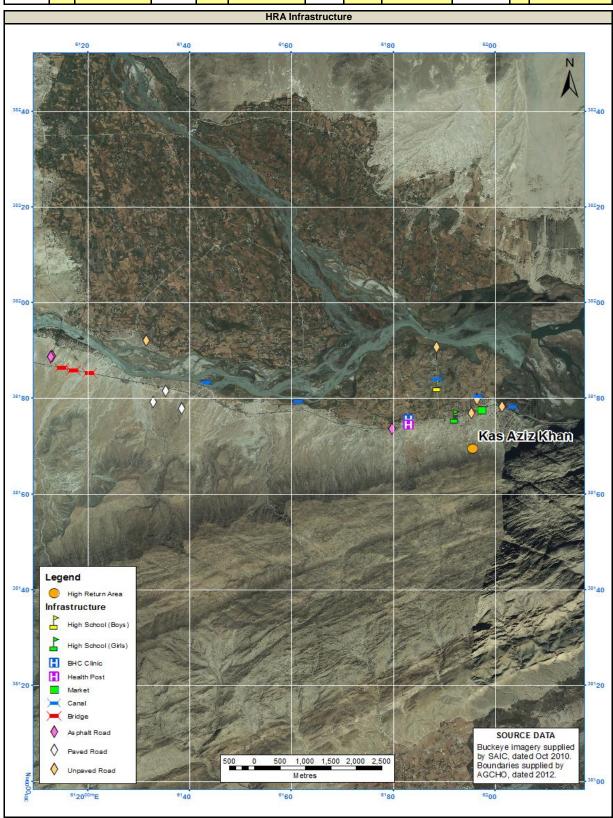






High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	daba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Cod	е			44			Comp	letion Percentaç	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Ε	East







High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	daba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Cod	e			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Ε	East

1. DEMOGRAPHIC AND SOCIAL PROFILE

NB: Figures and values in the profile only represent the population surveyed in household survey, not the total Afghanistan population, unless stated otherwise.

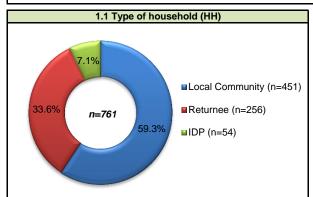
Summary

Tera Bagh is a high return area located 7 km from Gardez City off the main Kabul-Gardez highway. Around 950 families (5,700 people) currently reside in Tera Bagh, of whom the majority (65%) are Pashtun refugees that returned from Pakistan.

Of the 443 households surveyed in Tera Bagh, 158 (36%) were local community households, 147 (33%) were returnee households and 138 (31%) were IDP households. The households encompass a combined total of 5,346 individuals with a gender ratio of 1.1 males for every female.

The average household size was revealed by the survey to be 12.8 persons among the local community, 12.0 persons among IDPs and 11.4 persons among returnees. Children (0-17 years) account for over half the average household size across all three groups with equal numbers of both boys and girls.

The elderly (aged 60+) were found to constitute 3%-4% of the population in all three household types. Approximately 1.5% of the population reported to be widowed, with four times as many widows as widowers.



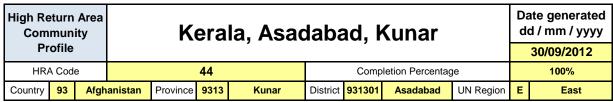
•	1.2 House	ehold siz	e and co	ompositi	on	
Size of	Numbe	r of Hous	seholds	Numbe	er of Indi	viduals
Household	LC	Ret	IDP	LC	Ret	IDP
1 - 3 persons	15	13	3	41	36	8
4 - 6 persons	96	51	12	499	258	57
7 - 9 persons	142	15	1,134	717	122	
10 - 12 pers	109	13	1,180	581	147	
13 - 15 pers	53	31	10	749	439	149
16+ persons	36	18	1	718	360	25
Total	451	256	54	4,321	2,391	508
	Averag	e housel	nold size	9.6	9.3	9.4
Average nui	mber of c)-17)/HH	5.6	5.4	5.4	
Average nu	ımber of e	0.3	0.3	0.4		
		en (0-17)	58.5%	57.6%	57.1%	
		% elde	rlv (60+)	2.8%	2.9%	3.7%

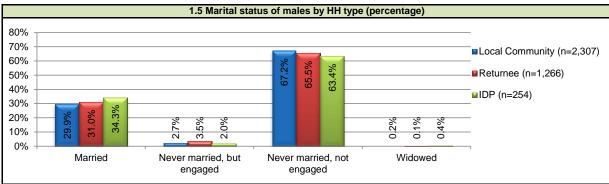
1	.3 Age d	istributio	n by HH	type: Ma	ale	
Male			Total			
Iviale	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	IOlai
LC	392	565	399	882	69	2,307
LO	17.0%	24.5%	17.3%	38.2%	3.0%	100%
Ret	204	303	238	484	37	1,266
Nei	16.1%	23.9%	18.8%	38.2%	2.9%	100%
IDP	47	59	37	100	11	254
IDF	18.5%	23.2%	14.6%	39.4%	4.3%	100%
Total	643	927	674	1,466	117	3,827
TOtal	16.8%	24.2%	17.6%	38.3%	3.1%	100%

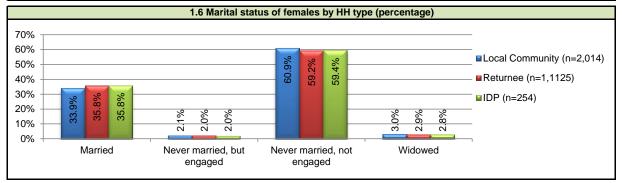
1.4	Age dis	tribution	by HH t	ype: Fen	nale	
Female		А	ge Grou	р		Total
remale	0-4	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	TOTAL
LC	335	465	372	790	52	2,014
LC	16.6%	23.1%	18.5%	39.2%	2.6%	100%
Ret	212	247	173	460	33	1,125
Ket	18.8%	22.0%	15.4%	40.9%	2.9%	100%
IDP	41	51	55	99	8	254
IDF	16.1%	20.1%	21.7%	39.0%	3.1%	100%
Total	588	763	600	1,349	93	3,393
	17.3%	22.5%	17.7%	39.8%	2.7%	100%















High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		de	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Code	9			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan Province 9313 Kunar				District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

2. MIGRATION PROFILE

Summary

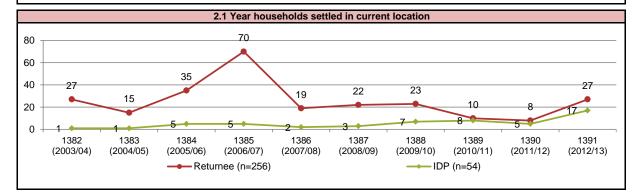
Among the households surveyed, the year 1385 (2006/07) witnessed the largest number of returnee arrivals in HRA with 70 returnee households choosing to settle in Kerala. Also, the year 1391 (2012/13) witnessed the largest number of IDP arrivals with 18 IDP households choosing to settle in HRA. Since 1385 (2006/07), on average, approximately 24 returnee households per year have chosen to settle in the area. Prior to 1391 (2012/13), an average 4 IDP households per year have chosen to settle in Kerala.

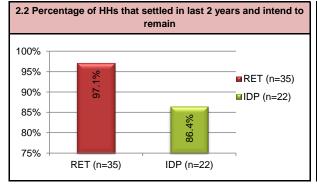
Of returnee and IDP households that have settled in Afghanistan in the last two years, all of returnee and 86.4% of IDP households stated that they did so voluntarily. Of these, 97.1% of returnee and 86.4% of IDP households stated that they intend to remain in the area.

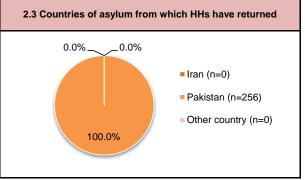
All returnee households had sought asylum in Pakistan (100%) with 96.1% stating that they did so for safety reasons due to conflict. Three-quarters also cited family reasons and nearly three-quarters stated economic reasons. A further, 39.2% of returnee households stated that they sought asylum due to harassment/discrimination.

Among IDP households, 87.0% cited safety reasons due to conflict and three-quarters cited family reasons as the main reasons for having fled their districts of origin. Approximately two-thirds also cited economic reasons and two-quarter stated harassment/discrimination as having influenced their decision to move.

Three-quarters of households stated that legal difficulties and two-fifths cited safety reasons were the main reasons of returning back to Afghanistan. Further, two-quarters stated economic reasons as having influenced their decision to return. A further 37.5% of households returned to Afghanistan because of harassment/discrimination.

