

FAO Resilience Unit for Eastern Africa

A value chain approach for economic integration and self reliance of refugees and host communities in Eastern Africa

July 13, 2020



## **Partnership with UNHCR**

The New York Declaration on Refugees and Migrants with Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework (CRRF) & the global compact on refugees (GCR)







# UNHCR-FAO MOU & 2019 joint workplan:

- Coherent livelihood support
- FS & resilience info & analysis
- Nutrition sensitive quick impact
- Self-reliance through value chains
- Sustainability of natural resource use
- Safe access to energy

## FAOs history in response to forced migration



# FAO RESPONSE TO FORCED MIGRATION\* IN EAST AFRICA REGION 2012-2017

60

#### **Projects implemented since 2012**

In partnership with NGOs, GVT, UN sister agencies

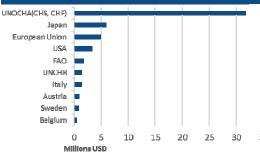
\$54 m

received since 2012 = \$9 M/year

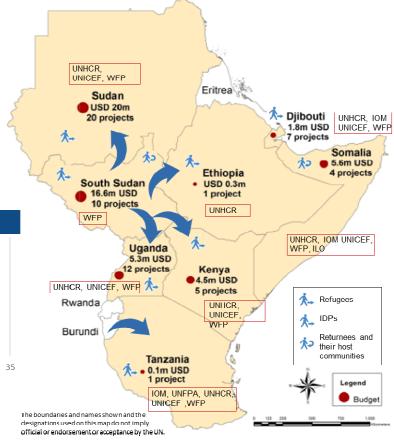
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\$9 = 1 beneficiary reached

#### Top 10 donors 2012-2017 to date



Most Frequent INGO Partnership: Danish Refugee Council, COOPI, Vétérinaires Sans Frontières





1,000,000

average beneficiaries\* reached per year with:



Agricultural inputs/kits/tools



Livestock and small animals production



Fishing Kits



Cash Based Interventions



Training on best farming practices and animal husbandry



Rehabilitation of water structures



Animal Health Interventions



Provision of fuel efficient stoves

#### **FAO RESPONSE**

- Increased production and productivity of crops and animals among refugees and host community households
- Increased protection of livestock through animal health support and feed provision
- · Increased Income generating activities for refugees
- SAFE: Safe access to fuel and energy is ensured
- Improved food and nutrition security of refugees, IDPs and host communities
- Better access to water through water harvesting structures for refugees host communities and livestock
- Strengthened FSL cluster coordination and access to information by partners.

## Intervention Theory of Change: The Problem

<u>Problem statement</u>: Reliance on traditional rain-fed, subsistence agriculture with key market failings to link rural producers to market opportunities and inadequate service delivery result in refugees and host communities remaining food, nutrition and income insecure

#### Relationships

- Producers do not support one another
- Producer groups not registered
- Limited engagement with local authorities
- Gender barriers to equitable engagement
- Poor linkages & trust between producers, agro-input dealers & private sector
- Poorly developed networks
- Refugees not integrated in local economies

#### Capacities

- Limited capacity in improved production practices & technologies & business approaches
- Capacity gaps of extension agents
- Poor market awareness (all actors)
- Poor capacity on food standards (producers)
- Poor knowledge of production volume & local producers (buyers)
- Limited knowledge on refugee rights (local authorities and private sector)

#### Resources

- Public extension services have funding and staffing gaps
- Poor access to quality agriculture inputs
- Limited access to infrastructure & mechanised agricultural tools/equipment
- Lack of market analysis & broader information on market opportunities (all)



## Intervention Theory of Change: The Aim

1. Capacities and skills for market oriented production



2. Value chain built with refugees & host communities

3. Enabling policy environment for agribusiness

Self-reliance of refugees and host communities through economic integration in agricultural value chains

## Intervention Theory of Change: The Solutions - 1

## **Farming skills**

- Training of Facilitators and lead farmers on Good Agric. Practices etc.
- FFS groups establishment and season long training
- Training on cross cutting issues
- Facilitate land access

## **Farmer Organization**

- Farmer Business Schools, marketing skills
- Formation & registration of groups
- Association
- Village savings & Credit
- Linkages with Financial Institutions

1. Capacities and skills for market oriented production

2. Value chain built with refugees & host communities

Enabling policy environment for agribusiness



## Intervention Theory of Change: The Solutions - 2

#### Infrastructure

- Inputs: seed, fertilizer etc.
- Water for production /irrigation
- Learning demonstrations
- Community Seed/seedlings multiplication
- Quality assurance (Aflatoxin testing)

## **Strengthened Value chains**

- Value chain analysis/mapping
- Stakeholder & community engagement
- Contract farming w. INSTA & KadAfrica
- Train on post harvest handling
- Post harvest equipment
- Market linkages: by-products/waste use

1. Capacities and skills for market oriented production

2. Value chain built with refugees & host communities

environment for agribusiness







## Intervention Theory of Change: The Solutions - 3

1. Capacities and skills for market oriented production

2. Value chain built with refugees & host communities

3. Enabling policy environment for agribusiness



## Evidence and guidance for private/public investments

- Impact documentation (survey/RIMA)
- Document case studies
- Develop policy briefs
- Spread lessons learned

## **Political Buy-in**

- Share lessons in livelihood/refugee platforms
- Value chain platforms
- Advocacy campaigns
- Engage in dialogue events

# "Safe-bet" private sector partners and a "graduation" approach









# Project development – milestones



Nov 2

18 October 2019 FAO

Project submission
project 2019 Project

20 Nov 2019-Feb 2020,

G-nut trials
in Turkana
in Turkana
Approval by IKEA-F

project signature 26 May 2020

Dec 2018 joint field visit to UNHCR, INSTA & IFC UNHCR, IFC, INSTA UNHCR, IFC, INSTA UNHCR, IFC, INSTA UNHCR, IFC, INSTA









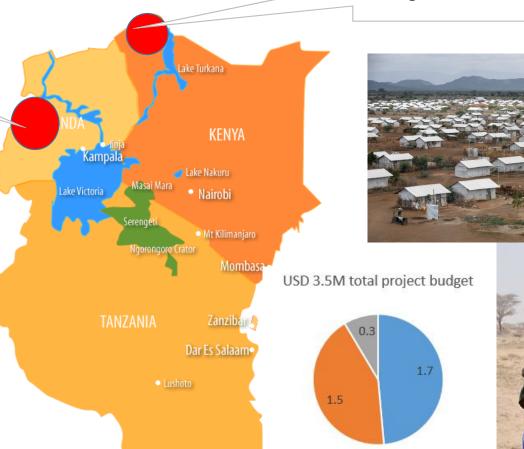
Geographical scope

TURKANA, **KENYA**Refugee & Host communities









Uganda

Kenya

■ Regional

## **Community mobilization** and capacity building farm to market Agronomy, links with research and MOA, management at field

level

#### **Secure Market Outlets**

Contract Farming, input credit, advisory, infrastructure investments

## The PARTNERSHIP!



#### **Boost Private sector**

Private sector investments, Irrigation, farm mechanization etc.

## Access & support in refugee contexts

Negotiation of land refugee-host alliance Beneficiary selection, Youth employment, coordination, monitoring

Aggregation

Market

Production Input supply

**Processing**