

# Healthcare Access and Utilization Survey 2018

Presented By

Dajani Consulting

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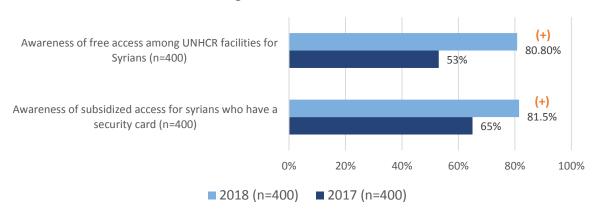


# Syrian Refugees Report

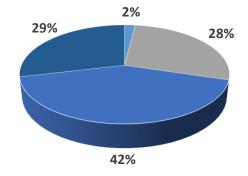


### Health services awareness and cost

#### Knowledge of available health services



#### Impact of healthcare costs increase on Syrian refugees households

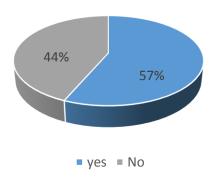


- Not able to visit doctor or hospital when needed
- Not able to afford required medication

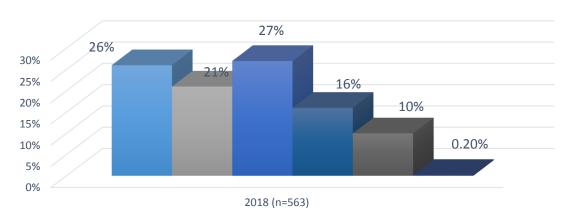
No impact

■ Not able to afford required other medical procedure (e.g. investigation, devices, consumables) ■ Reducing number of visit to health care providers

#### Increase in health care costs over last 6 months



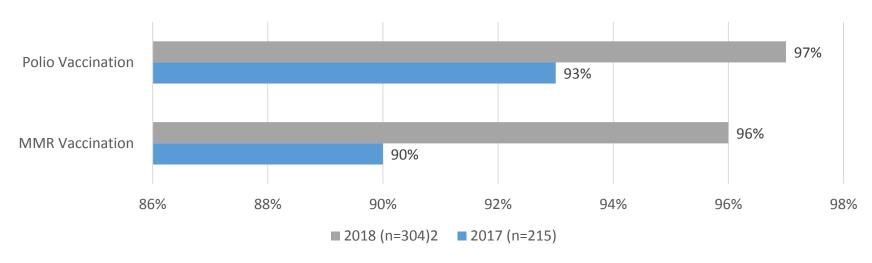
#### Adaptation strategies to the increase in health care costs



- No coping strategy adopted
- Spent saving or Borrow money
- Sought for NGO free services
- Reduce or stop medication use
- Other



## **Child Vaccination**



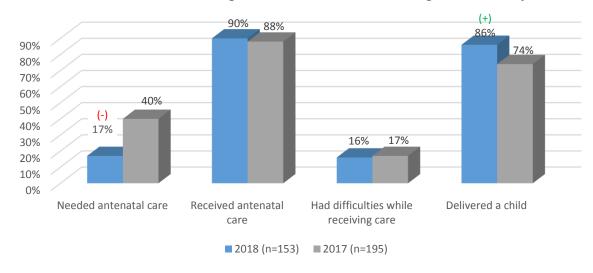
Access to vaccination - Household that have children ≤ 5 years

Child vaccination indicator	2018 (n=304)	2017 (n=215)
% that had a vaccination card	97%	90%
% that faced difficulties obtaining vaccine	0%	1%
% that received vaccine at Jordanian government primary health care center	96%	95%
% that received vaccine before coming to Jordan (in Syria)	2%	2%
% that received vaccine at a mobile medical unit in Jordan	2%	2%

