In light of the spread of Coronavirus in Central America and Mexico, MIRPS countries adapted their responses to refugees to address the crisis. Among best practices are:

- **Guaranteed medical assistance** to people of concern under the same conditions as nationals.
- Availability of **call centers** to receive consultations and manage appointments.
- **Extension** of asylum seeker **cards and work permits**.
- **Reception of requests** for new permits, certifications and travel documents via **e-mail**.
- **Suspension of deadlines** to present a recourse or report incidents.
- Refugees maintain their migratory **status** when returning to the country.
- **Inclusion** of people of concern within **social assistance initiatives**.
- Coordination with shelters to guarantee **continuity of services and assistance**.
## IMPLEMENTATION OF NATIONAL RESPONSE PLANS

### BELIZE

- **Development of a standard procedure** to identify and refer asylum seekers. This procedure is expected to be operational within relevant ministries and departments.
- **Expansion of the community volunteer network** that supports the identification of needs and the promotion of solutions within host communities. The volunteers are equipped with the relevant information to provide a bridge between asylum seekers and service providers.
- The Human Rights Commission of Belize joined the MIRPS, and assumed the responsibility of **providing legal services to asylum seekers**. In the effort to provide One-Stop-Shop access to services, the Commission is sharing premises with the local NGO Help for Progress.

### COSTA RICA

- Inclusion of refugees and asylum seekers with serious health conditions and in a vulnerable economic situation within the **national health system**. A total of **1,136 people now have medical insurance provided by the Costa Rican Social Security System**, which is expected to increase to 6,000 by the end of the year.
- **Approval of a Special Law for the Comprehensive Response to Internal Forced Displacement**. With this Law, a National Comprehensive Attention and Protection System has been created, taking into account the Guiding Principles on Internal Displacement.
- Commencement of the Pro-tempore Presidency period and development of the annual national plan. During 2020, El Salvador will **lead political dialogue and facilitate dialogue between MIRPS countries** with regards to protection, humanitarian assistance, the asylum system, and durable solutions, while encouraging greater collaboration with the civil society, private sector and other stakeholders.

### EL SALVADOR

### GUATEMALA

- **Signature of an agreement** between the United Nations System, the Ministry of Foreign Affairs and the Guatemalan Migration Institute to create a roundtable on refugee and migration issues. This will facilitate **greater coordination among institutions**.
- Opening of a Peace and Solidarity Park with the aim of **promoting safe public spaces and peaceful coexistence between refugees and local communities** in San Benito, Peten. This project, planned and built with the support of UNHCR and 16 Development Community Councils (COCODES in Spanish) benefits nearly 35,000 people.

### HONDURAS

- **Unification of training processes** led by the General Directorate for the Protection of Honduran Migrants, in coordination with NRC, ICRC and UNHCR, for CAMR personnel.
- **Beginning of the process to review the current Protocol for the attention of returnees with protection needs** implemented at CAMRs.

### MEXICO

- **Presentation of the law project on Internal Forced Displacement** afore the Deputy Chamber, to begin the drafting of the law. This will facilitate the design of public policies to prevent, assist and establish access to durable solutions for internally displaced people. Civil society organizations and the United Nations have reviewed and presented their comments in line with international standards.
- **Local issuance** of the Unique Population Registry (CURP in Spanish) in the Nuevo Leon State, delivering documents to asylum seekers at the beginning of the process with COMAR. It was requested that refugees and asylum seekers be **exempt from presenting documents** required to access health, education and employment services.

### PANAMA

- A mission took place to **verify the documentation of recognized refugees** who reside in areas difficult to access in the Darien Province and the Guna Yala Region, to renew the documents of 150 people by the National Refugee Agency (ONPAR in Spanish) and the National Service for Migration and Civil Registration.
- **Participation of asylum seeker and refugee women in the Entrepreneur Channel Programme** of the City of Knowledge Foundation, for the development of training and mentorships.
During the second virtual meeting held in the first quarter, members of the technical teams of the seven MIRPS States met to discuss the response to COVID19, in line with international standards for the protection of internally displaced people and refugees. MIRPS countries shared the measures they were implementing to support displaced communities (see page one).

In view of the potential setbacks to the Presidency’s work plan due to the pandemic, coordination modalities have been established to allow for the implementation of priorities, including those related to internal forced displacement, cities of solidarity and the private sector.
Belize, Costa Rica, Guatemala, Honduras, Mexico and Panama adopted the San Pedro Sula Declaration in 2017, and agreed to jointly implement the Comprehensive Regional Protection and Solutions Framework (MIRPS). El Salvador joined this initiative in 2019. The MIRPS is a concrete application of the Global Compact on Refugees, which encourages regional cooperation among countries of origin, transit and destination for a greater responsibility sharing in matters of prevention, protection and durable solutions.

It also entails a participatory approach by directly involving people with protection needs and populations impacted by violence and persecution. On the other hand, it integrates regional and international organizations, as well as cooperating States (Argentina, Brazil, Canada, Colombia, Spain, Switzerland, the Unites States of America, and Uruguay), which are committed to the humanitarian and development agenda.

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