

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 3

1. Moderator's and Taker

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|----------|
| 1.1 | Facilitator's name: | Rohullah |
| 1.2 | Note taker's Name: | Sanagul |
| 1.3 | Date of the FGD: | 16/7/12 |
| 1.4 | Report Number: | 5 |

2. Area Information

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------|----------------------|
| 2.1 | Reintegration site Name: | Naw Abad-e-Shash Pul |
| 2.2 | Site Number: | 8 |
| 2.3 | Returnees: (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | Non –Returnees: (Yes, No) | |
| 2.4 | Gender (Male, Female, Mixed) | Male |
| 2.5 | GPS (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | If No see code. | |
| 2.6 | GPS location | |
| | Latitude: | 34 49 546 |
| | Longitude: | 67 57 702 |

3. FGD Outcome

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | FGD Completed (Yes, No) | Yes |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

The residents of Naw Aabad-e- Shash Pul were very happy from the NGOs because the returnees of this village were provided shelters by some of the non-governmental organizations. All of them were busy in their daily activities. They live in a peaceful environment alongside of each other

| 4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team) | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 4.1 Date of Interview | 16/7/12 | | | |
| 4.2 Interviewer's number | Male Interviewer | CH-4 | Female Interviewer | |
| Supervisor's number | 1 | Regional Supervisor's number | 1 | |
| 4.5 Date of office editing | 17/7/12 | | | |
| 4.6 Office editor's code | 17/2012 | | | |
| 4.7 Date of data entry | 12/8/12 | | | |
| 4.8 Data entry officer code | 10 | | | |

| List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D) | |
|---|--------------------------------------|
| Province | Bamyan |
| District | Bamyan Center (Naw Abad-e-Shash Pul) |
| Site Number | 8 |
| Village | Naw Abad Shash Pul |

| No | Name | Position | Occupation | Contact No | Age |
|----|----------------|---------------------------------|--------------|------------|-----|
| 1 | Sayed Jafar | CDC Treasurer | | 0778845564 | 36 |
| 2 | Sayed Amin | Representative of the people | Teacher | 0773125642 | 40 |
| 3 | Sayed Nabi | Village Elder | | | 38 |
| 4 | Agha Hussain | Village Elder | Wage laborer | | 40 |
| 5 | Sultan Hussain | Representative of the people | Wage laborer | | 41 |
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Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Q1- What are your concerns relating to returnees in the following various fields?

Part A- Education:

P1- The first participant said that they are not faced with any kind of difficulty concerning education but our concerns belong to security of our children. We are frightened lest they might be fed poison by some of the element on their way to school.

P2- Our major problem in field of education is lack of expert teachers in this area.

P3- The third participant mentioned that most of their school teachers are inexperienced even that some of them have been graduated from the elementary schools and at the present they are teaching to secondary and high school students.

P4- This participant confirmed opinions of other participants and he himself didn't want to add more descriptions concerning this question.

P5- The fifth participant of this focus group in response to the question said that there are also some teachers at our school that whenever students ask them a difficult question they can't answer due to their lower level of knowledge and cleverly evade (escape) from the subject and in response to difficult questions they ask from the students not to interrupt the class but the main reason is their illiteracy.

Part B- Health Services:

P1- There is a health facility in the region but it doesn't have expert and talented doctors.

P2- The second participant confirmed the aforesaid opinions and added that there are not modern medical equipments and laboratory tools in our health facility.

P3- Besides confirming the abovementioned opinions added that our health facility lacks ambulance services. We can't transfer our patients on time to the district hospital because it is located far from our village. It will cost 2000 AF whenever we want to transfer our patient to the district hospital.

P4 and **P5** confirmed views of other participants and they themselves didn't want to add more explanations regarding their problems in field of health.

Part C- Access to drinking water:

P1- According to views of the first participant who mentioned that they utilize from water of the river for drinking purposes which is highly contaminated.

P2- Due to contamination of the river water, it produces different kinds of infectious diseases.

P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed opinions of other participants and they themselves didn't have anything in mind to state it for us in response to this question.

Part D- Access to food and Market

P1- The first participant said that there are not shops of foodstuff inside our village and the residents of the village have to travel to bazaar in order to do the shopping. We are faced with a lot of difficulties because the market is very far from our village and it is costly to purchase our necessary items from there due to high rent of cars.

P2, P3, P4, and **P5** confirmed opinions of the first participant and they themselves didn't have anything to add regarding the mentioned question.

Part E – Access to Shelter

P1- The first participant said that in Naw Abad-e- Shash Pul village only 12 shelters were distributed on returnees but others have not been exploited yet. Those returnees who were in good economic conditions, they constructed homes for themselves by their own financial support. But others who were poor and needy couldn't build any shelter for themselves. They are still living as neighbor at homes of other villagers.

P2- Due to poor economic conditions our people have lands but they don't have money to build a house on their lands.

P3, P4, P5 confirmed the abovementioned opinions.

Part G- Access to employment opportunities

P1- There are not employment opportunities inside our village. Besides the residents of this area are very poor as they can't arrive to the bazaar on time in order to find a job for them.

P2- Our people have different professions but the ground is not paved for their employment. At the present some of them are working in some construction projects that are currently implemented in the area.

P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed views of other participants and they themselves didn't want to give more information regarding this question.

Part I – Access to Pastures

P1- The first participant said that there are several pastures but the residents of this area do not breed domestic animals.

P2, P3 and **P5** confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details concerning this question.

Part K – Access to Justice System

P1- The first participant said that if any dispute occur in our village the local Shura try to resolve the dispute and doesn't allow to both involved parties to extend their dispute to justice organs.

P2, P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed opinions of the first participant and they themselves didn't add anything else regarding to this question.

Part K (Other) – Access to Road:

P1- We don't have any problem in this section because at the present asphaltting of our road is in progress so in the next future it will be used for exploitation.

P2, P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed views of others and they themselves didn't want to say anything else about this question.

Q2- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services?

P1- There is not difference between returnees and non-returnees. All of them are brother of each other. They live in a peaceful and brotherhood environment. Both returnees and non-returnees have equal access to all kinds of services.

P2, P3, P4, and **P5** confirmed opinions of the first participant but they themselves didn't have additional views regarding the question.

Section B- Governance and Participation:

Q1- How effective is the government?

P1- The first participant said that the government is very effective because the government has ensured the security of our region. If necessary cases the government resolve our problems. The residents of this area also cooperate with the government in different spheres especially in maintenance of security.

P2, P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed views of the first participant and they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding this question.

Q2- Since the government has been elected, what changes have you observed in the areas of livelihood?

P1- The first participant in response to this question said that a lot of positive changes have occurred in our life. One of the major changes is the repatriation of Afghans from the foreign countries where we lived in poor and very bad conditions. But today we are living in our own homeland where we are living comfortably without being frightened from anyone.