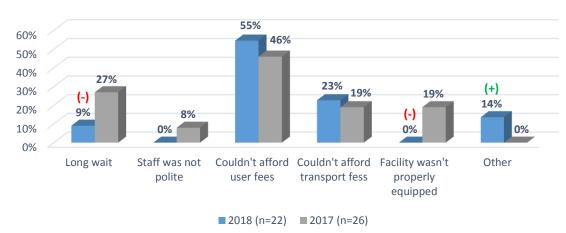


### **Antenatal Care**

#### Access to Antenatal care - Pregnant females in Jordan during the last two years



#### Difficulties occured while receiving antenatal care

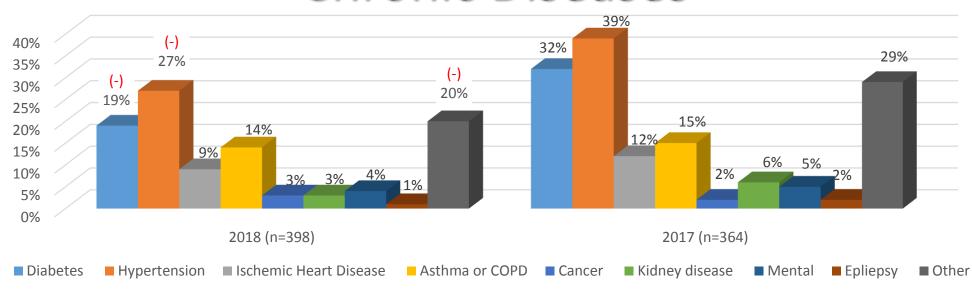


Type of delivery	2018 (n=132)	2017 (n=195)
Vaginal	69%	67%
Vaginal assisted	2%	0%
Caesarean section	29%	33%
Don't know	1%	0%

Place of delivery	2018 (n=132)	2017 (n=141)
Private Clinic/ Hospital	46%	43%
Government Hospital	48%	53%
Don't know	6%	0%



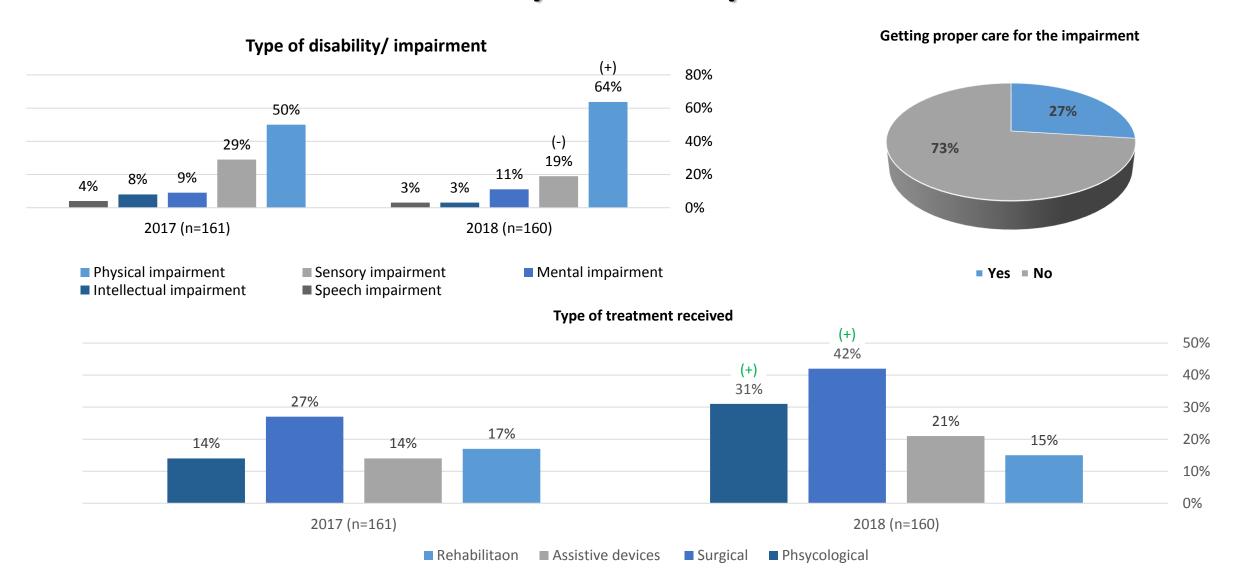
### **Chronic Diseases**



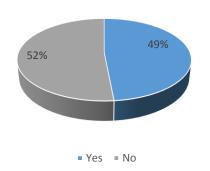
Chronic diseases indicator	2018 (n=319)	2017 (n=400)
% of households members with a chronic condition	15%	2%
% of adults with chronic conditions who weren't able to access medicine or other health services	48%	42%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medicine	52%	76%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medical service	49%	80%
% of service unavailable in local facility	17%	14%
% of those who didn't know where to access care	10%	9%