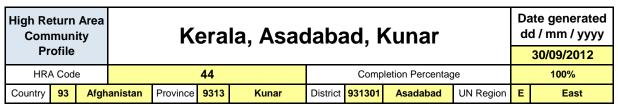


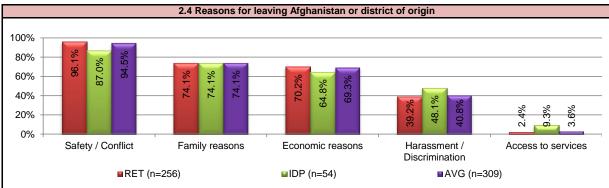


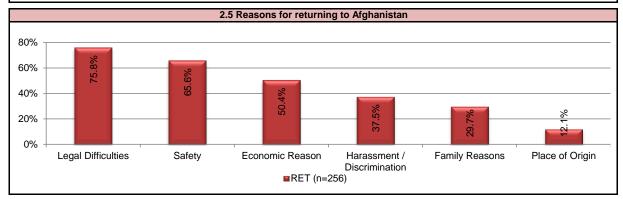


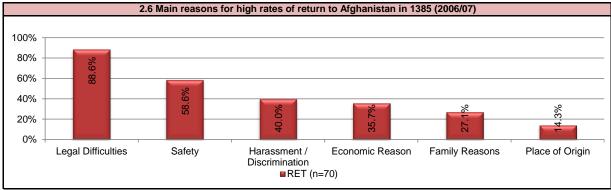


















High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Cod	е			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

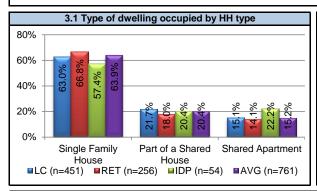
3. HOUSING STATUS PROFILE

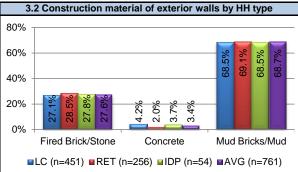
Summary

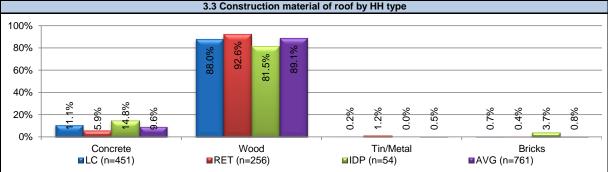
Survey findings reveal that 67% of returnee households, 63% of local community households and 57% of IDP households currently occupy single family homes with remaining households occupying either part of a shared house or a shared apartment. Over two-thirds of all dwellings were reported to be mud-brick or mud constructions with fired brick or stone walls accounting for the majority of the remainder. Over four-fifths of the roofs of all dwellings were reported to be wood constructions.

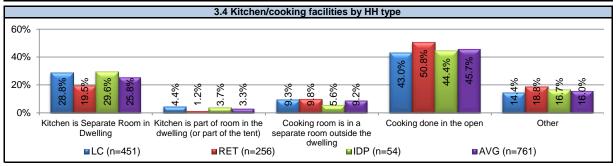
Two-room dwellings were revealed to be the most common dwelling type across all three groups with 41% of returnee households, 38% of local community households and 37% of IDP households residing in such dwellings. Two-room dwellings were the second most common dwelling type among IDP households (24%) and returnee households (21%). Among local community households, approximately one-fifth occupy three-room dwellings and a further one-fifth occupy four-room dwellings.

With regard to cooking facilities, 30% of IDP households, 29% of local community households and 20% of returnee households have a separate kitchen within the home. However, the majority of returnee households (51%), IDP households (44%) and local community households (43%) do their cooking in the open.





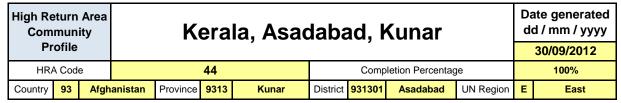


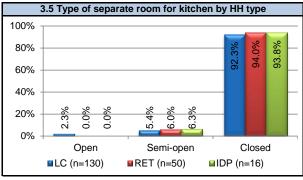


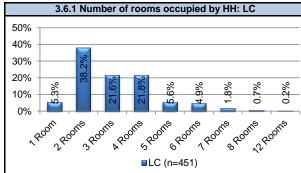


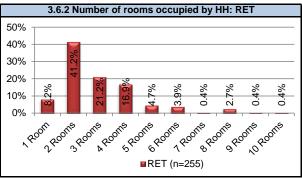


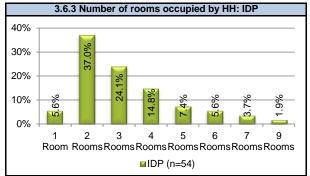
















High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		de	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Code	9			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan Province 9313 Kunar				District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

4. WATER, ELECTRICITY, FUEL AND SANITATION

Summary

Water: Hand pump is the main source of water for 69.8% of local community households, 62.9% of returnee households and 63.0% of IDP households and it is located on average approximately 9 minutes away from both local community and returnee and 7 minutes away from IDP households. Proportionally, less local community households (8.7%) have access to open body of water compared to returnee (22.7%) and IDP households (24.1%). It is located 15 minutes away from local community, 24 minutes away from returnee households and 17 minutes away from IDP households. A further, 10.0% of local community, 7.8% of returnee and 11.1% of IDP households have access to open well. Proportionally more local community households (10.2%) have access to piped water sources compared to returnee households (3.9%).

Electricity: Of the 761 households surveyed, a total of 614 (80.7%) reported to have had access to an electricity supply in the 30 days prior to being surveyed. Electric grid provides electricity for 63.0% of local community households, 43.8% of returnee households and 28.6% of IDP households. Proportionally more IDP households (69.0%) have access to solar power compared to local community households (34.0%) and returnee households (50.3%). Battery and government generator is also used by small numbers of households.

Fuel: During the winter months, firewood is used for cooking by (87%-93%) of all three household types. The remaining households use gas, bushes, twigs/branches and straw and animal dung in different proportions.

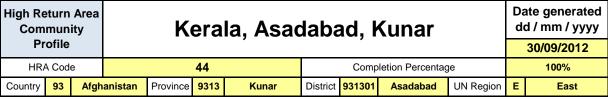
The main source of cooking fuel in past 30 days for local community (56.9%), returnee households (58.8%) and IDP households (70.4%) is firewood. Proportionally, more local community households (37.8%) use bushes (ping), twigs/branches and straw for cooking compared to IDP households (14.8%) and returnee households (29.8%). A further, 3.8% of local community, 6.7% of returnee and 7.4% of IDP households use gas. Animal dung is also used by 1.6% of local community, 4.7% of returnee and 7.4% of IDP households.

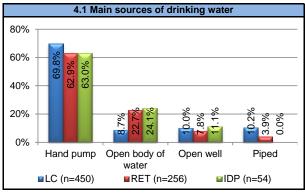
Sanitation: 53.2% of local community, 58.2% of returnee and 42.6% of IDP households have access to a traditional covered latrine. Proportionally, more IDP households (40.7%) use flush latrine compared to local community households (29.5%) and returnee households (15.6%). The other most important types of toilet are open field, bushes or sahrahi and dearan (not pit).

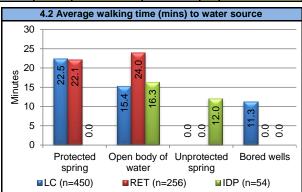
Surveyors took note of whether any garbage or pools of stagnant water were observed in close proximity to the households they interviewed. 60.3% of local community households, 67.6% of returnee households and 75.9% of IDP households didn't have any garbage near their dwellings. A further, 38.1% of local community households, 31.6% of returnee households and 22.2% of IDP households had little garbage near their dwellings. Moreover, less than 2% of all three household types had a lot of garbage near their dwellings. Also, 71.4% of local community households, 81.3% of returnee and 85.2% of IDP households didn't have any stagnant water near their dwellings. A further 27.9% of local community, 18.8% of returnee and 13.0% of IDP households had little stagnant water near their dwellings. Approximately 2% of both local community and returnee households had a lot of stagnant water near their dwellings.