P2- When we returned from the foreign countries to our own homeland, we lived for nearly one year in the tents then one of the NGOs built us a house. At the present we live in our own home. Different NGOs are working for improvement of our living condition in the area. He added that their living condition is improving day by day.

P3- When we returned to our country it was the elected government that built homes for us and paved the ground for our repatriation from the foreign countries.

P4 and **P5** confirmed the abovementioned views and they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the mentioned question.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1- We consult with our women on different issues. They are consulted when we want to build a house, while borrowing something, for performing of a duty.

P2- We consult with our women nearly in all daily activities and on different issues. Sometimes the women give logical consultations even that the men might not think about it. most of the time their consultation has had positive impact on improvement of a household.

P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed the abovementioned views and they themselves didn't have special opinion regarding this question.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

P1- The residents of this area get access to information through the mass media especially TVs and radios.

P2- In spite of confirming the views of the first participant added that they get access to information form the Mullah Imam of the mosque and other religious figures of the village.

P3, P4, and **P5** verified the views of two other participants and they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the question.

Section C: Access to Livelihood, Economic and Social Security

Q1- How do you feel about the way land was allocated to the returnees?

P1- This participant was very happy and thankful from the government because of allocation of the land for them. He added that if the government didn't want to allocate lands for the returnees then we would travel to the northern provinces of Afghanistan so now we are very happy that we were provided lands inside our province.

All other participants in addition to express their gratitude confirmed opinions of the first participant and they were very satisfied from the government due to allocation of the lands to them.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

P1- In the initial days after our repatriation to this region we had some problem with the local residents but after that our problems reduced day by day and at the present we don't have any kind of problem with the residents of the region.

P2- In the past there were some local residents who owned lands in this area but due to their tribal minority they had moved to other regions. But when we repatriated to our village, they also came to the region and once again received their previous properties.

P3, P4 and P5 confirmed the aforementioned statements but they themselves didn't have much more details regarding this question.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

P1- The first participant said that they don't have any problem with crimes because they have not been witness of any crime in their region.

All other participants confirmed opinions of the first participant and they didn't have more information regarding this question.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example, food for work and food for cash projects?

P1- The first participant in response to this question said that there is no difference in employment of returnees compared with non-returnees because all of the people are equally employed in development projects in our area.

P2- The second participant said that all of the residents of this area if they are returnees or non-returnees live together in a peaceful and brotherhood environment.

P3, P4 and **P5** attested opinions of the two other participants and they themselves didn't want to express their own views regarding this question.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees? (Better paying jobs)

P1- In my point of view returnees have more skills than non-returnees because they have learnt different professions such as carpentry, carpet weaving, plumbing, tailoring and embroidery during their living in Pakistan and Iran.

All other participants in this focus group attested opinions of the first participant and they themselves didn't want to add more information regarding this question.

Q7- Do you believe returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

P1- The first participant said that both returnees and non-returnees have completely equal access to all services and resources in our area. There is not difference between them.

P2, P3, P4 and **P5** confirmed opinions of the first participant but they didn't want to add more information concerning this question.

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

Q1- Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example:

a-The way the community interact with themselves?

P1- The first participant said that no difference has occurred in the way that the people interact with each other. Meanwhile he added that no difference has occurred in the customs and traditions of the people either.

All other participants accepted views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more information regarding this question.

Q2- How safe is it for women and girls to move around the community?

P1- He said that there is not any problem or hazard for women. They can freely move around the community. They are entirely safe in our region.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

P1- According to the statements of the first participant one of the main reasons of insecurity and oppositions in a society in the problem of unemployment. If the people are hired to well paid jobs then the society will automatically become safe and there won't be any kind of threat against women in the region.

All other participants accepted and confirmed opinions of the first participant but they didn't have more details regarding the question.

Q4- Is it sage for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel during the night?

P1- It is safe for men to travel outside the village during the day but they can't travel during the night due to problems of insecurity.

All other participant confirmed opinions of the first participant but they didn't have special idea concerning this question.

Q5- Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1- Those elements who are active under the name of the Taliban and Al-Qaeda deteriorate the security and stability of the region.

All Other participants confirmed statements of the first attendant but they didn't want to include more information pertaining to this question.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1- The residents of the area should have close cooperation with the government in order to improved the security situation of the region because the government can bring safety to the area only by assistance of the villagers.

All other participant confirmed opinions of the first participant

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to you community? Are there any problems? What are they?

P1- Yes, there haven a lot of benefits to returnees because after their repatriation the government and NGOs constructed clinics, schools and also implemented other uplift projects in the area. Besides the security situation of the region has also compared with the past. Today the women of this area are able to move from one part of our village to another without being frightened from anyone.

P2- Before our repatriation this region was called slaughtering place because a lot of killing cases occurred here. But today this region is entirely calm.

All other participants confirmed statements of the first participant.

THE END

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 52

4. Moderator's and Taker

| | | |
|-----|---------------------|-----------|
| 1.5 | Facilitator's name: | Rohullah |
| 1.6 | Note taker's Name: | Sana Gul |
| 1.7 | Date of the FGD: | 15/7/2012 |
| 1.8 | Report Number: | 1 |

5. Area Information

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------|----------------|
| 2.1 | Reintegration site Name: | Sarqul Toopchi |
| 2.2 | Site Number: | 8 |
| 2.3 | Returnees: (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | Non –Returnees: (Yes, No) | |
| 2.4 | Gender (Male, Female, Mixed) | Male |
| 2.5 | GPS (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | If No see code. | |
| 2.6 | GPS location | |
| | Latitude: | 34 46 283 |
| | Longitude: | 67 57 241 |

6. FGD Outcome

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | FGD Completed (Yes, No) | Yes |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

The people of Sarqull Toopchi are very cooperative with each other and no violence exists in this village. But the only problem that exists is the lack of road because the vehicles could not travel to the village. The sideway road that is located nearby the village is 15 minute far away by foot in order to reach the village. Regarding agriculture it was very green. Two tribes are living here (Shan Hazara) and (Tajik) and they have unity and injunction in between.

| 4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team) | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|
| 4.1 | Date of Interview | 15/7/2012 | | |
| 4.2 | Interviewer's number | Male Interviewer | CH-5 | Female Interviewer |
| | Supervisor's number | CH-11 | Regional Supervisor's number | CH-10 |
| 4.5 | Date of office editing | 18/7/2012 | | |
| 4.6 | Office editor's code | CH-11 | | |
| 4.7 | Date of data entry | 9/8/2012 | | |
| 4.8 | Data entry officer code | 2 | | |

| List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D) | |
|---|------------------|
| Province | Bamyan |
| District | Center of Bamyan |
| Site Number | 8 |
| Village | Shash Pool |

| No | Name | Position | Occupation | Contact No | Age |
|----|------------------|--------------------------|------------------|---------------|-----|
| 1 | M.Ibrahim Salehi | Local assembly leader | Teacher | 0797 74 57 28 | 40 |
| 2 | Hussain Dad | Mullah Imam | School Principal | 0793 81 53 32 | 56 |
| 3 | Moheb Ali | Secretary of local Shura | Teacher | 0799 72 02 31 | 36 |
| 4 | Jamaluddin | Shura member | Teacher | 0790 61 14 04 | 30 |
| 5 | Amir Dad | People Representative | Teacher | 0773 12 67 88 | 40 |
| 6 | Ghulam Ali | Shura Member | Farmer | | 50 |
| | | | | | |
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Section A: General and specific concern

A-Education:

Q 1: What are your concerns related to the returnees?