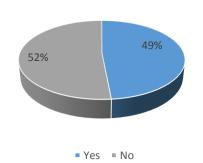
# Disability and Impairment



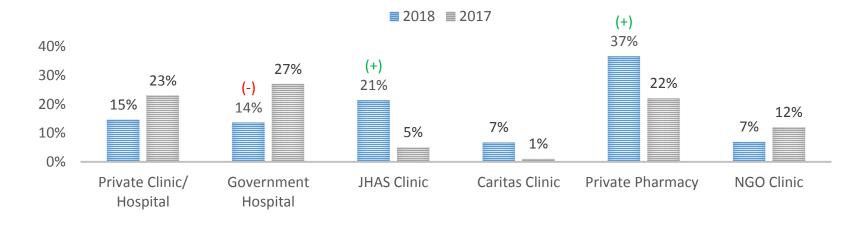
### Needed access to health care services in the past month 2017



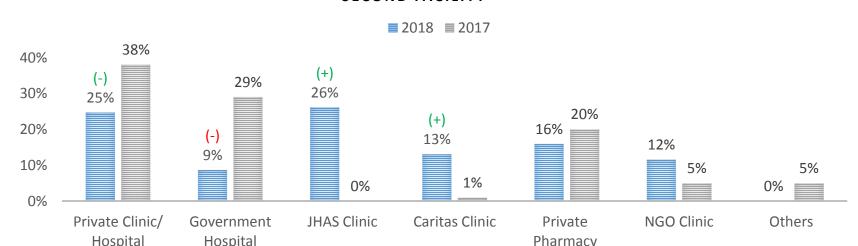
### Needed access to health care services in the past month 2018



#### FIRST FACILITY

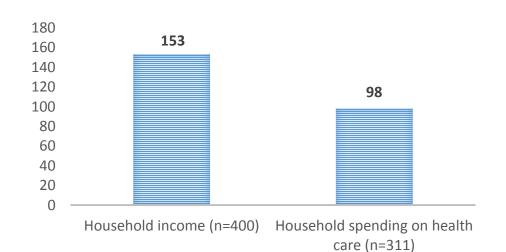


#### SECOND FACILITY

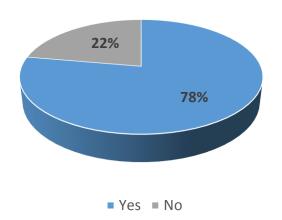




Monthly household assessment summary	2018 (n=400)	2017 (n=400)
% of surveyed household members who needed health care in preceding month	49%	37%
% of those who were able to receive care in first health facility	94%	91%
% of those initially seeking care in a private clinic or hospital	15%	23%
Average cost for care in first facility	47 JD	30.5 JD
Average cost for care in second facility	71 JD	



Household spending on health care in the last 1 month



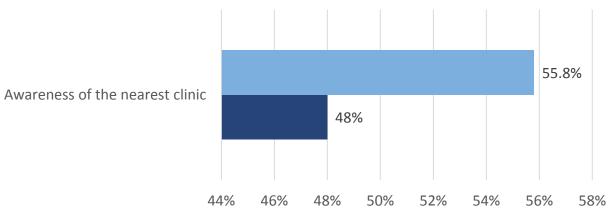


# Iraqi Refugees Report

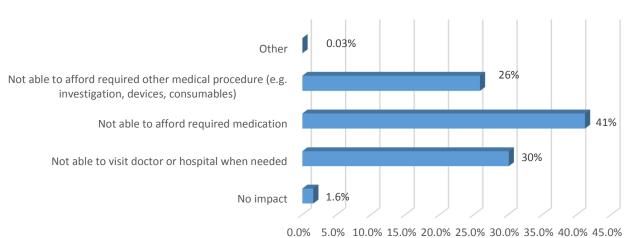


### Health services awareness and cost

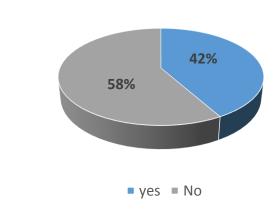
#### Knowledge of available health services - All respondents



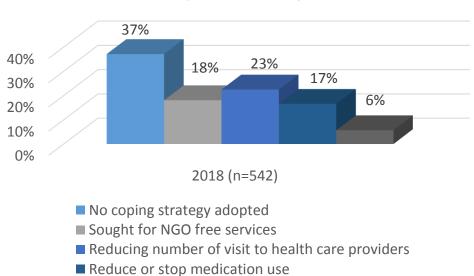
#### Impact of Healthcare costs increase