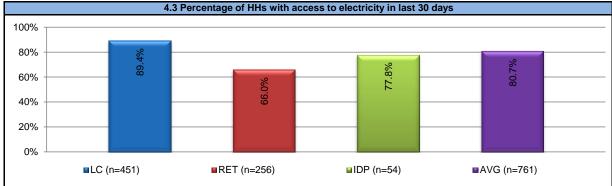


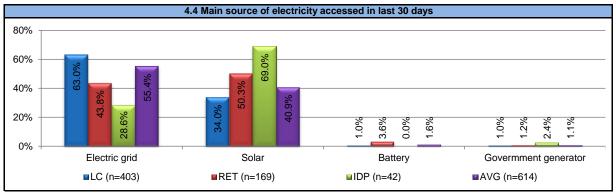


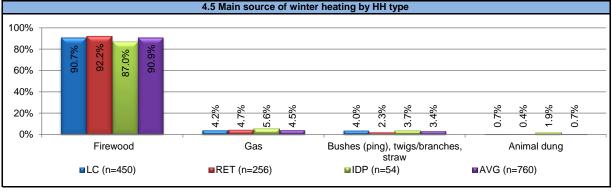








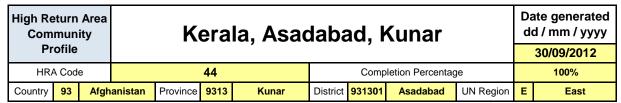


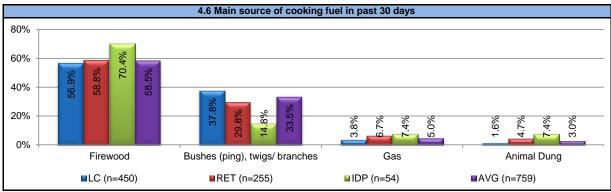


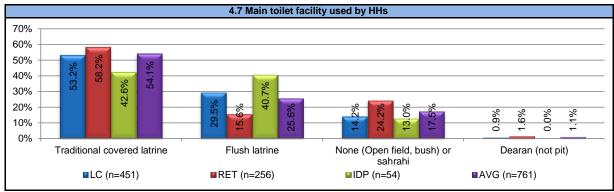


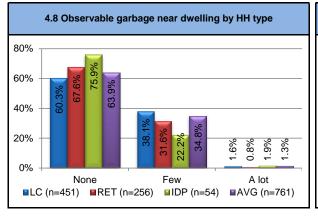


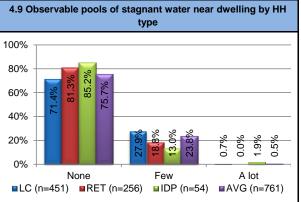
















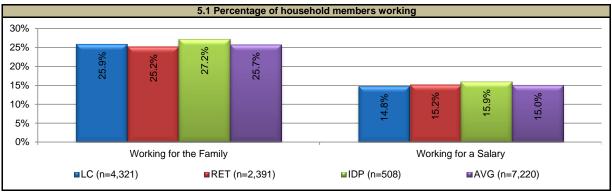
High Return Area Community Profile	1	K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA Code			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country 93 Afg	hanistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	E	East

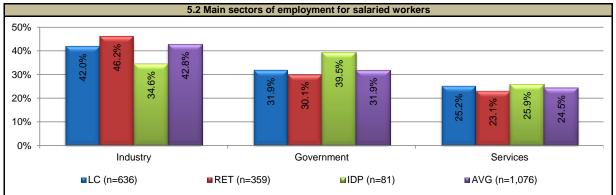
5. LABOUR & LIVELIHOODS

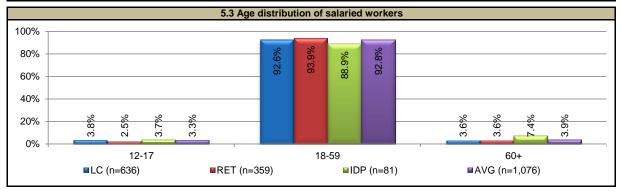
Summary

According to survey findings, 27.2% of IDPs, 25.9% of local community members and 25.2% of returnees are engaged in work for the family, with females accounting for approximately 89.0% in each group. A further 15.9% of IDPs, 15.2% of returnees and 14.8% of local community members reported to be working for a salary, with males accounting for 93.0% or more in each group. Industry represents the main employment sector for 46.2% of salaried returnees and 42.0% of local community members, as well as for 34.6% of salaried IDPs. Proportionally more IDPs (39.5%) work in the government sector than their local community (31.9%) and returnee (30.1%) counterparts. A further 25.9% of IDPs, 25.2% of local community members and 23.1% of returnees reported to be working in the service sector.

Among those aged 12-17 years, 24 local community members, nine returnees and three IDPs reported to be in work.













	High Return A Communit Profile			K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	te generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
	HRA Code	:			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
ĺ	Country 93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

6. HOUSEHOLD INCOME, DEBT, ASSETS AND EXPENDITURES

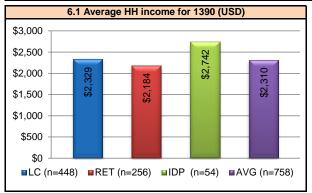
Summary

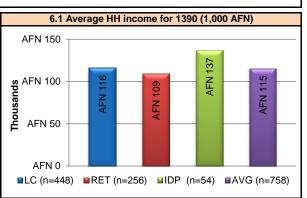
<u>Income</u>: Average household income in 1390 was USD 2,742 among IDP households, USD 2,329 among local community households and USD 2,184 among returnee households. Wage labour was the primary source of income for 54.7% of returnee households and 45.9% of local community households, as well as for 38.9% of IDP households. Proportionally more IDP households (44.4%) derived annual income from government services than did local community (35.0%) and returnee (30.9%) households. The vast majority of remaining households derived their income from either day labour or trade in varying proportions.

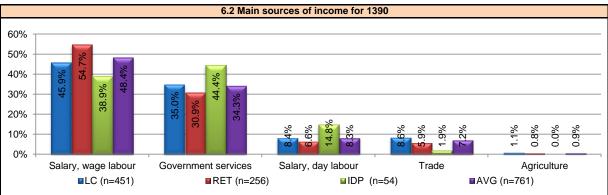
Average household debt was revealed to be USD 1,493 among local community households, USD 1,271 among IDP households and USD 1,183 among returnee households.

Expenditure: Average household expenditure in the month prior to being surveyed was USD 142 among local community households, USD 140 among IDP households and USD 120 among returnee households. Food supplies constituted the bulk (58.0%-64.0%) of monthly household expenditure for all three groups.

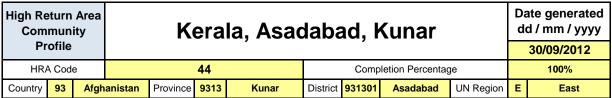
Assets: With regard to ownership of key household assets, 81.5% of IDP households, 73.6% of local community households and 72.3% of returnee households own a stove/gas balloon. A mobile telephone is owned by over 95.0% of households in all three groups. Returnees (71.5%) were more likely to own a radio than local community (60.5%) and IDP (53.7%) households. Local community households were more likely to own a television set, motorcycle, and car, while returnee households were more likely than other households to own a bicycle.

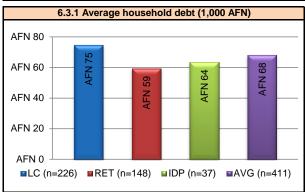


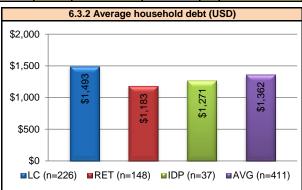


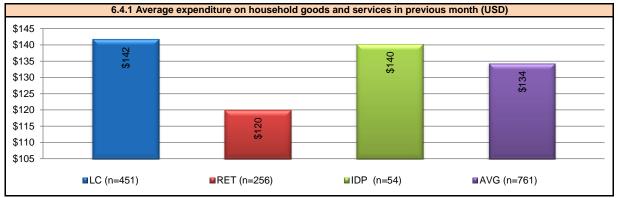


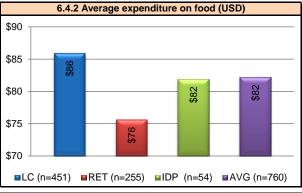


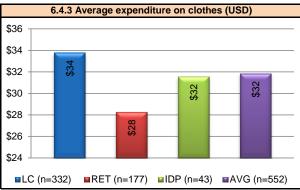


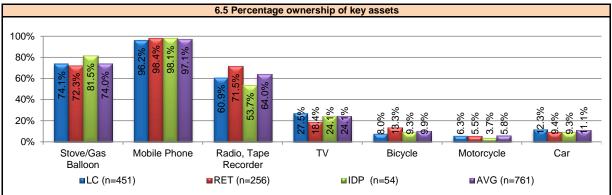
















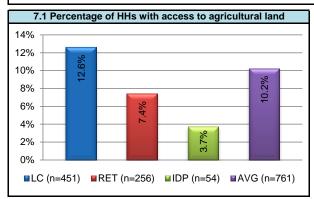
High Return A Communit Profile			K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	te generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
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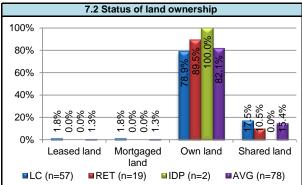
7. AGRICULTURE & LIVESTOCK

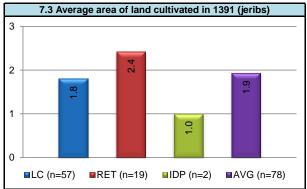
Summary

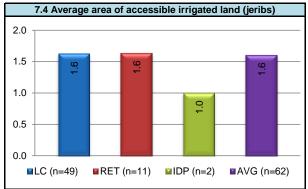
Agriculture: Of surveyed households, only 12.6% of local community households, 7.4% of returnee households and 3.7% of IDP households have access to agricultural land. In 1391, on average, 2.4 jeribs of land were cultivated by returnee households, 1.8 jeribs by local community households and 1.0 jerib by IDP households with access to agricultural land. Main reasons for not cultivating more land were a lack of water, conflict over land or water, and landmines. Wheat was the most important crop for all returnee and IDP households and for 98.2% of local community households. Of 761 households surveyed, only eight local community households and three returnee households have access to a garden plot.

<u>Livestock</u>: Some form of livestock is owned by 52.1% of local community households, 37.5% of returnee households and 22.2% of IDP households. Among households that do, all IDP households and 90.0% or more of local community and returnee households own cows. A larger proportion of returnee households (65.6%) own cattle than do IDP (58.3%) and local community (47.7%) households. Similarly, oxen are owned by proportionally more local community households (40.9%) then returnee (24.0%) and IDP (8.3%) households. IDP households (41.7%) were significantly more likely to own sheep than returnee (17.7%) and local community (16.6%) households. One third or more in all three groups own goats.