P1: In our village school was established but it doesn't have surrounding, lack of drinking water which is also a big problem and the students are now using spring water. As well as there is lack of books and no sport ground is available this is also an issue.

P2: Approves the thought above and says our problem is that we don't have professional teachers.

P3: The teachers of our school are not professional, so this school should have professional teachers. These teachers should be residents of same area in order to be able to regularly attend to school and provide lecture daily.

P4: Approves the views above and says that every year new subjects have been being added to the schedule. They put timing in the schedule but we don't receive the books.

P5: Approves the view above, in addition; the problem that exists in the school is lack of chair, table as well as unavailability of laboratory appliances.

P6: Approves the view above and says that the teachers struggle with the students. But the only problem is that most of the teachers are nonprofessional and they are hireling.

B-Health Services:

P1: There is no clinic near to our village. In case, of need we use the clinic which is in (Toopchi) and reaching to the pointed clinic is very difficult because we have transportation problem. We also have road problem and it almost takes 15 hours to reach the destination.

P2: Approves the above thought, and says that there is no clinic available in the nearby. So most of the times when we want to shift our patients to the clinic or hospital they dies on the way or incase the patient reaches most of the time the doctor says you should have bring them earlier now their condition is critical.

P3: Unavailability of clinic for us is a big problem. Especially for the patients of gynecology and obstetrics that taking of them to the clinic or hospital is very difficult and even most of the time it is not possible to shift them.

Person 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

C- Access to Drinking Water:

P1: Regarding the drinking water a bit the problem is solved. But still problem exist, the pipes that were established by (Red Crescent) in our area are only possible to use water in summer but during winter it is totally difficult to use because the pipes freezes.

P2: The source of water of our village is spring but for drinking water pipes were established. But there is deficiency of water and it is not enough for the people. The way to solve this problem is to establish big water storages in order to provide plenty of water to people.

P3: The pipes that were established by (Red Crescent) bring a big ease for the people. But still some of the pipes are far away from some homes, so they use the source with difficulties.

Person 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

D- Access to Food/Markets:

P1: Access to market is available but with very difficulties. Because the road of village and the culvert of valleys are not capable to drive on. We carry our agriculture production by donkey most of the time.

P2: Approves the thought above, and says transportation is unavailable near to the village. So for moving of our production we have to hire vehicles but when we hire the vehicle the profit of production was paid for vehicle lease and no profit left for the farmer.

P3: Approves the views above and says, when we want to go to market we walk one and half hour than we find transportation. Most of the time if bring something from market or move something to market we use donkey and it is wastage of time and also it is exhausting for people.

P4: Unavailability of bazaar and market is a big problem for us because a farmer works day and night for their crops production. When they get the production, they don't have access to the market. And by passing time the production losses its quality and quantity and at the end it's lost of the farmer.

Person 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

E- Access to Shelter:

P1: We have problem of shelter unavailability because when we leave our houses during civil war and immigrated to other provinces, so during this period our houses were ruined and demolished. After

returning some of the people were unable to rebuild their houses and still they are living in others homes.

P2: In our village the number of homeless people is high because the population is high. In each one or two homes there are about three to four share the same home.

P3: In our area most of the people used to lives in immigrants houses and when those immigrants' returns back to their homes so the people herein become homeless.

P4: Approves the views above and says that people have shelter problem and they are financially weak and could not build separate home for themselves.

Person 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

F- Access to Protection for Women and Children:

P1: If professional courses training could be establish in our village for the children and women it will be very advantageous. So they will gain a profession and they could find a job.

P2: According to the shariah, if professional courses could be held that they could learn in their houses it will be very advantageous. But not like that the women and girls goes out of their houses and work with the stranger people.

Person 3 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

G- Access to Employment Opportunities:

P1: There is no other job and profession opportunity except farming in our village.

P2: Access to job is available but it is difficult to find.

P3: In this area people are expert and professional but they don't have access to employment opportunity.

Person 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

J- Access to Irrigation Water:

P1: We irrigate our fields from spring water. The people of village many times recourse to the national solidarity program to establish a dam but the work of that dam is stopped in middle and didn't finish. The side walls were constructed but the inside was not cleaned and is raw.

P2: Approves the thought above and says, If the existence dam could be constructed well it is possible that this dam provides electricity and the people of (Sarqool Toochi) will be bounteous from this electricity.

P3, P4, P5, P6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

L- Security:

P1: Regarding security there is no tension and we are totally assured of security. The main source of security is people.

P2: Approves the thought above and says that our people are fully cooperative with the government this is why we are totally secured.

P3: In the area where people have unity and injunction, so there is no place for insecurity. In our area people have very good unity and injunction with each other.

Person 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

K- Other Road:

P1: Every year the road of our village destructs and it needs maintenance every year.

P2: The people of village don't have access to road. The road is located far away from the people homes. People used to move their goods by donkey.

P3: The road of our village is small and big vehicles are unable to drive to village.

P4: The sideways road of the village has been ruined by village people. Because they dig streams in the road and most of the small vehicles faces problem.

P5: The road of our village is very ruined even a small vehicle could not turn. If they want to turn and straightened the car so these two cars are impassable and crosses each other with very difficulty.

P6: Approves the view above and says the main and important problem of (Sarqul Toopchi) is lack of road which goes to the village. So regarding this (Toopchi) village should have be cooperated.

Q 2: Do you believe returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources?

P1: All people have equal access to the services because our people have unity and injunction. There is no difference between returnees and non-returnees.

P2: The people of our village are very cooperative with each other and all of them live in brotherhood and friendship atmosphere. They also help and cooperate with weak people.

Person 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Section B:

Governance and Participation:

Q 1: How effective is the government?

P1: Influx and effectiveness of government exists 100% in our area.

Person 2 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 2: Since the government has been elected, what changes have you observed in the areas of livelihood?

P1: Since the government has been elected many positive changes comes in our life. Almost in every aspects of our livelihood, for example; security, education, unity and injunction and etc...

Person 2 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 3: Are women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1: Personally me, I consult with my wives regarding any issue, for example; finding new life partner for our son or daughter, traveling to another area, and regarding any action I take. I consult my wives.

P2: according to the rules and regulations of Islam we have been ordered to consult with womene regarding all issues.

P3: Approves the views of person 1 and 2 and says he even informs her wife when he goes to the field and regarding farming he consults with her wife.