#### Increase in health care costs over last 6 months

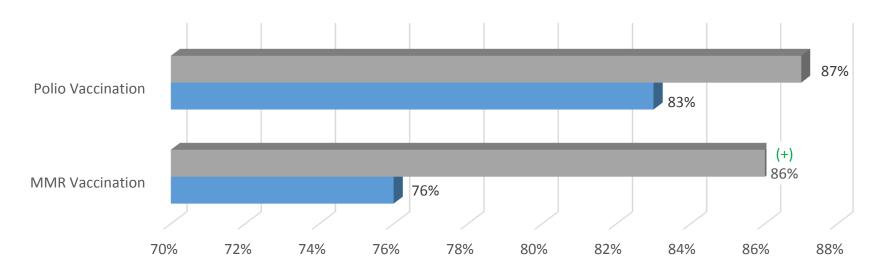


#### **Adaptation strategies**





### **Child Vaccination**



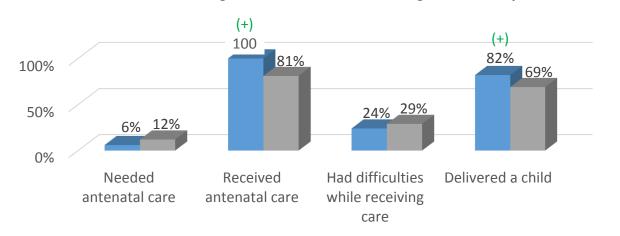
Access to vaccination - Household that have children ≤ 5 years

Child Vaccination Indicator	2018 (n=85)	2017 (n=63)
% that had a vaccination card	86%	67%
% that faced difficulties obtaining vaccine	0%	6%
% that received MMR vaccine at Jordanian government primary health care center	75%	67%
% that received polio vaccine at Jordanian government primary health care center	76%	71%
% that received MMR vaccine before coming to Jordan	23%	29%
% that received polio vaccine before coming to Jordan	20%	27%

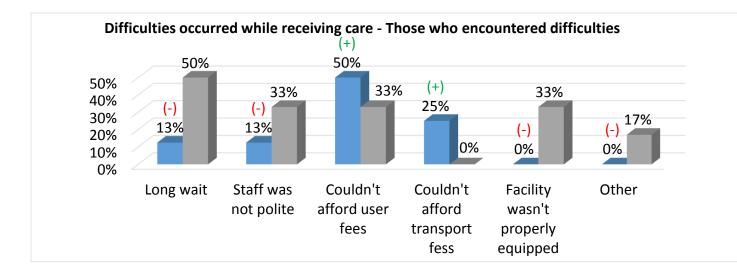


### **Antenatal Care**

#### Access to Antenatal care - Pregnant females in Jordan during the last two years



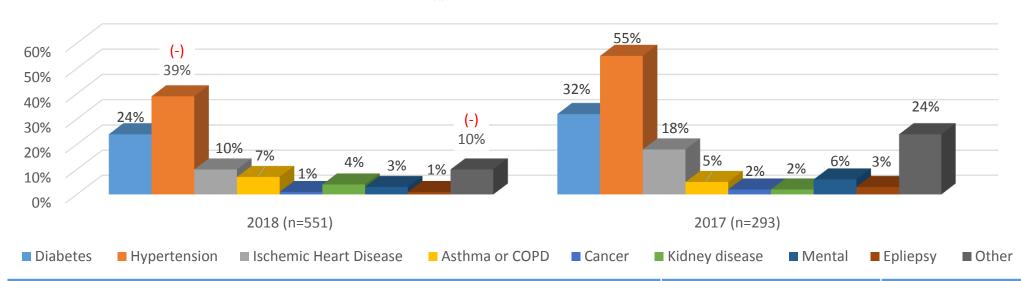
Type of delivery	2018 (n=27)	2017 (n=18)
Vaginal	56%	72%
Caesarean section	44%	28%



Place of delivery	2018 (n=27)	2017 (n=18)
Private Clinic/ Hospital	41%	61%
Government Hospital	48%	33%
Don't know	11%	0%