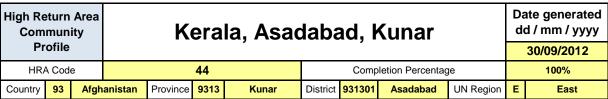


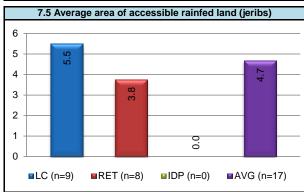


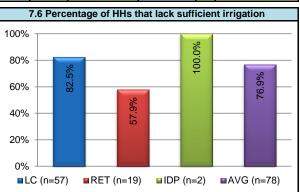


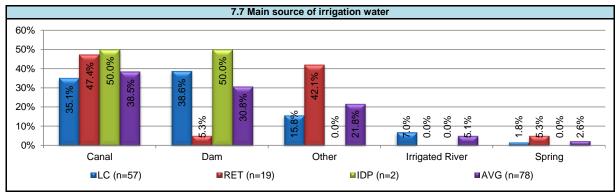


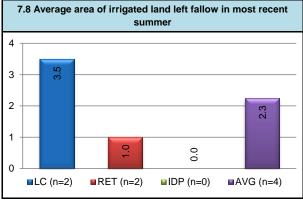


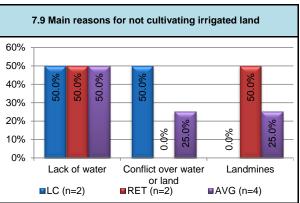


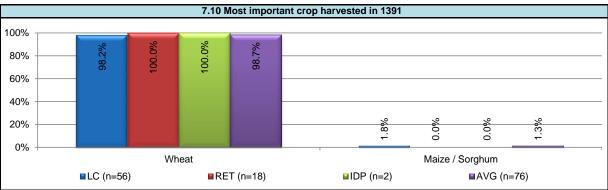






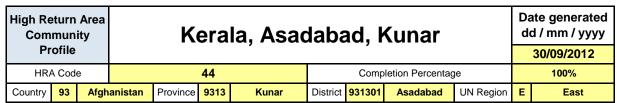


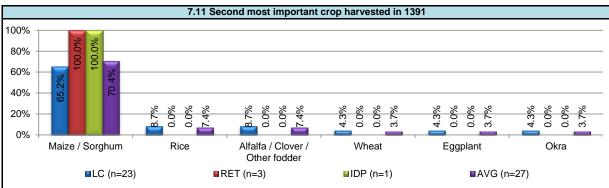


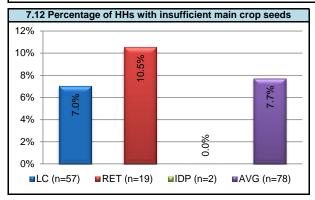


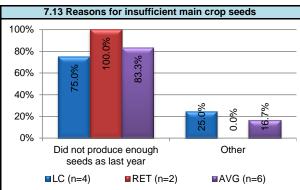


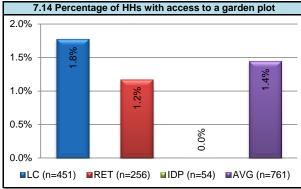


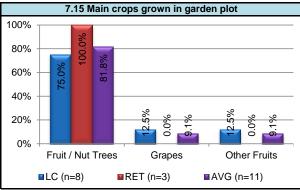


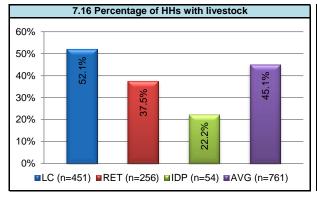


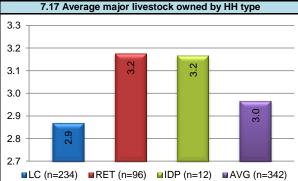








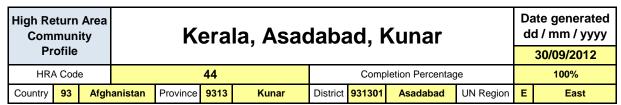


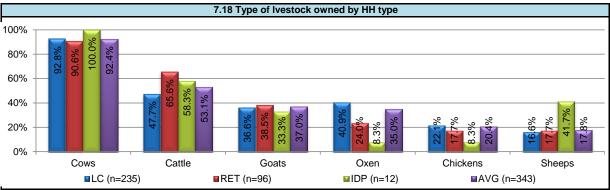


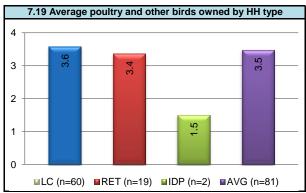
UNOPS

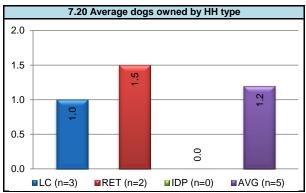








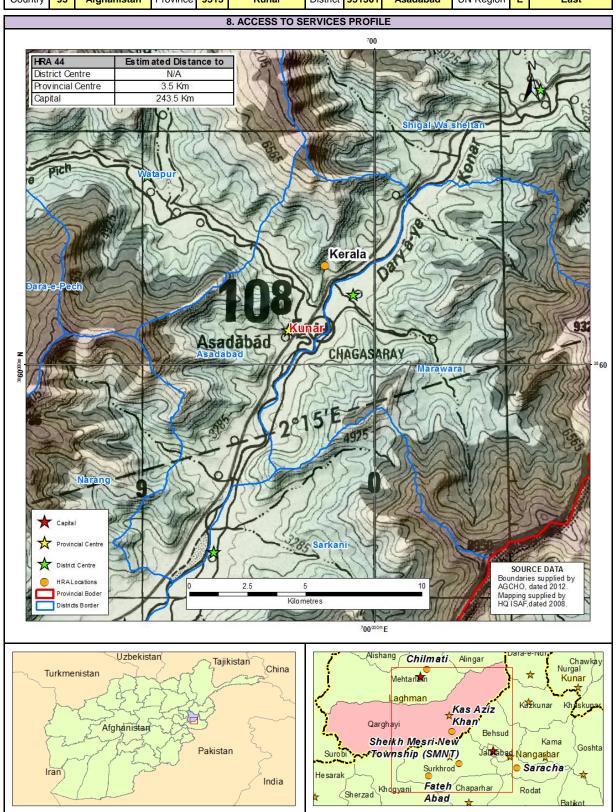








High Re Com				K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	A Code	æ			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	nistan Province 9313 Kunar				931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Ε	East







High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		de	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

8. ACCESS TO SERVICES PROFILE

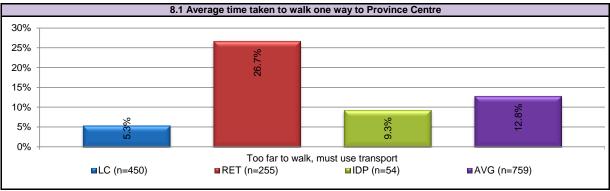
Summary

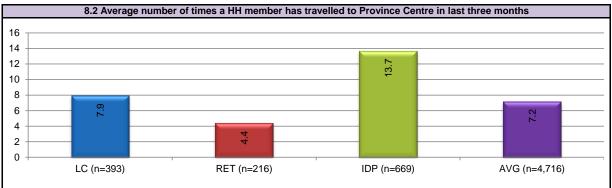
5.3% of local community households, over one-quarter (25.7%) of returnee and 9.3% of IDP households stated that the Provincial Centre is too far to walk to. In the last three months, the main reasons for travelling to the Provincial Centre for all three household types were to purchase goods or services or to work. Moreover, two-thirds of both local community and IDP households and over two-quarters (55.3%) of returnee households stated that the nearest police station is less than 15 minutes away.

(78.0%) of local community households, 62.0% of returnee and 61.1% of IDP households stated that public health centre is 15-60 minutes away. For the vast majority in all three community groups, the nearest private health clinic is 15-60 minutes away and more than one hour away. The nearest hospital is 15-60 minutes away for all household types.

Vast majority of all three household types stated their employment area is 15-60 minutes away. Over 70% of all three household types stated their access to transport is less than 15 minutes away.

The nearest boys' primary school among all three household types is 15-60 minutes away. Furthermore, girls' primary school and boys' secondary school among local community and IDP households was less than 15 minutes away while for returnee households, it is 15-60 minutes away. Among returnee and IDP households, girls' secondary school is 15-60 minutes away while among local community households, it is less than 15 minutes. The nearest high school for boys and girls was 15-60 minutes away.