P4: A Woman is minister of man, so they should be consulted regarding all issues.

P 5,P6 approved the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 4: How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies, national institution?

P1: Most of the time we get inform through media (Radio and Television) or by enlightened people, religious scholars, or by masjid saint (Mullah).

P 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Section C:

Access to Livelihood/Social and Economic security:

Q 1: How do you feel about the way land was allocated to the returnees?

P1: We are really anxious that no land has been allocated to us. But the people who come from other areas they have allocate lands for them. But our people don't have lands and lives in others homes.

P2: The land which was allocated to the returnees in the area of (Shash Pool). A problem occurred between returnees and non-returnees because the main residents of the villages say that it is their right and say that injustice was done to them.

P 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 2: Were there problems because some non-returnees did not have access to land?

P1: It is really a problem that the government brings people from other areas to our area and allocated lands for them here. On the other hand, our people don't have access to the land.

P2: Returnees that returns from Iran and Pakistan the lands should be allocated in their own areas. If they allocate land for them in our area, it would create a big problem.

P3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 3: Does the community have problem with crime? If yes, what type of crime?

P1: In our area small crimes exists but yet we have not experience any crucial crime that threat the society. For example, some crimes like stealing crops from the fields or stealing of fruits from the gardens and etc.....

Person 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 4: Who typically commits crime? (Probe: Men, Youth, Women) Who typically are victim of the crimes?

P1: As discussed above that no crucial crime exists. But some of the small crimes which are committed the doers are mostly youth.

P 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 5: Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees?

P1: There is really no difference between returnee and non-returnee in our area. They have unity and injunction with each other. The people who are financially weak they have the priority to work in the projects and returnee and non-returnee is not important for people.

P2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 6: Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees? (Better paying job)

P1: Returnees are more skilled and expert than the original habitants. Because returnees studied abroad, they have learned professions while immigration. The returnees are skilled in all aspect than the original habitants.

P2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 7: Do you believe returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources?

P1: Yes in our society, returnees and original habitants do not have any difference. In deed, they are cooperative with each other in every aspect. They live with serene and brotherhood atmosphere.

2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Section D:

Justice and Rule of Law:

Q 1: Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community?

P1: With living of returnees in our society no changes comes in the interaction of society. The culture and tradition that we had in past still we follow the same culture.

P 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 2: How safe is it for women and girls to move around in the community?

P1: There is no danger for our women and girls to move around the society. Moving of them around the society is secure.

P2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 3: What do you think would improve the safety of women and girls in this community?

P1: If people and women lives according to Islamic basis no problem will occurred. If someone stranger wants to threat security of the society should have to be punished and warned.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 4: Is it safe for the men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel during night?

P1: Travel outside of the society is not secured either from day and night.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 5: Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1: Those who commit suicide attacks are the enemies of country.

P2: Approves the thought above.

P3: Foreigner countries are contributed in the insecurity and don't let Afghanistan to be assured of security.

P4: There are no work opportunities in the country, so this is the reason of insecurity in the country.

P5: Approves the views above and don't have his own comment.

Q 6: What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1: If people of the society cooperate with the government, there is the possibility of immunity and security in the area.

P2: If the people of society be united with each other and be cooperative with the government. And track their neighbors by their actions to stop violence and insecurity in the society.

P3: The people of society should have one assembly and should have one plan and decision. And don't let the strangers to do illegal activities.

Person 4, 5, 6 approves the views above and they don't have their own comments.

Q 7: Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Any problems, what are they?

P1: With relocating of returnees in the society there are advantages because population increases in society and the society goes toward development. And easiness comes to implement the works.

P2: The benefit of returnees is that they are very well skilled and expert. As a result, they teach these skills to the children and women and they also learn these profession of returnees as well.

Person 3, 4, 5, 6 approved the views above and they didn't have their own comments.

The End

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 55

7. Moderator's and Taker

| | | |
|------|---------------------|-----------|
| 1.9 | Facilitator's name: | Rohullah |
| 1.10 | Note taker's Name: | Sana Gul |
| 1.11 | Date of the FGD: | 16/7/2012 |
| 1.12 | Report Number: | 4 |

8. Area Information

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------|-------------|
| 2.1 | Reintegration site Name: | Jarastoghai |
| 2.2 | Site Number: | 8 |
| 2.3 | Returnees: (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | Non –Returnees: (Yes, No) | |
| 2.4 | Gender (Male, Female, Mixed) | Male |
| 2.5 | GPS (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | If No see code. | |
| 2.6 | GPS location | |
| | Latitude: | 34 49 624 |
| | Longitude: | 67 58 205 |

9. FGD Outcome

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | FGD Completed (Yes, No) | Yes |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

In the village of Jarastoghai six residents of the village gathered in a specific place in order to have a group discussion and share their information and comments with us.

| 4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team) | | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--|
| 4.1 Date of Interview | 16/7/2012 | | | |
| 4.2 Interviewer's number | Male Interviewer | CH-5 | Female Interviewer | |
| Supervisor's number | CH-11 | Regional Supervisor's number | CH-10 | |
| 4.5 Date of office editing | 17/7/2012 | | | |
| 4.6 Office editor's code | CH-11 | | | |
| 4.7 Date of data entry | 15/8/2012 | | | |
| 4.8 Data entry officer code | 2 | | | |

| List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D) | |
|---|-------------|
| Province | Bamyan |
| District | Jarastoghai |
| Site Number | 8 |
| Village | Jarastoghai |

| No | Name | Position | Occupatio | Contact No | Age |
|----|--------------|--------------------|-----------|---------------|-----|
| 1 | Khairuddin | Local Shura Header | Farmer | | 53 |
| 2 | Shamsurahman | Shura member | Farmer | 0791 92 43 37 | 40 |
| 3 | Ghulam sakhi | Tribe elder | Farmer | | 60 |
| 4 | Zamnuddin | Shura member | Farmer | | 36 |
| 5 | Wazir Ahmad | Shura member | Farmer | 0799 72 31 95 | 33 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Section A:

General and Specific concerns:

Q 1: What are your concerns related to the returnees?

A- Education:

P1: We have school available in our area but the only problem we have in the school is lack of books.

P2: Approves the thought above and says that there are no professional teachers in the school as well as there are not enough stationary available in the school.

P3: Person three approves the views of speakers above and do not have any personal comment.

P4: The teachers of the school are very inexperienced and unprofessional. In deed, these teachers were graduated from the secondary school and now they are using to teach in the school.

P5: The people of our area are very poor. If the school do not donate and distribute stationary for the students otherwise their parents could not afford for them, so this is also a problem regarding education section.

B- Health Services:

P1: Our area has a clinic but our problem is that we do not have any professional doctor available in the clinic.

P2: In spite, it is a governmental clinic but they sell medicine to the people and this clinic has been changed of a private medicine store. We are unable to utilize the clinic as a governmental clinic.