### **Chronic Diseases**

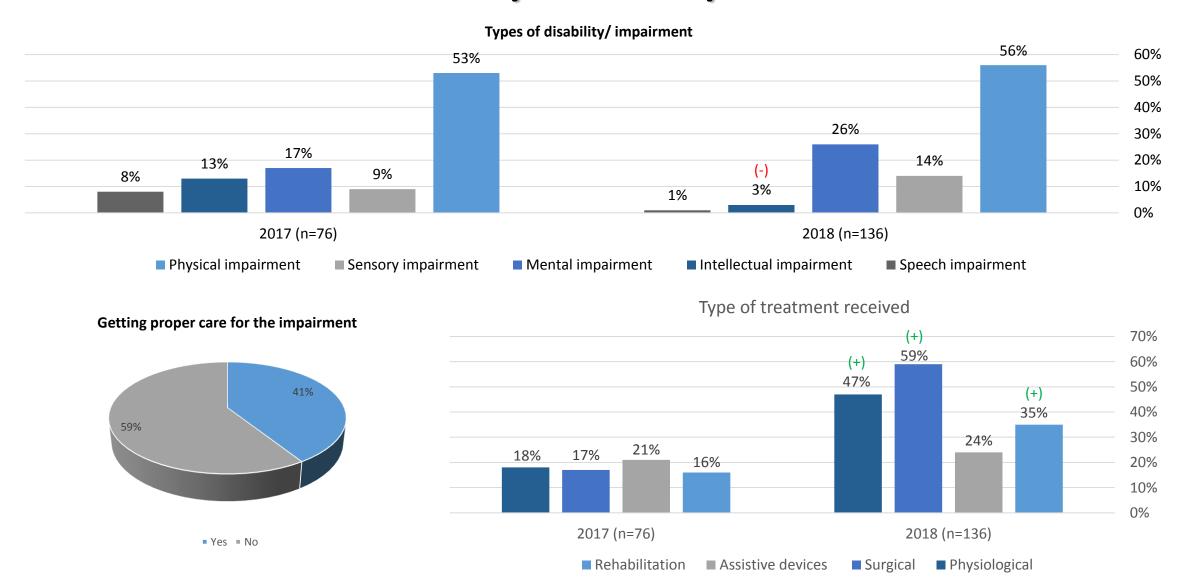
#### Type of chronic disease



Chronic diseases indicator	2018 (n=319)	2017 (n=400)
% of households members with a chronic condition	24%	22%
% of adults with chronic conditions who weren't able to access medicine or other health services	41%	48%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medicine	65%	58%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medical service	60%	67%
% of service unavailable in local facility	17%	18%
% of those who didn't know where to access care	7%	12%

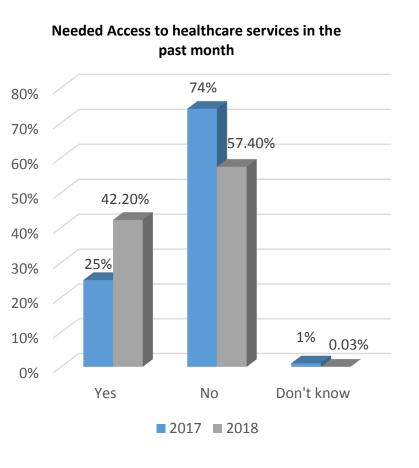


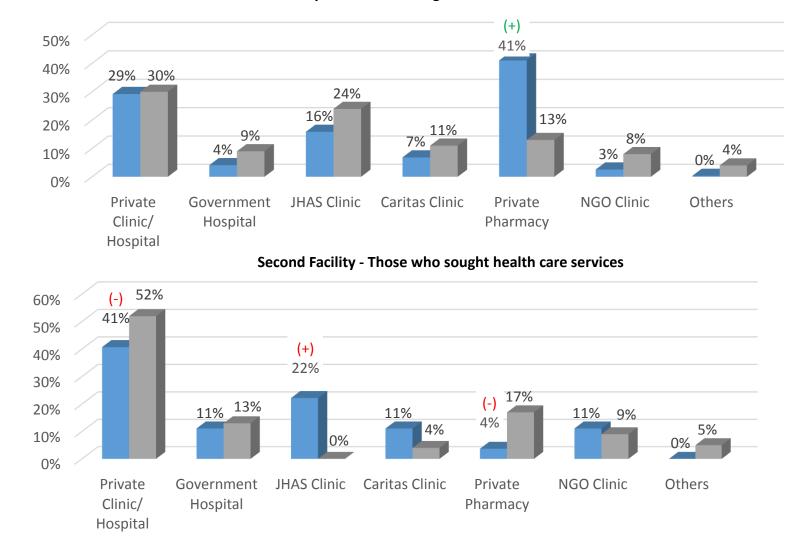
# Disability and Impairment



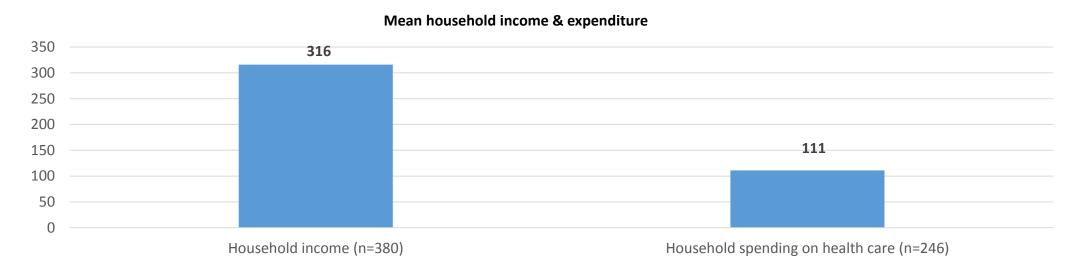


#### First facility - Those who sought health care services





64.7% of interviewed households spent money on healthcare services during the last month.



