BORESHA

Building Opportunities for Resilience in the Horn of Africa

Phase 1+2: 48 months

Consortium Multi-sectoral

Multi-country
CROSS BORDER & MIRROR PROGRAMMING

STEERING COMMITTEE

INTERVENTION AREA

PMU: daily mgt

TWG: quarterly mtg in the field

TIG: 1 in each country

Security network

Q&AWG

FINANCE WG

COMM. WG
CROSS BORDER & MIRROR PROGRAMMING

Importance of the Policy level
Complexity in cross-border programming
Role of Local administration
Adaptive programming
Use of technology
Shared Natural Resources are more equitably and sustainably managed

- Communities are more resilient and better prepared for shocks
- Individual and Communities are more self reliant through increased skills and opportunities

BORESHA Project Monitoring Unit

- Partner Integration
- Community Integration
- Decision making
- Joint Review
- Activity Coordination
- Planning
- Budgeting
- Security
- Joint Reviews
- Joint Monitoring
- Joint Leaning
- Stakeholder feedback
- Intergrated Reporting
- Community partners
- County partners
- Country Partners
- Demographic profiles
- County Sectors

Natural Resource Management

Disaster Risk Reduction

Business Development & Livelihoods

Technical Programming

Operational Programming

MEAL

Stakeholder & Regional

Shared Natural Resources are more equitably and sustainably managed

- Communities are more resilient and better prepared for shocks
- Individual and Communities are more self reliant through increased skills and opportunities
Individually & communities are more self-reliant through increased skills & opportunities

Shared natural resources are more equitably and sustainably managed

Communities are more resilient and better prepared for shocks

Programme Integration & Collective Approach

Integration should also be part of the design, planning and ToC.

Key roles of the project management unit (PMU) and similar structures

Capacity to tackle an issue with multiple perspective and multiple actions bring out sustainable solutions
LIVELIHOODS APPROACH AS EXAMPLE OF INTEGRATION

Value Chain Analysis / Labor Market Assessment
4 main gaps identified; and informed livelihoods approach

TECHNICAL SKILLS
- Community-based Animal Health Workers / Disease Reporters
- Technical & Vocational Training
- Livestock Common Interest Groups (LCIGs)

BUSINESS SKILLS
- 3 Business Development Skills Centers

FINANCE
- Grant Fund Facility
- Village Savings & Loan Associations (VSLAs)

MARKET INFORMATION AND LINKAGES
- LCIGs supplied with inputs & linked with agrovets & fodder markets
- SMS-based market information platform established

MARKET INFORMATION AND LINKAGES
- Index Based Livestock Insurance (IBLI)
Increase in Number of Livelihood resources being used by the Households

Has your household taken up new livelihood activities?

- Total: 87% Yes, 13% No
- Kenya: 95% Yes, 5% No
- Ethiopia: 77% Yes, 23% No
- Somalia: 83% Yes, 17% No

New livelihood activities taken up:

- Fodder production for own livestock: 81%
- Fodder production for sale: 60%
- Increased Livestock keeping: 44%
- Enhanced Dairy production: 17%
- Beekeeping: 16%
- Poultry farming: 5%

(Chart showing the percentage of households engaging in new livelihood activities, with specific examples of activities and their respective percentages in Kenya, Ethiopia, and Somalia.)
Proportion of Individuals Describing Better Health and Lower Attrition Amongst their Herds

Animal Health after the Intervention

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Country</th>
<th>BETTER</th>
<th>SAME</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Kenya</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td>0%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Ethiopia</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Somalia</td>
<td>87%</td>
<td>13%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

WHY BETTER?

- Vaccination and treatment programmes were effective and key tool in maintaining animal health
- Significant reduction of animal deaths
- Higher chances of survival for younger animals
- Acquisition of practical experience gained by households in management of livestock diseases
- Improved livestock production
- Overall reduction of common animal diseases in the areas
TVET training: skills utilization and benefit

### BENEFITS OF TRAINING

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Benefit</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Kenya</th>
<th>Ethiopia</th>
<th>Somalia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Improved My Income</td>
<td>78%</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>94%</td>
<td>93%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Helped Me Start New Business</td>
<td>47%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Expanded My Business</td>
<td>39%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Help to Support My Household Needs</td>
<td>31%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Linked me with Other People in the Sector</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>7%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Improved My business Management Skills</td>
<td>24%</td>
<td>7%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>6%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Are you still utilizing skills acquired?

- Total: 93%
- Kenya: 94%
- Ethiopia: 94%
- Somalia: 93%

Barriers to utilization of skills included;

- Lack of employment
- Lack of capital
- Limited opportunities to utilize course in current location
- Business challenges caused by Covid-19
### Proportion of Village Savings and Loan Association (VSLA) Members Self Reporting an Increase in Household Income

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>HH income status since joining VSLA</th>
<th>Overall</th>
<th>Kenya</th>
<th>Ethiopia</th>
<th>Somalia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Increased</td>
<td>92%</td>
<td>97%</td>
<td>91%</td>
<td>85%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Decreased</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>2%</td>
<td>2%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stayed the same</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>3%</td>
<td>6%</td>
<td>10%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Don’t know</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>1%</td>
<td>3%</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Average monthly saving

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Average monthly saving</th>
<th>Total</th>
<th>Kenya</th>
<th>Ethiopia</th>
<th>Somalia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Baseline</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>End-line</td>
<td>16</td>
<td>20</td>
<td>17</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Poverty is both cause and effect of conflict and insecurity.
THANK YOU!
Visit our website: https://boreshahoa.org/
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