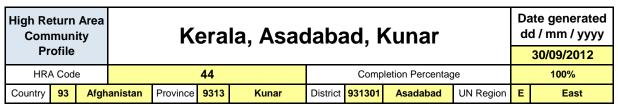


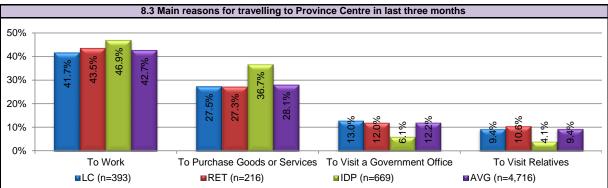


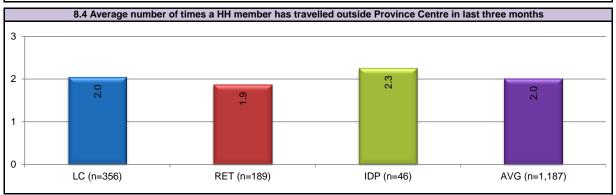


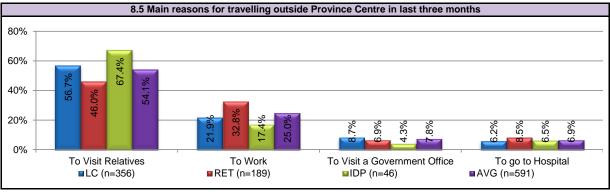


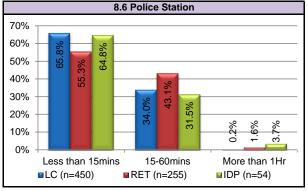


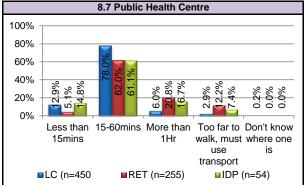




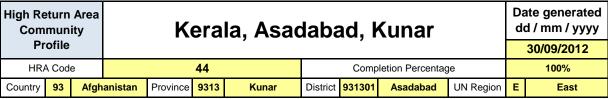


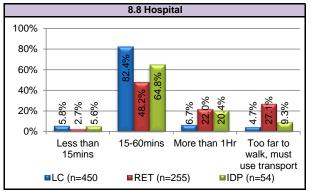


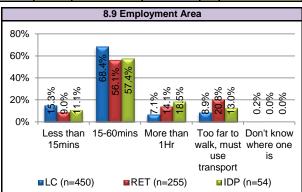


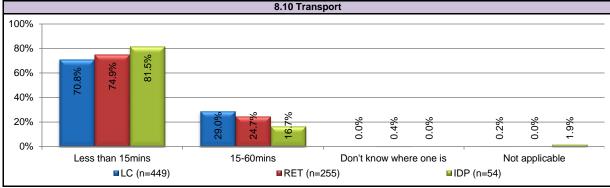


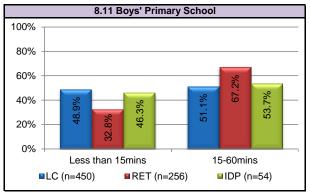


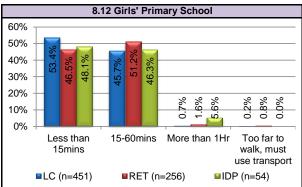


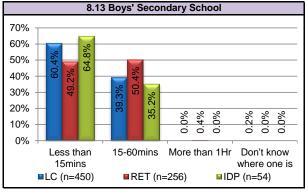


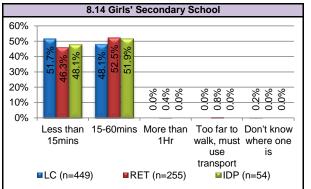






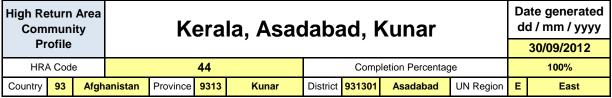


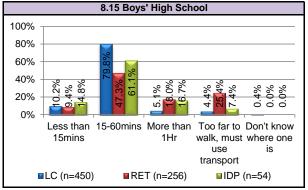


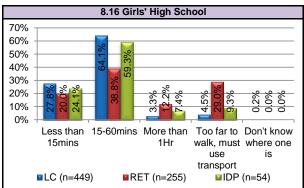


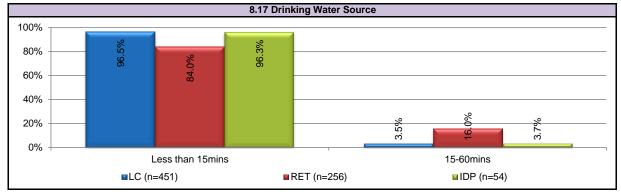
















High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA Code		е			44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

9. EDUCATION PROFILE

Summary

Among those aged five years and over, 56.4% of the local community, 56.6% of returnees and 53.3% of IDPs reported to be literate. Of these, 72.7% of local community males, 72.4% of returnee males and 71.1% of IDP males reported to be literate. Similarly, 37.9% of local community females, 38.3% of returnee females and 36.4% of IDP females reported to be literate.

Among adults aged eighteen years and over, 59.8% of local community males, 62.8% of returnee males and 57.7% of IDP males did not achieve any school grade. Similarly, over 91% females across all three groups had not achieved any school grade.

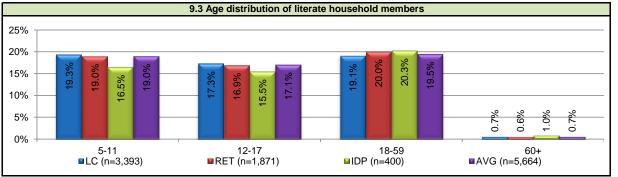
Among males aged 6 to 24 years, 70.0% of local community males, 72.7% of returnee males and 67.2% of IDPs males reported to be currently attending school. Among females aged 6 to 24 years, 50.1% of local community females, 47.3% of returnee females and 41.1% of IDP females reported to be currently attending school. The main reason for not attending school given by those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups was because family didn't allow them. Furthermore, 12.6% of local community members, 13.1% of returnee members and 13.6% of IDP members of those aged 6 to 24 years stated that they cannot attend school because they didn't like school or didn't learn enough. A further, 9.6% of those aged 6 to 24 years across all three groups didn't attend school because child was too young.

9.1	Male litera	cy rate with	nin each ag	e group by	y househo	old type
	Male		Age Gr	oup		Total
	Male	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	Total
	Total	450	399	882	69	1800
\sim	Yes	363	352	571	23	1309
	%	80.7%	88.2%	64.7%	33.3%	72.7%
	Total	245	238	484	37	1004
RET	Yes	199	210	308	10	727
ш.	%	81.2%	88.2%	63.6%	27.0%	72.4%
	Total	46	37	100	11	194
Ы	Yes	36	31	68	3	138
-	%	78.3%	83.8%	68.0%	27.3%	71.1%
	Total	741	674	1466	117	2998
Ιď	Yes	598	593	947	36	2174

88.0%

80.7%

9.	2 Female li	teracy rate	within each	age grou	p by hous	sehold
			type			
	Female		Age Gr	oup		Total
	i ciliale	5-11	12-17	18-59	60+	Total
	Total	382	373	786	52	1593
СС	Yes	293	235	76	0	604
	%	76.7%	63.0%	9.7%	0.0%	37.9%
	Total	203	171	460	33	867
RET	Yes	156	107	67	2	332
4	%	76.8%	62.6%	14.6%	6.1%	38.3%
	Total	45	55	98	8	206
IDP	Yes	30	31	13	1	75
_	%	66.7%	56.4%	13.3%	12.5%	36.4%
	Total	630	599	1344	93	2666
ALL	Yes	479	373	156	3	1011
1	%	76.0%	62.3%	11.6%	3.2%	37.9%