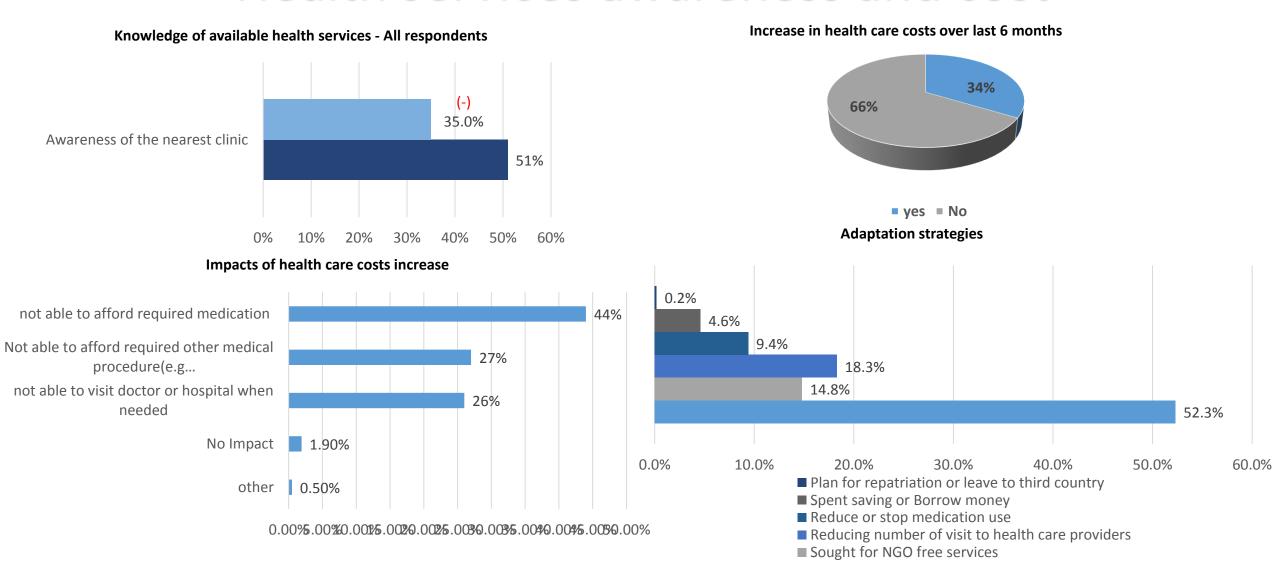
Monthly household assessment summary	2018 (n=380)	2017 (n=302)
% of surveyed household members who needed health care in preceding month	42%	25%
% of those who were able to receive care in first health facility	93%	75%
% of those initially seeking care in a private clinic or hospital	29%	30%
Average cost for care in first facility	44.5 JD	90.5 JD
Average cost for care in second facility	32 JD	



# Other Nationalities Refugees Report

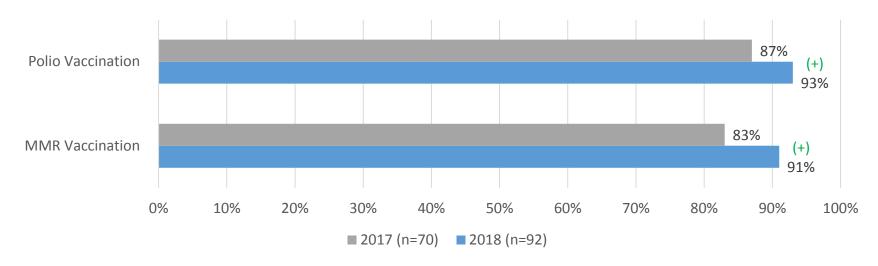


### Health services awareness and cost





### **Child Vaccination**



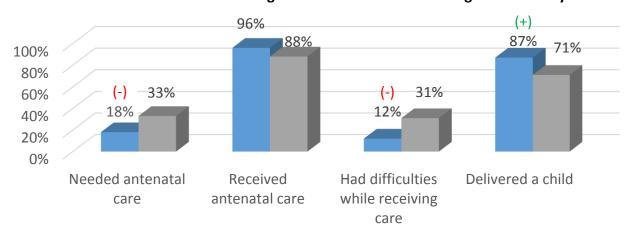
Access to vaccination - Household that have children ≤ 5 years