P3: Approves the thoughts above and do not have any personal comment.

P4: We do not have an equipped laboratory in the clinic of our area.

P5: Approves the views above and do not have any personal comment.

C- Access to Drinking Water:

P1: We have too many problems regarding drinking water because the people of our area use the river water for the drinking purposes and the water of the sea is totally dirty and not hygienic for utilization.

P2: In whole jarastoghai village there is only one deep well and a hand pump is available. with the available sources our needs could not be fulfilled. Therefore, the people use the river water because the demand for water is very high.

P3: The water that the people of our village are using from the sea is totally dirty and most of the time people become sick and the main reason of sickness in our village is this sea water.

P4, P5: approve the views above and do not have any personal comment.

D- Access to Food/Market:

P1: The people of our village do not have access to the market because it is located very far away. There is only one bus assigned to travel to this area. But the fare of the bus is very high people could not afford it therefore people are unable to travel by bus.

P2: Most of the people have problem while purchasing the goods because the market is located far from the village and transportation is unavailable. In case, we found transport to that area the fare is high. This is why some of the people of the village use to transport their purchased goods and materials by donkey to the village.

P3: If we buy something from the market and the fare we pay for the transportation of the goods to the village cost us more than the goods we buy. For example; most of the time when something was needed at home which cost is (50 AFs) and when we buy it and transport it to the village it cost us (100 AFs). So this is the problem of not having market in the village.

P4, P5: approves the views above and do not have any personal comments.

E- Access to Shelter:

P1: Majority of the people do not have access to the shelter because during the civil war most of the homes were ruined and after returning they use to live in others house.

P2: The population increases and the people who do not have private homes use to live together. Almost three to four families use to live in one home and this is a huge problem.

P3: Approves the views above and do not have any personal comments.

P4: I personally have six brothers which mean six families. we all live together in on home with many difficulties and financially we are not capable to build separate homes.

P5: Approves the views above and do not have personal comment.

G- Access to employment Opportunities:

P1: The people of our area do not have access to the employment opportunities because there are no job opportunities and the market is also far away.

P2: The people of our village are all busy with the farming as well as the women and children are busy with farming because they do not have any other work opportunity except farming.

P3: In our village we do have people who are skilled and have a profession. The reason they turn to farming is that there is no work opportunities in the village.

Person 4 and 5 approves the views above and do not have any personal comments.

H- Sanitation:

P1: Regarding sanitation there are no problems and every one tries to keep the environment clean.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

I- Access to Pastures:

P1: Our village has pasture area available but we do not have livestock.

Person 4 and 5 approves the views above and do not have any personal comments.

J- Access to Irrigation Water:

P1: The water is not less in our area but because of more water we face problem. When the level of water goes high the water ruin our water blocks. But when the water level goes low people are unable to get water, the level of water dropping and increasing create an issue for us.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

K- Access to Justice System:

P1: If any dispute or any debate take place between people the (CDC) and the tribe elders of the village used to resolve the issue and there is no need for the justice system.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

K- Other Road:

P1: The road of our village is available for exploitation and do not have any problem. But our problem is only about the road that the agriculture fields do not have road, in order that people could move their productions or to bring tractor and other machines on the fields in order to fertilize the lands.

P2: Our village is located between two rivers and our problem is that the lands which are located at the south pole of river do not have road in order to travel there.

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 2: Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to all services?

P1: The returnees and non-returnees do not have any difference as well as do not have any conflict with each other. And everyone have the right to have access to all the services.

P2: The people of our village do not cares about whom are returnees and non-returnees. Anyone who knows to work and learned to work they can freely work and there is no restriction for them.

P3: The people of our village with each other and care about each other problem. They give the priority to those who are poor.

Person 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Section B:

Governance and Participation:

Q 1: How effective is the government?

P1: The effectiveness of the government exists in our area and the police check points are available in our village and the security is entirely maintained.

P2: The effectiveness of security in our area is because the people are cooperative with the government. On the other hand, outside of our area and society there is no security at all.

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 2: Since the government has been elected, what changes have you observed in the areas of livelihood?

P1: There have been no positive changes in the livelihood areas of people because they are still busy in farming. And there have been no work opportunities as well as the chemical fertilizer price is high in the market.

P2: no help and donation has been done with the farmers even no improved seeds were distributed to them for cultivation.

P3: Since the government has been elected the positive changes that have occurred in our areas of livelihood is that schools were established and now our children's are studying and the security is maintained.

P4: Approves the thought above and do not have any personal view.

P5: I am a driver, the only problem is the corruption everywhere everyone gets bribe and without bribe they do not process the work.

Q 3: Are women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1: Yes, we consult with them regarding all issues, for example; if their sons and daughters are going to marry, buying and selling of goods and agriculture production as well as regarding small and big issues.

P2: Approves the thought above and do not have any comment.

P3: If we consult all the issues with the women and the decision has to be taken according to them, so then the pride and proud of people will demolishes, for example; if we want to wed our daughter to a boy and our wife have some other boy in her mind for her daughter so it is conflict. So the men should never elapse from his commitment against her wife's.

Person 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 4: How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies, national institutions?

P1: People get information concerning these issues from the media (Television, Radio), religious scholars, and saint of masjid (Mullah).

P2: Approve the thought above, and says that it is possible to get information from local community Shura, short workshops and trainings

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Section C:

Access to Livelihood/Social and Economic:

Q 1: How do you feel about the way land was allocated to the returnees?

P1: The lands which were allocated to the returnees. We are anxious about it because these lands belong to the people of our area and they have the land owing document holding in their hands. And these lands are illegally distributed to them.

P2: The returnees that come to the area of Naw abad Shashpool they are a big problem for us because they are strangers to us even they are strangers to each other. We feel in danger from living of them in our village.

P3: The lands that were allocated to the returnees are lands of the original residents and they hold the land owing documents. Injustice has been done to the original habitants of our area and their lands were surrounded by force. Therefore; the village of jarastoghai and shashpool is called (forcebuilt) area.

Person 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 2: Were there problems because some non-returnees did not have access to land?

P1: Regarding land we have many problems and anxiousness because the lands belong to us but with having a lot of problems they do not allocated us land. The strangers were brought here and lands were allocated to them.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 3: Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

P1: In our area yet no crime exists.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 5: Is employment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example; food for work and food for cash projects.

P1: Regarding this issue there is no problem between people because the work is assign to the one who deserves it whether they are returnees or local residents.

P2: The people of our area have unity and injunction with each other and are cooperative with each other and do not have any differences at all.

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 6: Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1: Returnees are more skilled and expert than the people of the society because they learn rug weaving and other skills while they were immigrants.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 7: Do you believe returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If yes, Please give examples.

P1: Yes, the services and resources to which local residents have access and returnees also have the right to access to these services and resources. And they do not have any problem accessing to it.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Section D:

Justice and Rule of Law:

Q 1: Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community?