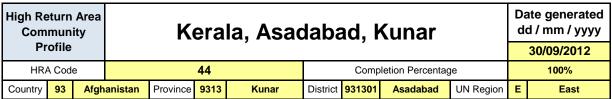


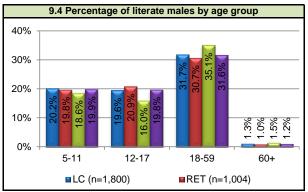
30.8%

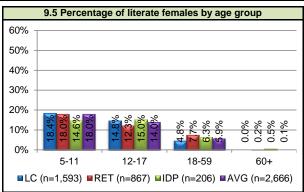
72.5%

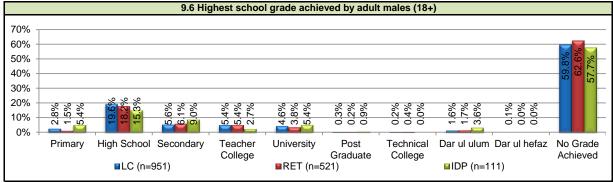
64.6%

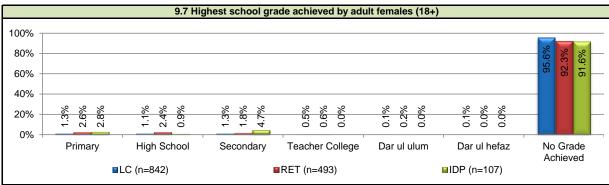


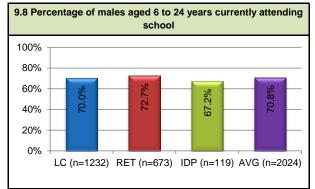


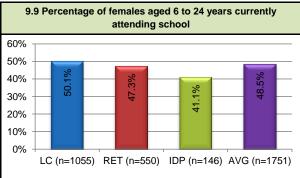




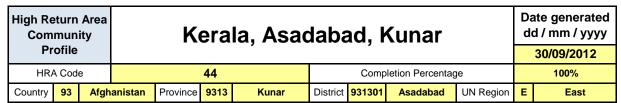


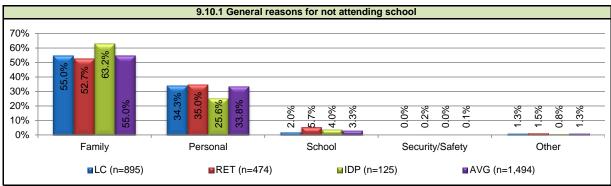


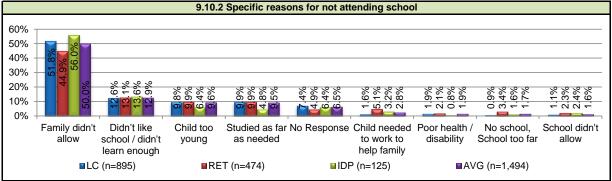


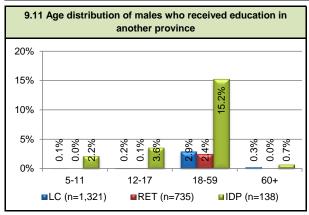


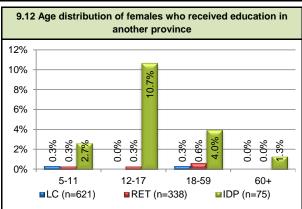


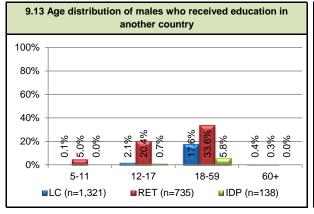


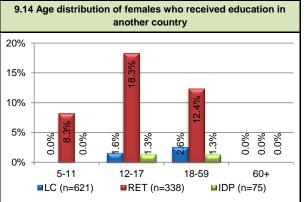
















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HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

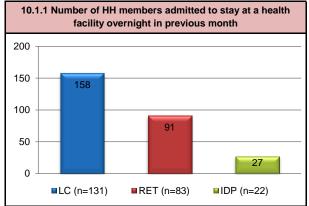
10. HEALTH PROFILE

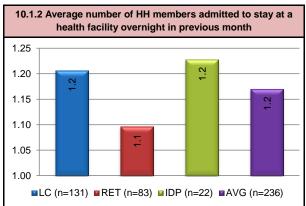
Summary

29.0% of local community households, 32.4% of returnee and 40.7% of IDP households had between one and two household members admitted to a health facility as an inpatient over the course of the previous month. 48.1% of local community, 52.3% of returnee and 53.7% of IDP households also had at least one member receive care from a health provider, a pharmacy or traditional healer without having to stay overnight. The private health facility was visited most by all three household groups, followed by the Regional Hospital. The most common reasons for seeking medical treatment by local community households were digestive problems (23.9%), infectious problems (16.5%), respiratory problems (14.1%) and pregnancy problems (10.6%). Similarly, for returnee households the most common reasons were digestive problems (23.8%), infectious problems (16.5%), respiratory problems (12.8%) and pregnancy problems (12.8%). Among IDP households, the main reasons for seeking medical treatment were infectious diseases (26.5%), digestive problems (17.6%), and treatment of respiratory problems (11.8%).

Of the 1,685 females aged 13-49 years that were included in the survey, a total of 198 were reported to be married among local community households (n=105), returnee households (n=69) and IDP households (n=24). Based on this data, the average number of births stands at 5.6 for local community females, 4.6 for returnee females and 4.3 for IDP females. Correspondingly, the average number of infant/child deaths is 0.5 for local community females, 0.5 for returnee females and 0.3 for IDP females. Of the 190 females aged 13-49 years that have given birth, 98.0% of local community females, all of returnee and 91.3% of IDP females received antenatal care during their last pregnancy with an average of 2.97 antenatal care visits per mother, and 8.9% had the assistance of a midwife during delivery.

With regard to children under the age of five, 82.6% of local community children, 89.1% of returnee children and 45.7% of IDP children have been registered with the civil authorities. Over the course of the previous month, 96.3% of local community under-fives, 99.2% of returnee under-fives and all of IDP under-fives have received a Vitamin A capsule, and 44.2% of local community children, 48.7% of returnee children and 62.9% of IDP children have suffered from diarrhea. Furthermore, 36.8% of local community children, 38.7% of returnee children, and 54.3% of IDP children have a persistent cough.

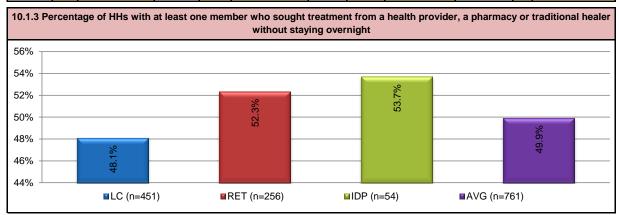


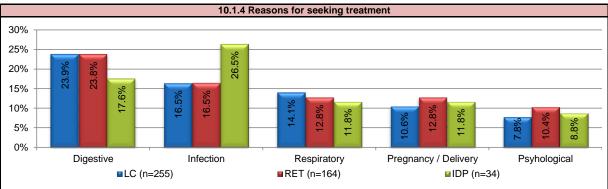


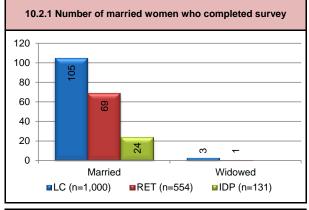


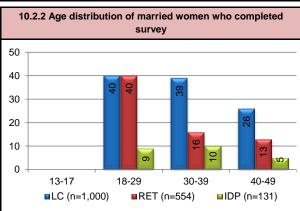


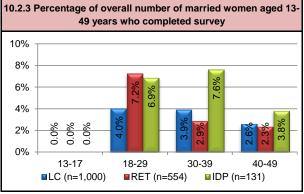
High Re Com Pr		ity		K	era	la, Asac	daba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Ε	East

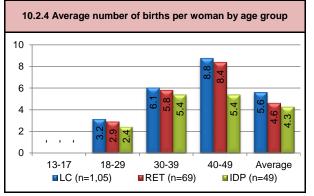




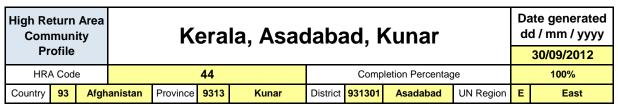


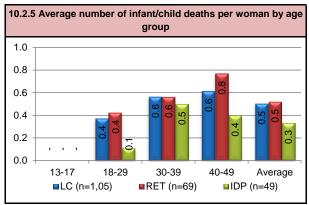


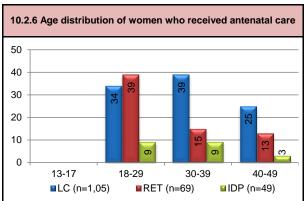


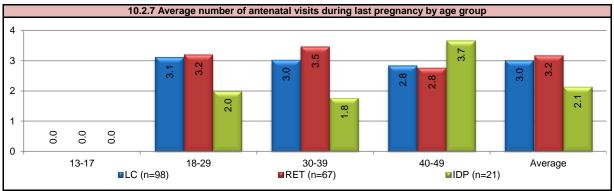


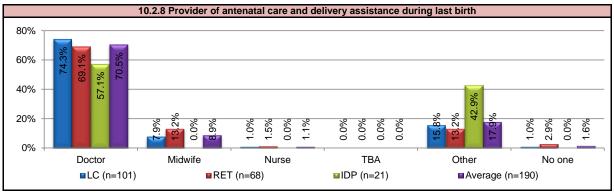


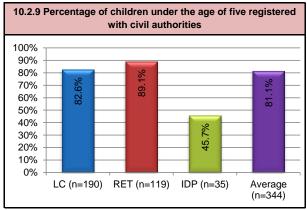


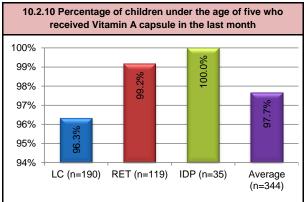








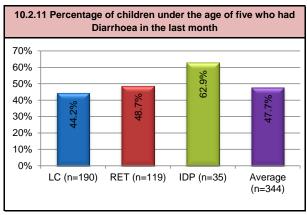


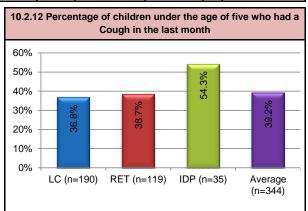


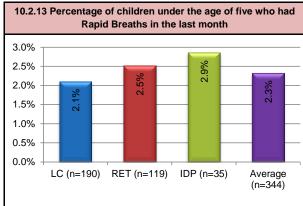




High Re Com Pr				K	era	la, Asac	daba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East