	2018 (n=92)	2017 (n=70)
% that had an vaccination card	88%	81%
% that faced difficulties obtaining vaccine	0%	4%
% that received MMR vaccine at Jordanian government primary health care center	83%	81%
% that received polio vaccine at Jordanian government primary health care center	85%	84%
% that received MMR vaccine before coming to Jordan	13%	17%
% that received polio vaccine before coming to Jordan	10%	15%



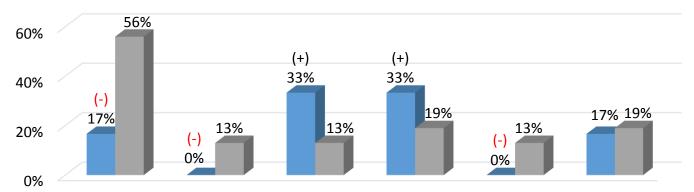
### **Antenatal Care**

#### Access to Antenatal care - Pregnant females in Jordan during the last two years



Type of delivery	2018 (n=45)	2017 (n=42)
Vaginal	60%	64%
Vaginal assisted	0%	0%
Caesarean section	40%	33%
Don't know	0%	0%

#### Difficulties occurred while receiving care - Those who encountered difficulties

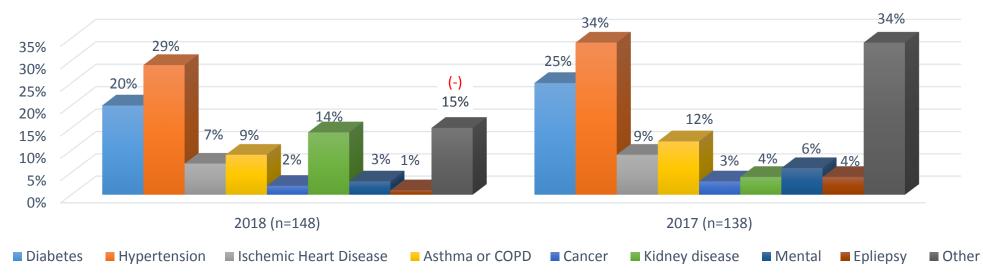


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Place of delivery	2018 (n=45)	2017 (n=42)
Private Clinic/ Hospital	31%	21%
Government Hospital	56%	57%
Home delivery with skilled birth		
attendant	2%	0%
Don't know	11%	19%



