

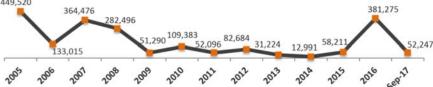
52,247 Facilitated for Voluntary Repatriation Process from April to September, 2017 from Pakistan with 50,827 entitled for cash assistance. The remaining 1,420 have received UNHCR's cash assistance in the past.

Overview of Voluntary Repatriation from Pakistan to Afghanistan

UNHCR facilitates the Voluntary Repatriation of Afghan refugees as part of its mandate to provide durable solutions.

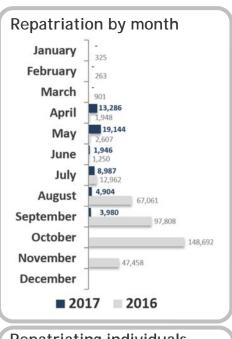
UNHCR Pakistan operates two Voluntary Repatriation Centres (VRC) in Quetta and Peshawar. Families who want to repatriate are de-registered at the VRC and their Proof of Registration (PoR) card is cut in the corner. A PoR card is an identity card for Afghan refugees that grants their temporary legal stay in Pakistan and protection against *refoulement*. Returnees receive a cash grant of approximately 200 USD per family member once they have reached one of the three UNHCR Encashment Centres in Afghanistan. UNHCR facilitated Voluntary Repatriation recommenced on 3 April after a four month winter break.

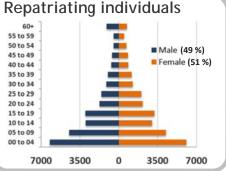
In 2016, a scheduling system for returnee families from VRC Azakhel (Peshawar) was established. All returnee families must now obtain a scheduled date for their return. From April to September 2017, 12,223 families were scheduled for return in KP. However, 10,154 families (83%) presented at the VRCs for their departure to Afghanistan due to number of factors. There is a slight increase (2%) has been observed compared to previous months for the scheduled number of families as the majority have received their modified PoR card during the reporting period and lack of modified PoR cards was hindering return. 449,520



Since 2002, **4,353,418** Afghan refugees have repatriated from Pakistan with UNHCR's assistance (see chart above). The number of refugees repatriating to Afghanistan has fluctuated over the years and has decreased substantially, from around 450,000 in 2005 to 58,211 in 2015. 2016 saw an increase of over 381,275 returns which was the highest recorded number of returns since 2005.

In September 2017, **3,980** refugees (**903** families) repatriated to Afghanistan. The vast majority of returns during the month were from KP (61%), followed by Balochistan (31%) and Punjab (4%) provinces. The returns in September 2017 saw a slight decrease (19%) compared to August 2017, during which 4,904 individuals repatriated. The decrease may be attributed to Ashura celebrations during the month.

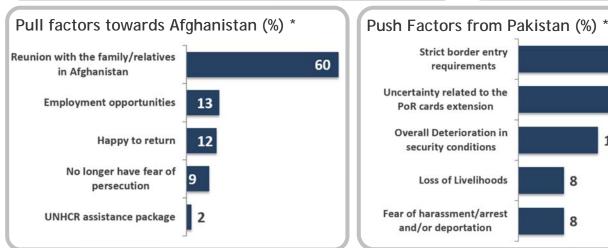




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Exit interviews conducted have been conducted with refugees in the VRCs and data shown in this report is from April to September 2017

The revised Exit Questionnaire was deployed to both VRC Chamkani and VRC Baleli. The new exit questionnaire has also been aligned with UNHCR Afghanistan's new revised EC Monitoring form. The VolRep infographic for May incorporates the revised version of the Exit Questionnaire data collected at the end of the month. Percentages presented above mentioned graphs are extrapolated from Exit Questionnaire database deployed at VRCs.