Com	Profile					la, Asac	laba	ad, k	Kunar		do	ate generated d / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012
HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

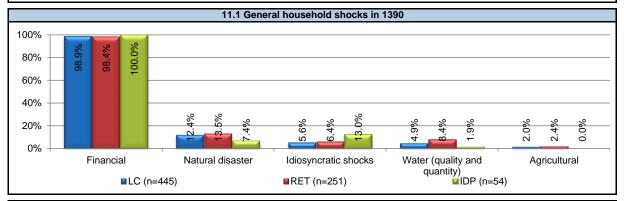
11. HOUSEHOLD SHOCKS AND COPING STRATEGIES

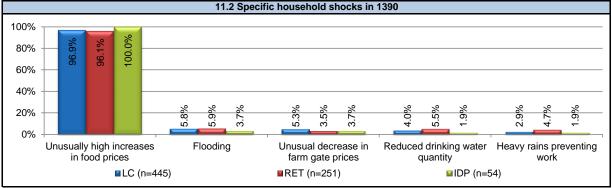
Summary

Among local community households, 96.9% have suffered unusually high increases in food prices. Some small per cent of households have also faced shocks such as flooding, unusual decrease in farm gate prices, reduced drinking water quantity and heavy rains preventing work. 96.2% of local community households decreased expenditures to respond to these shocks. A further, two-fifths (40.6%) of local community households took loans, 14.2% reduced quantity of diet, 12.0% purchased food on credit from traders and 10.0% reduced quality of diet in order to cope with shocks.

Among returnee households, 96.1% have suffered unusually high increases in food prices. Some small per cent of households have also faced shocks such as flooding, unusual decrease in farm gate prices, reduced drinking water quantity and heavy rains preventing work. 95.7% of returnee households decreased expenditures to respond to these shocks. A further, two-quarters (54.7%) of returnee households took loans, 7.4% reduced quantity of diet, 8.6% purchased food on credit from traders and 9.4% reduced quality of diet in order to cope with shocks.

Among IDP households, all have suffered unusually high increases in food prices. Some small per cent of households have also faced shocks such as flooding, unusual decrease in farm gate prices, reduced drinking water quantity and heavy rains preventing work. 98.1% of IDP households decreased expenditures to respond to these shocks. A further, three-fifths (61.1%) of IDP households took loans, 9.3% reduced quantity of diet, 11.1% purchased food on credit from traders and 5.6% reduced quality of diet in order to cope with shocks.

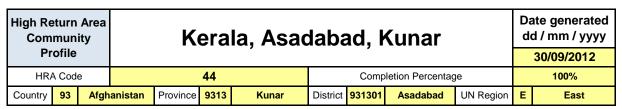


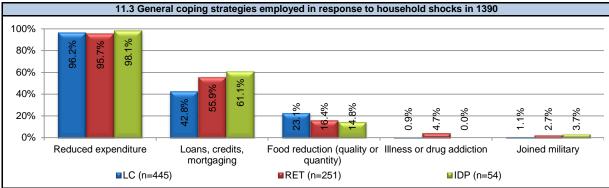


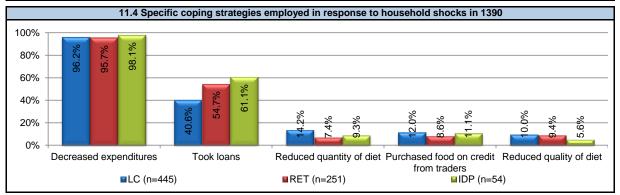
















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HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East

12. PROTECTION PROFILE

Summary

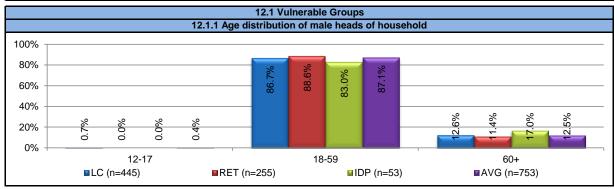
Of the 761 households surveyed, 87.1% had an adult male aged 18-59 years as head of household. The head of household of three local community households were a male aged 12-17 years. Moreover, six local community households, one returnee household and one IDP household have an adult female aged 18-59 years as head of household. A total of 94 households had an elderly (aged 60+) head of household of whom none were female. Seven local community households, two returnee households and one IDP household were headed by a widow or widower.

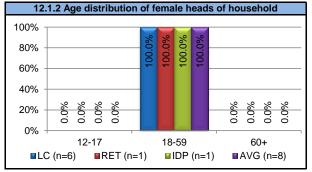
Two local community males and 16 females, one returnee male and 14 females and three IDP females aged 15-17 years was reported to be married. Among married adults, a total of 28 local community females, 17 returnee and seven IDP females reported to have been under-18 years of age at the time of marriage.

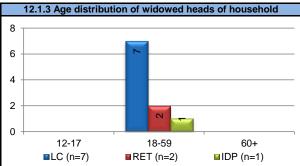
9.5% of local community, 11.6% of returnee households and 20.8% of IDP households contained more than one wife.

The survey found 144 people living with a disability of which 64.5% were male. The most common disabilities were reported to be either physical (52.1%) or sensory (27.8%) in nature. 39.5% of disabled local community, 42.9% of disabled returnees and 78.6% of disabled IDPs were adults aged 18-59 years. 13.6% of disabled people in local community households, 12.2% of disabled people in returnee households and 21.4% of disabled people in IDP households were aged 60 years and over.

Of the 1,251 females aged 6-17 years, 42.6% of IDP females, 31.4% of local community females and 33.8% of returnee females are currently not attending school.



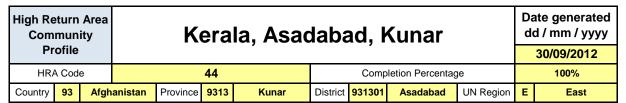


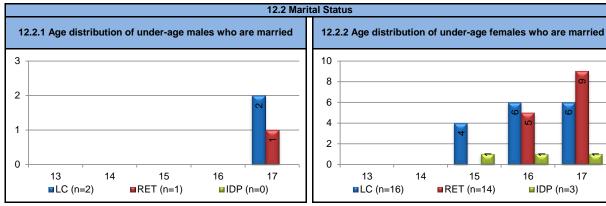


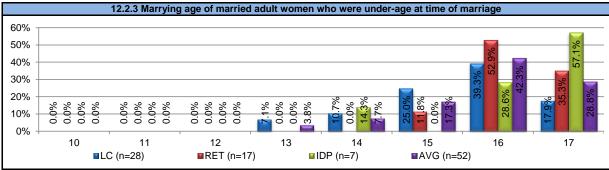


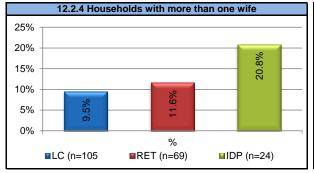


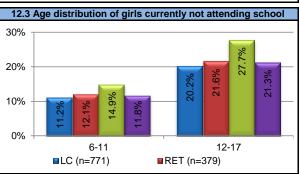
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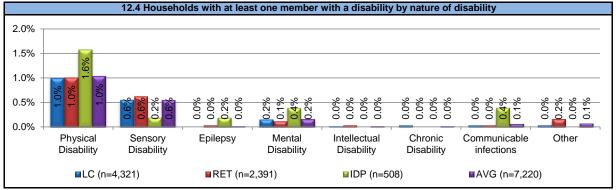
















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HRA	HRA Code				44			Comp	letion Percentag	je		100%
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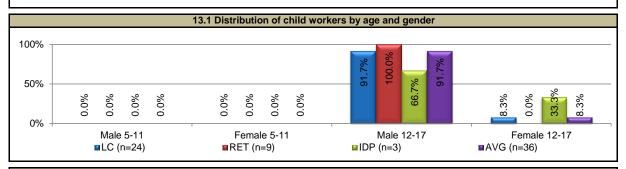
13. Child Labour

Summary

Among households surveyed, a total of 36 children were reported to be working and include 24 children aged 12-17 years among local community households, 9 children aged 12-17 years among returnee families, and 3 children aged 12-17 years among IDP families.

Child workers belonging to local community households were reported to be working on average of 7.9 hours per day with 45.9% of them were reported to be self-employed and 45.8% were day labourers. Child workers belonging to returnee households were reported to be working an average of 8.0 hours per day with 44.4% of returnee child workers reported to be day labourers and 33.3% were engaged in own business. Child workers of IDP families work an average of 5.3 hours per day and one child was day labourer, similarly, one child was salaried worker and one was engaged in own business.

Vast majority of children of all three household types were engaged in industry sector. Services also provide job opportunity for four local community children. Government sector is the second most common sector for returnee and IDP households.