### **Chronic Diseases**

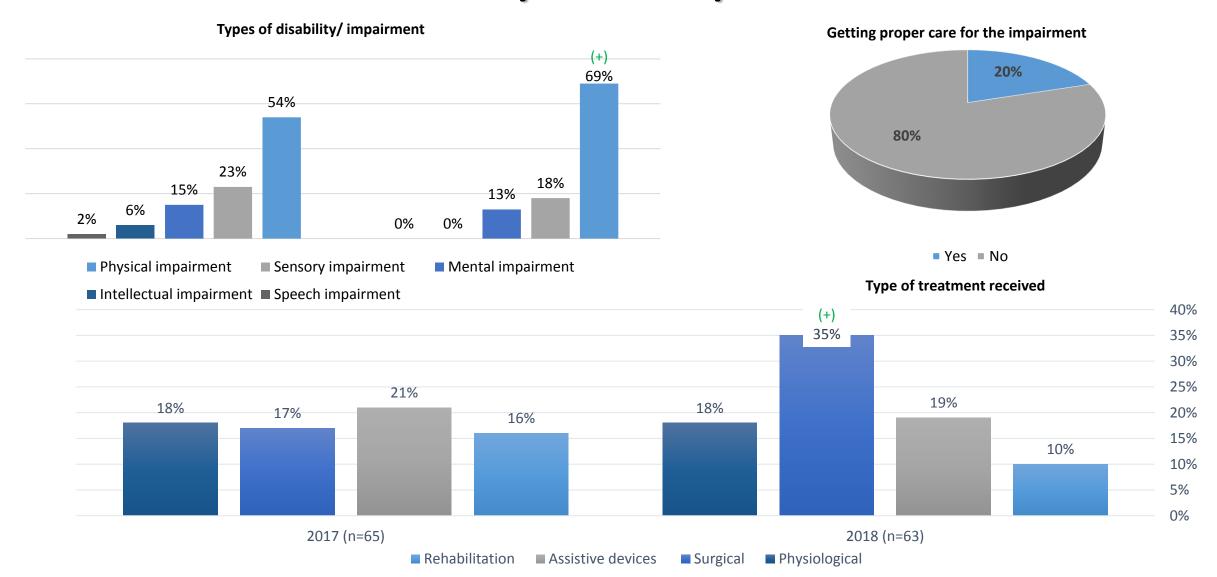


Type of chronic diseases

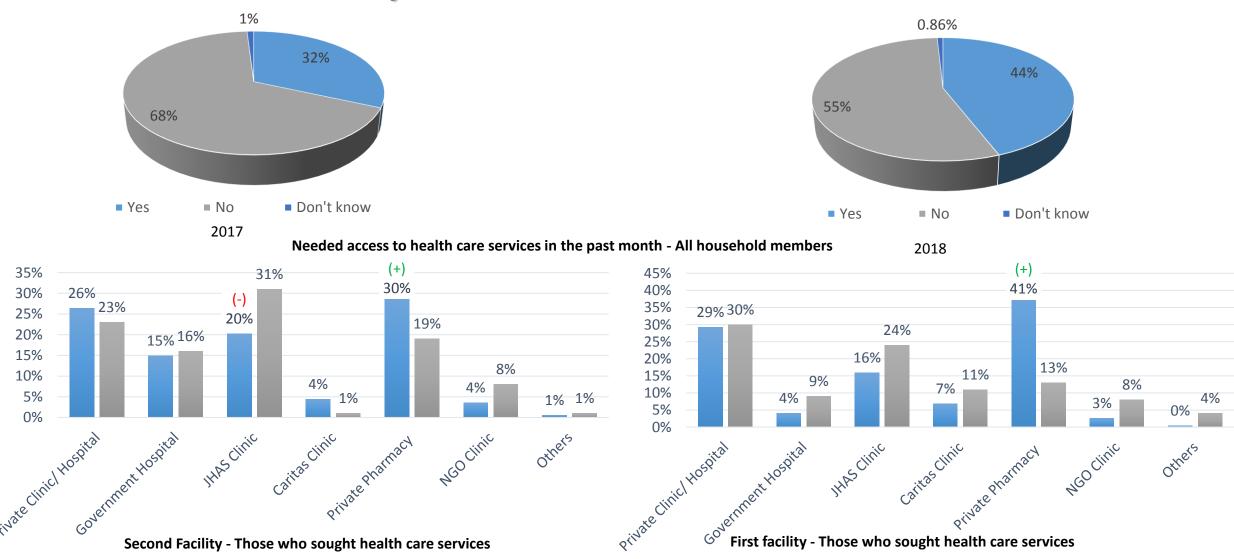
Chronic diseases indicator	2018 (n=380)	2017 (n=314)
% of households members with a chronic condition	12%	44%
% of adults with chronic conditions who weren't able to access medicine or other health services	67%	47%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medicine	61%	67%
% of those who couldn't afford fees of medical service	60%	67%
% of service unavailable in local facility	11%	22%
% of those who didn't know where to access care	6%	9%



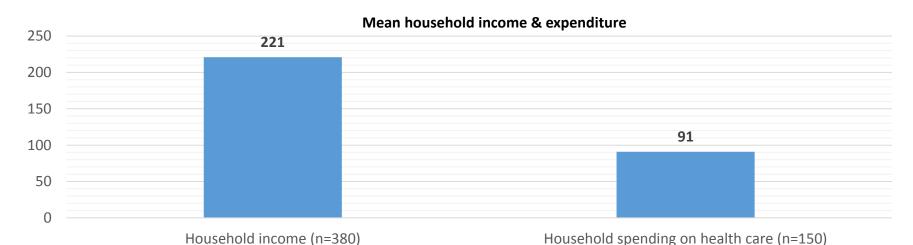
# **Disability and Impairment**







39.5% of interviewed households spent money on health care services during the last month.



Monthly household assessment summary	2018 (n=380)	2017 (n=314)
% of surveyed household members who needed health care in preceding month	44%	36%
% of those who were able to receive care in first health facility	91%	81%
% of those initially seeking care in a private clinic or hospital	26%	28%
Average cost for care in first facility	53 JD	42.8 JD
Average cost for second facility	194 JD	



# THANK YOU