report the need for additional toilets and/or showers. 86% of sites do not have toilets and/or showers equipped for people with physical disabilities. Bottled water is the most common source of drinking water (64%), followed by people drinking from the tap (50%). 43% of sites are not connected to the public sewage network. There is a need for personal hygiene items at 54% of sites. 64% of sites report a need for additional washing machines.

% of sites per vulnerability