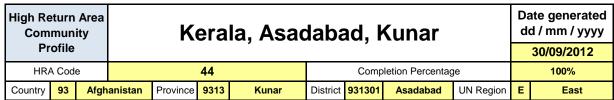
		13.	2 Distrib	oution of	male ch	ild worke	ers by ag	ge and se	ector				
Children Males	Age Group	Day La	abourer	Salaried	l Worker	Self-En	nployed	Own B	usiness	Unpaid	l Family	To	otal
Children Males	Age Group	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
LC (n=0)	12-17	11	46%	0	0%	10	42%	1	4%	0	0%	22	92%
	Total Children	11	46%	0	0%	10	42%	1	4%	0	0%	22	92%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
RET (n=26)	12-17	4	44%	0	0%	2	22%	3	33%	0	0%	9	100%
	Total Children	4	44%	0	0%	2	22%	3	33%	0	0%	9	100%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
IDP (n=22)	12-17	1	33%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	2	67%
	Total Children	1	33%	1	33%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	2	67%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
	12-17	16	44%	1	3%	12	33%	4	11%	0	0%	33	92%
	Total Children	16	44%	1	3%	12	33%	4	11%	0	0%	33	92%

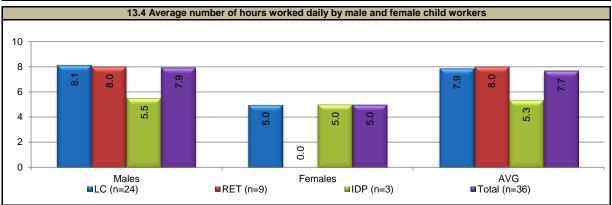
		13.3	B Distribu	ıtion of f	emale ch	nild work	ers by a	ge and s	ector				
Children Females	Age Group	Day La	abourer	Salaried	l Worker	Self-En	nployed	Own B	usiness	Unpaid	l Family	To	ıtal
Crinicien i emales	Age Gloup	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%	Number	%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
LC (n=0)	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	1	4%	1	4%	0	0%	2	8%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	1	4%	1	4%	0	0%	2	8%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
RET (n=26)	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%
	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
IDP (n=22)	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	0	0%	1	33%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	0	0%	1	33%	0	0%	1	33%
5 Total (n=48)	5-11	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!	0	#DIV/0!
	12-17	0	0%	0	0%	1	3%	2	6%	0	0%	3	8%
	Total Children	0	0%	0	0%	1	3%	2	6%	0	0%	3	8%

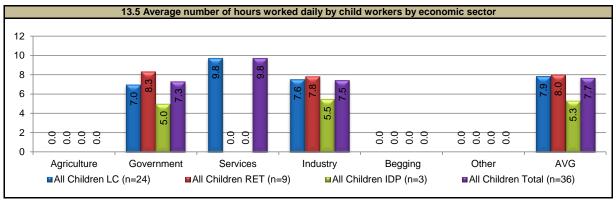


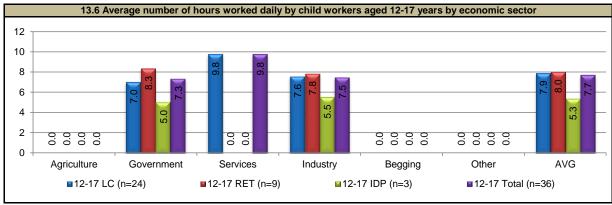


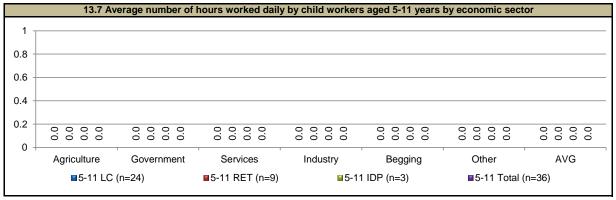










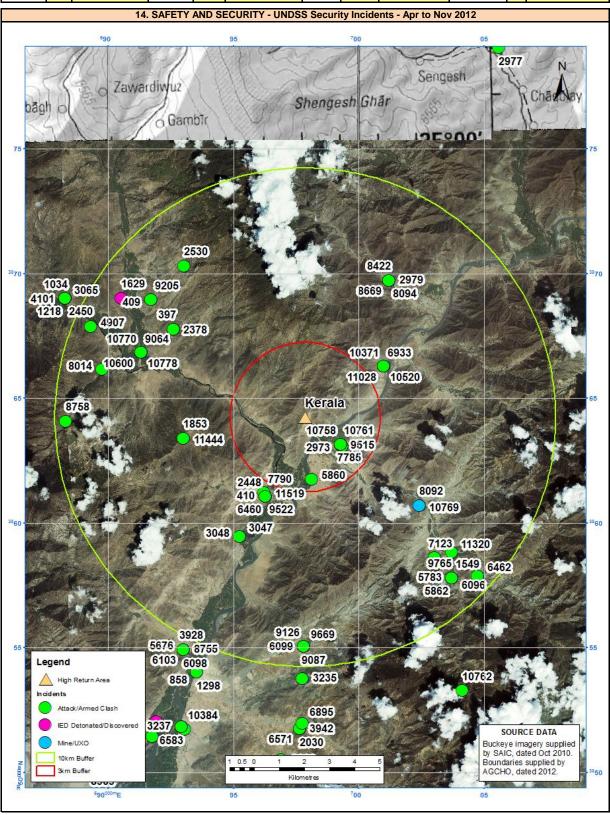








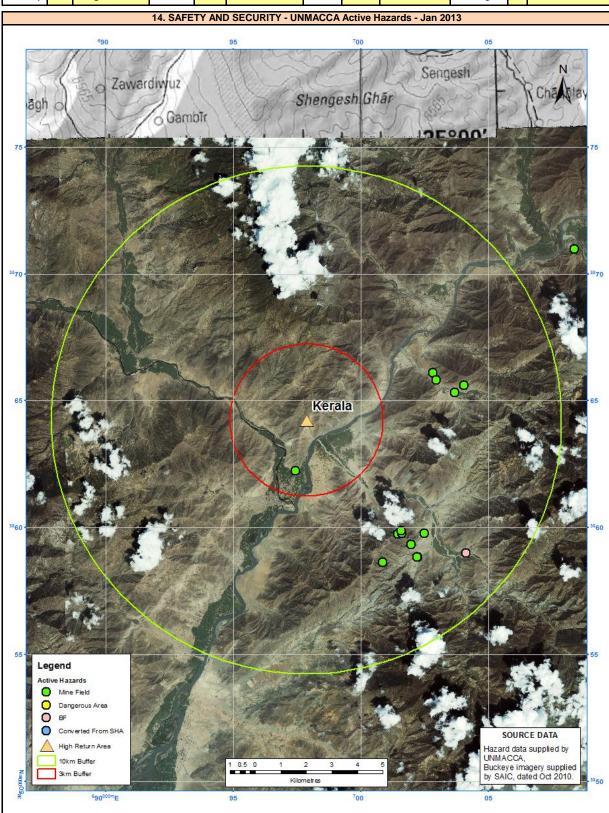
High Return Area Community Profile				Kerala, Asadabad, Kunar							do	Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012		
HRA Code					44		Completion Percentage				100%			
Country	93	Afgh	anistan	Province	9313	Kunar	District	931301	Asadabad	UN Region	Е	East		







High Return Area Community Profile				Kerala, Asadabad, Kunar							Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012		
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High Return Area Community Profile	Kerala, Asadabad, Kunar								Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012		
HRA Code		44		Completion Percentage					100%		
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14. SAFETY AND SECURITY

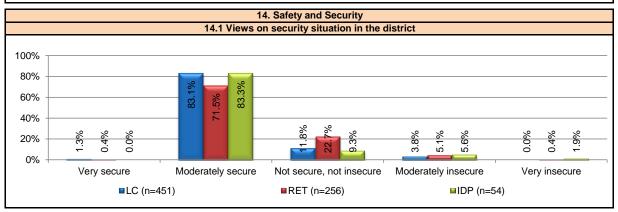
Summary

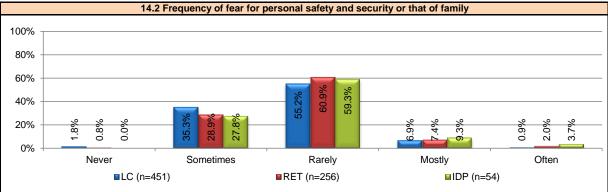
The security situation in the district was described as "moderately secure" by 83.3% of IDP households, 83.1% of local community households and 71.5% of returnee households. Returnee households (27.7%0 were significantly more likely to describe the district as either "not secure, not insecure" or "moderately insecure" compared with local community (15.5%) and IDP (14.8%) households.

With regard to safety, in the region of 90.0% of households in all three groups either "rarely" or "sometimes" fear for their personal safety and security or that of their family. IDP households (13.0%) were more likely to either "often" or "mostly" fear for their safety than returnee (9.4%) or local community (7.8%) households.

On the subject of policing in the district, 94.4% of IDP households, 81.6% of local community households and 76.2% of returnee households are "moderately satisfied" with the police. Returnee households (22.3%) were more likely to be either "not satisfied, not dissatisfied" or "moderately dissatisfied" with the police than local community (16.2%) and IDP (5.6%) households.

Of the 761 household surveyed in Kerala, fifteen local community households, five IDP households and four returnee households had experienced some form of violence in the three months prior to being surveyed.











High Return Area Community Profile				Kerala, Asadabad, Kunar								Date generated dd / mm / yyyy 30/09/2012		
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