P1: With living of returnees in our area it does not brings any changes in the society. The people were obeying the cultures and rituals same as they we obeying in the past. And they have respect to their past culture and rituals.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 2: How safe is it for women and girls to move around this community?

P1: Moving and patrolling of women and girls in the community is totally secured and we do not have any problem concerning it.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 3: What do you think would improve the safety of women and girls in this community?

P1: Sovereignty of law could assure the immunity of the girls and women in the society.

P2: Injunction, unity and education in the area could bring immunity and security in the society.

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 4: Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel during the night?

P1: Traveling of men neither during day nor during night is secure. When we are traveling outside of the society we feel safe till the area of (Sheebar) but after crossing this area we feel being in danger.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 5: Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1: Robbers destroy the immunity and security of the area.

Person 2, 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 6: What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1: If the check posts increases and the people cooperate with the government it will affect the immunity and security in the area in a positive manner.

P2: The government should provide work opportunities for both youths and other people in order to be busy with their works, so then it is possible that the security of the country will be maintained.

Person 3, 4, 5 approve the thought above and they do not have any personal comments.

Q 7: Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Any problems. What are they?

P1: The returnees create problems to us because they have surrounded our lands and collect our firewood and bushes.

P2: The advantage of the returnees in our area and coming of them in our area is that now we have school, clinic and other facilities because of them.

P3: The advantage of the returnees in the area is that the population increases and the security are maintained. Shops were constructed as well as we are also benefited from the projects which were established for the returnees.

P4: Their disadvantage to us is that they have surrounded our lands and we do not have lands.

Person 5 approves the views above and do not have any personal comments.

THE END

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 101

10. Moderator's and Taker

| | | |
|------|---------------------|------------|
| 1.13 | Facilitator's name: | Nafisa |
| 1.14 | Note taker's Name: | Aziza |
| 1.15 | Date of the FGD: | 16/07/2012 |
| 1.16 | Report Number: | 3 |

11. Area Information

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------|-----------|
| 2.1 | Reintegration site Name: | Shah Pul |
| 2.2 | Site Number: | 8 |
| 2.3 | Returnees: (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | Non –Returnees: (Yes, No) | |
| 2.4 | Gender (Male, Female, Mixed) | Female |
| 2.5 | GPS (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | If No see code. | |
| 2.6 | GPS location | |
| | Latitude: | 34 49 537 |
| | Longitude: | 67 57 730 |

12. FGD Outcome

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | FGD Completed (Yes, No) | Yes |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

The participants expressed their ideas they were honest in their speech and they showed their interest

| 4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team) | | | | |
|--|-------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 4.1 | Date of Interview | 16/07/2012 | | |
| 4.2 | Interviewer's number | Male Interviewer | | Female Interviewer CH-8 |
| | Supervisor's number | CH-5 | Regional Supervisor's number | |
| 4.5 | Date of office editing | 17/07/2012 | | |
| 4.6 | Office editor's code | CH-11 | | |
| 4.7 | Date of data entry | 12/8/2012 | | |
| 4.8 | Data entry officer code | 1 | | |

| List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D) | |
|---|-----------|
| Province | Bamyan |
| District | Center |
| Site Number | 8 |
| Village | Shash Pul |

| No | Name | Position | Occupation | Contact No | Age |
|----|----------|---------------|---------------|------------|-----|
| 1 | Zia Gul | Member of | Teacher | | 35 |
| 2 | Fatima | Member of | Health worker | | 30 |
| 3 | Roqia | Head of | House wife | | 45 |
| 4 | Marzia | Student | Student | | 18 |
| 5 | Fahima | Member of | Student | | 23 |
| 6 | Khadija | Member of | House Wife | | 25 |
| 7 | Gul Nasa | Assistant of | House wife | | 27 |
| 8 | Halima | Head of youth | Student | | 20 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

A: General Concern

What are your concerns related to the returnees?

A. Education

P1. There is school but there are security problems, there is no professional teacher. Most of the teachers are graduated from primary and middle school.

P2. There is not enough stationery in our school so students buy it from the market in the case that most of the students have weak economic conditions so they are not able to buy it.

P3. The teachers don't have enough teaching experience so they just waste their own time and the students' times.

P4. This is a mixed school; both boys and girls attend the same school so for the girls it is difficult to attend the same school.

P5. The other problem is that money is collected from the students for the paying of monthly rent of the school building and purchasing some materials which is a loss for students' families because every family has 4-5 students in school and they pay 250-300 Afs per month.

P6, P7, P8 agreed with the above mentioned comments.

Section B: Health Services

P1. There is one clinic which has a security problem and also there is no medicine within so there is one doctor in the clinic he has provided medicine privately to the patients against money.

P2. Agreed with the above mentioned idea and said "just during the day people have access to this clinic but during the night people don't have access to this clinic because there is no doctor in the night"

P3. There is not enough medical equipment and also there is no ambulance and the people are living in remote areas when they face any patient they can not carry to hospital because there are no vehicles.

P4. Agreed with the above mentioned ideas and said "the clinic doesn't have beds for patients and there is no special room for birth delivery."

P5. The doctor of the clinic is not professional. Whenever the women face any problems they refer to the midwife and the midwife also can not solve all problems of the women.

P6, P7, P8 agreed with the above mentioned ideas

C: Access to drinking water:

P1. There are more problems regarding to drinking water. Just the PRT dug two wells here but the water has acid so not use for drinking, therefore the people are using river water for drinking.

P2. Agreed with the above idea and said" water of the river is very dirty which cause different diseases to people specially to children and the river is very far so through donkey we bring water.

P3. P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 agreed with the above mentioned ideas.

E: Access to Shelter

P1. Due to weak economic situation the people can not build houses for themselves, even some people has land but they are not able to build houses on it.

P2. Due to lack of shelter 2-3 families living in one shelter which is really difficult.

P3. To build shelter needs more money and the people even can not find money for their daily expenses so it is difficult to make shelter for their self.

P4. Most of the people were not able to build shelter for themselves so they sold the land which was distributed to them.

P5. P5, P6 P7 and P8 confirmed the above mentioned ideas.

G: Access to employment opportunities:

P1. Some employment opportunities have been provided by NGOs for women such as vocational training, for example tailoring, handcrafts, embroidery and etc.

P2. Confirmed the above idea and said that some literacy courses and rug weaving training were also provided by NGOs.

P3. There are no any employment opportunities for people; there are some people that they have leant skills out of the country but here they are jobless because of no job opportunities.

P4. If the NGOs implement the projects here such as roads and streets construction, digging of deep wells these will provide job opportunities for people and also our community will be reconstructed.

P5. Our people don't have any job even they don't have land or livestock to keep them busy so all the day they are free.

P6. P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above mentioned ideas.

Q2: Do you believe that returnees and non returnees have equal access to all services?

P1. There is not any different between returnees and non returnees so both of them have equal access to all services.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** idea.