1%

1%

1%

0%

12%

1%

0%

21%

28%

14%

0%

1%

76%

Visited Afghanistan

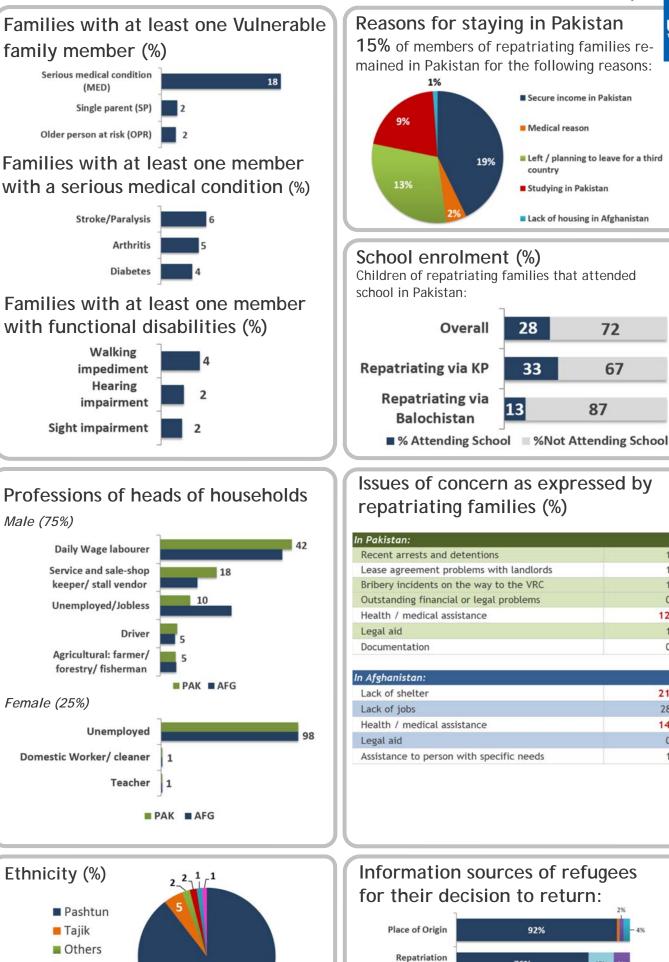
Through Media

Operations

Had no information

From the Afghan Community

Through UNHCR/UNHCR IPs



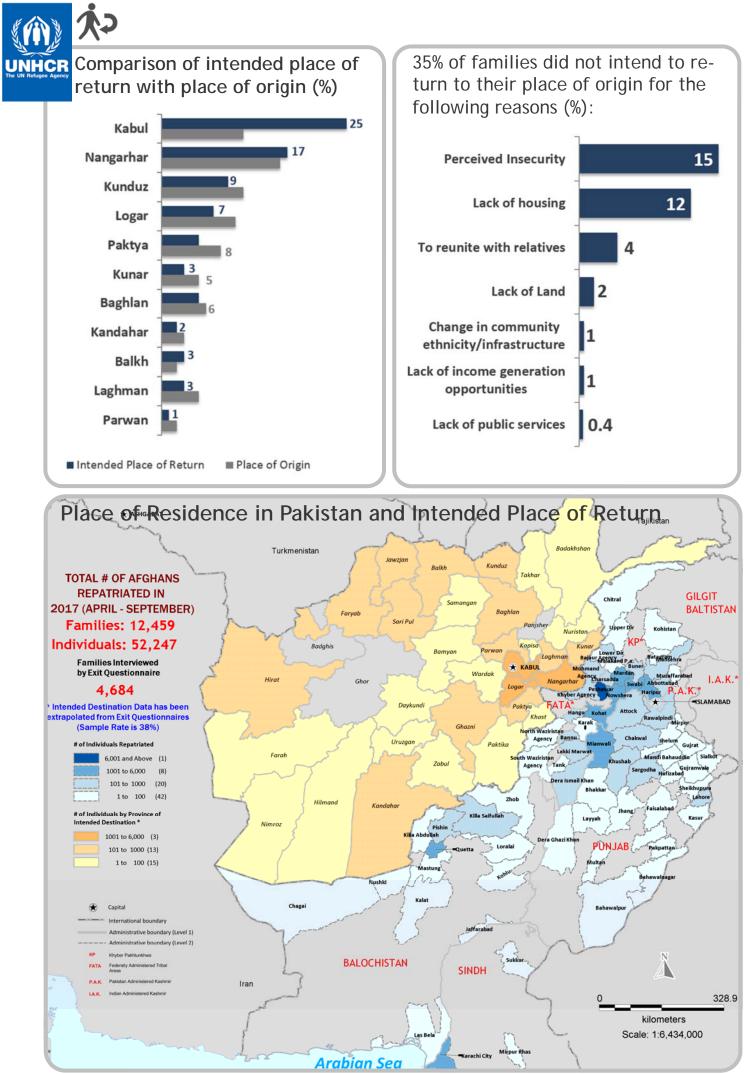
Data Source: Afghan National Registration Database (ANR) - 2017 & Exit Questionnaire Database For feedback : Information Management Unit: Jaber@unhcr.org / Zahoor@unhcr.org More information available on http://www.unhcrpk.org

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Uzbek

Baloch

Turkmen



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