Section B: Governance

Q1. How effective is the governance?

P1. Government is effective here because they distributed lands to returnees, built school for us and built clinic here so all these show the effectiveness of the government.

P2. Different NGOs are working here so NGOs are also the partners of the government.

P3. If the government was not effective here we might have not come from Pakistan or Iran or we went to another region.

P4. P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above ideas.

Q2. Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in the areas of livelihood?

P1. Many changes have been occurred in our livelihood areas such as girls can attend schools, women can works in the organizations without limitations.

P2. This is a big change that the migrants have been returned to their own country and they work for the reconstruction of the country.

P3. Confirmed the above ideas and said” schools and clinics have been made and also some works are going on by government and NGOs”

P4. In my opinion the important and positive changes have been not occurred because till now our people use river water for drinking, the buildings for school and clinic have been made but there are not any professional teacher to teach the student and no any professional doctors to cure patients. Also the road form our village to Bamyan is in bad condition.

P5. P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above ideas.

Q3. Are women consulted on important issues? If yes, in which issues?

P1. Women are consulted in all issues, for example when they marry their daughter or son, when they buy or sell in goods and etc.

P2. Most of the people of our areas they consulting with their women so women are the advisors for the men because at any time and any problem men share ideas with women.

P3. Women are consulted in all those issues which are related to family because such issues belong to both men and women but they are not consulted in such issues which belong to just men such as village works, government works or any NGOs works and etc.

P4. P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above ideas.

Q4. How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies, national institution?

P1. People get information from radio and TV.

P2. People get information from health committee, youths and human rights and also twice in a week take information from Aina organization.

P3. P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above ideas.

Section C: Access to Livelihood

Q1. How do you feel about the way land was allocated to the returnees?

P1. We are very happy that the land was allocated to returnees and that was the main reason that they returned from the migration.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the above ideas. She did not have her own idea.

Q2. Were there problems because some non-returnees did not have access to land?

P1. In the first time there were some problems on the land that the local community said that their land were allocated to returnees but now there is no any problems.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q3. Does the community have problems with crimes? If yes, what types of crime?

P1. There are not any major crimes in the community.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q5. Is unemployment higher among returnees than non returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

P1. There is no difference between returnees and non returnees, both of them can work.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q6. Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1. Comparing to community members the returnees have more skilled workers because they were out side from the country and they have become skilled people, for example they are rug weavers, masons, carpenters and etc.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q7. Do you believe returnees and non returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give example?

P1. In my view the returnees and other people have the same access to services and resources.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Section D: Justice and Rule of law

Q1. Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community?

P1. No changes have been occurred.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q2. How safe is it for women and girls to move around this community?

P1. Moving around this community for women and girls is 100% safe, there is no problem.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q3. What do you think would improve the safety of women and girls in this community?

P1. If the government improved security and the people help the government there will be no problems.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q4. Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel during the night?

P1. Traveling outside the community during day is safe but during the night it is not safe.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q5. Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1. There is not any specific group to disturb the security situation but by unknown people the school students were poisoned.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q6. What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1. Government should increase the police checkpoints.

P2. If the local people help government the security will be improved

P3. P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q7. Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Any problems? What are they?

P1. Yes, when the returnees returned they have shared their skills with non returnees which they were learnt during the migration.

P2. The other benefit is that before the reconstruction works were not done but after that they returnees returned many works have been done. For example school and clinic were constructed; population was increased so now there is transportation from our village to Bamyan.

P3. P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Section E: Gender base violence

Q1. Can you tell us what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

P1. Till now we have not face any violence against the women and girls. Their rights are given to them in our community.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q3. How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from service providers?

P1. Girls and women are 100% comfortable while seeking help from service providers.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q4. If girl suffers violence is she likely to report it? If yes, to whom? If no, why?

P1. The girls have not been suffer yet from any violence, if it has been occurred at first they will refer to CDC and after that they will refer to government official.

Q6. How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

P1. According to Islamic law should be punished.

P2. According to government rules and regulation should be punished.

P2. P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and P8 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 102

13. Moderator's and Taker

| | | |
|------|---------------------|------------|
| 1.17 | Facilitator's name: | Nafisa |
| 1.18 | Note taker's Name: | Aziza |
| 1.19 | Date of the FGD: | 15/07/2012 |
| 1.20 | Report Number: | 2 |

14. Area Information

| | | |
|-----|------------------------------|-----------|
| 2.1 | Reintegration site Name: | Shah Pul |
| 2.2 | Site Number: | 8 |
| 2.3 | Returnees: (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | Non –Returnees: (Yes, No) | |
| 2.4 | Gender (Male, Female, Mixed) | Female |
| 2.5 | GPS (Yes, No) | Yes |
| | If No see code. | |
| 2.6 | GPS location | |
| | Latitude: | 34 46 677 |
| | Longitude: | 67 57 019 |

15. FGD Outcome

| | | |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|
| 3.1 | FGD Completed (Yes, No) | Yes |
|-----|--------------------------|-----|

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

The families who have come from other district to this village they can not participate the literacy courses but fortunately they can enroll their children in school, they have equal access to clinic, irrigation water and drinking water.

| 4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team) | | | |
|--|------------------|------------------------------|-------------------------|
| 4.1 Date of Interview | 15/07/2012 | | |
| 4.2 Interviewer's number | Male Interviewer | | Female Interviewer CH-8 |
| Supervisor's number | CH-11 | Regional Supervisor's number | |
| 4.5 Date of office editing | 16//07/2012 | | |
| 4.6 Office editor's code | CH-11 | | |
| 4.7 Date of data entry | 14/8/2012 | | |
| 4.8 Data entry officer code | 1 | | |

| List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D) | |
|---|-----------|
| Province | Bamyan |
| District | Center |
| Site Number | 8 |
| Village | Shash Pul |

| No | Name | Position | Occupation | Contact No | Age |
|----|-----------|----------------|------------|------------|-----|
| 1 | Anesa | Teacher | House wife | | 28 |
| 2 | Fatima | Assistant | House wife | | 35 |
| 3 | Fatima | Treasurer | House wife | | 38 |
| 4 | Nooria | Course student | Student | | 18 |
| 5 | Nafisa | Course student | Student | | 22 |
| 6 | Arifa | Mid wife | House Wife | | 30 |
| 7 | Gul Begum | Head of shura | House wife | | 40 |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |
| | | | | | |

Section A. Education

What are your concerns related to the returnees?

P1. There are problems regarding to school, for example there is no drinking water in the school and also the girls can not continue their study after 6th grade because the school is just to 6th grad.

P2. The construction work of the school building is not completed so it is not accommodated well. The teachers are not professional just they studied up to 6th and 9th grad and also they punish the students.

P3. The education system is not good because books and stationary are not provided for students and also the teachers don't have their daily lesson plans.

P4. There are not female teachers in the school and they male teachers can not teacher female students in good way.

P5. The high school is located very far from our village, therefore most of the girls and boys are deprived from education.

P6. sometimes the oils and biscuits are distributed in the school to students if any students absent in the distribution days the teachers do not give them their share and the teachers themselves take the students' rights.

P7. More rooms were occupied for administration office so now there are not enough rooms for teaching classes.

C. Access to drinking water:

P1. Just there is problem during the winter season because pipes of water become frozen.

P2. It is not serious problem because if there is flow of water during the day and night the pipes are not permanently frozen.

P3. In the winter season we bring water from 2 kilometer far place the problem is that he ways are block by snow.

P4. If the deep wells are dug this problems will be solved completely.

P5. P5, P6 and P7 confirmed the above ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

E. Access to Shelter

P1. There are more problems because the shelters which have been made by NGOs are not enough.

- P2.** Due to having small rooms the shelters which have been made by NGOs not good for living.
- P3.** Some of the community people also have shelter problems so lands should be distributed for them.
- P4.** Lands should be distributed to us in the Shash Pul because we are the neediest.
- P5.** We the original residents of Shah Pul but for no one of us land has been distributed and no one has constructed shelters for us.
- P6.** One group of our women went to presidency of migration and UNHCR office, there they promised us to give us land but they have not distributed us yet.
- P7.** Confirming the above mentioned ideas.

K. Access to irrigation water

- P1.** There are many problems regarding to irrigation because there is shortage of water and there is not any basic dam.
- P2.** The dam has been constructed in the past but it has not been repaired yet. People of the village are not able to reconstruct the dam to solve their irrigation problems.
- P3.** Local people reconstructed this dam last year with clay and grass but it was damaged in the middle of the year.
- P4.** Most of the time conflicts are occurred on irrigation water because there is shortage of irrigation water. If the streams and dam are constructed this problem will be solved.
- P5.** Due to lack of water 60 to 70 jeribs of land is left from cultivation.
- P6.** This year also people were not able to cultivate their lands completely because of no water.
- P7.** Confirmed the above mentioned ideas and requested from the government to solve their irrigation problems.

J. Road

- P1.** The road is in bad condition which is constructed by villagers from village to main road so we are walking from village for 2 or 3 hours to reach to the road.
- P2.** Due to bad condition of the road rents of the vehicles are high so people can not pay then they are going by their feet.
- P3.** During the winter season this road has very bad condition so vehicles can not go on it.
- P4.** If the road is in good condition the rent of the taxi maybe 50 Afs while now it is 150 Afs.

P5. Because of no road our farmers do not cultivate vegetables. If we cultivate vegetables we can not carry to market on time.

P6. If the road is good our lands will become expensive and it will cause to promote economic condition of the villagers.

P7. Most of the people use their donkey for transportation purpose because there is no common road.

Section B: Governance

Q1. How effective is the governance?

P1. Government is effective here, people live in peaceful situation.

P2. Our children going to school without any problems and the clinic was also built.

P3. Women rights are equal to the men and special consideration is taken to women.

P4. If the government was not effective here we might have not come from Iran so the government is good.

P5. The government is good because some facilities were provided such as solar system was provided to villagers and the villagers have access to communication system.

P6. Some people have their shelters.

P7. Going from one province to another province is easy.

Q2. Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in the areas of livelihood?

P1. Security has been provided.

P2. Development projects have been implemented.

P3. Clinic and school were constructed and drinking water was provided.

P4. People can take their rights from government or other people.

P5. Most of the people have TVs here. They have access to media.

P6. People have got awareness regarding to election so they can participate in the election.

P7. Awareness has been provided to people regarding to health, children, mother, school and etc.

Q3. Are women consulted on important issues? If yes, in which issues?

- P1.** Most of the time women are consulted in all issues.
- P2.** If any work is done inside the family women are consulted.
- P3.** In the implementation of the developmental projects women are not consulted.
- P4.** Some people share their ideas with women and take their ideas in the implementation of the developmental projects.
- P5.** Women are consulted in the issues which are related to livestock and agriculture.
- P6.** Women are not consulted in the works of school and clinic but they are consulted in awareness regarding to children, mother and literacy courses.
- P7.** Women make half of the community therefore they should be consulted.

Section C: Access to Livelihood

Q1. How do you feel about the way land was allocated to the returnees?

- P1. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7** says “ here for the returnees no land is allocated”.

Q2. Were there problems because some non-returnees did not have access to land?

- P1.** There is no any special land for returnees so the community people don't have any problems with them.
- P2.** If equal shares are given to returnees and community people there will no problems.
- P3, P4, P5, P6** and **P7** confirmed the above ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q3. Does the community have problems with crimes? If yes, what types of crime?

- P1. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7** there are not any major crimes in the community.
- Q4.** How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies, national institutions?
- P1.** We get information from Mullah Imam of the Masjids.
- P2.** We get information from elders of the village.
- P3.** We get information from teachers and from students.

P4. We get information from TVs and radios.

P5. **P6,** and **P7** confirmed the above mentioned.

Q5. Is unemployment higher among returnees than non returnees? For example food for work and food for cash project?

Note: The whole group did not give us the answer.

Q6. Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1. Comparing to community members the returnees have more skilled workers because they were out side from the country and they have become skilled people.

P2. Returnees have more skills in work for cash and work for food.

P3, P4, P5, P6 and **P7** confirmed the above ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q7. Do you believe returnees and non returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give example?

P1. Yes, the returnees and other people have the same access to services and resources.

P2. All the people have the same access to the services and resources.

P3. All people have the same access to school, clinic and developmental projects

P4, P5, P6 confirmed the above ideas.

P7. Also I can say that it is a problem that in the higher classes the students are not enrolled without formal letter from any school.

Section D: Justice and Rule of law

Q1. Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community?

P1. No changes have been occurred.

P2. P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 and **P8** confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Q2. How safe is it for women and girls to move around this community?

P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 and **P7** say “Moving around this community for women and girls is 100% safe, there is no problem”.

Q4. Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel during the night?

P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 and **P7** say Traveling outside the community during the day and night is safe but during the night there is just danger from wild animals.

Q5. Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1, P2, P3, P4, P5, P6 and **P7** say “Taliban and previous commanders”.

Q6. What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1. Till now there are no any security problems and the people should try to improve the security.

P2. Government should take care of the security.

P3, P4, P5, P6 and **P7** confirmed the above ideas.

Q7. Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Any problems? What are they?

P1. Yes, for some of them the shelters were built.

P2, P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 confirmed the above ideas and they did not have their own ideas.

Section E: Gender base violence

Q1. Can you tell us what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

The whole group said that till now we have not face any violence against the women and girls. But there are some problems that some families do not let their girls to school or they punish them.

Q3. How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from service providers?

P1. women are girls are happy from the human rights department and women affairs department.

Q6. How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

P1. He should by punished by government

P2. Should be punished according law

P3, P4, P5, P6, P7 confirmed the **P1** ideas and they did not have their own ideas.