LEBANON: RRP6 MONTHLY UPDATE — DECEMBER 2014



KEY FACT OF THE MONTH

Persons provided with legal counselling exceeded end-2014 target

HIGHLIGHTS:

Some 13,400 Syrian refugees were registered in December, and 12,590 were awaiting appointments, bringing the total number of Syrian refugees registered or awaiting registration to 1,146,405. The average waiting period countrywide increased from 13 to 21 days. The number of newly registered refugees increased for the first time since July, although the number of persons registered in December was over 70% lower than the monthly average number of registrations over the first six months of the year. The significant decrease is primarily a result of entry into Lebanon having become more difficult for Syrians.

In December, legal awareness sessions were provided to approximately 9,667 individuals, which is an 12% increase compared to the previous month. The total number of refugees that participated in legal awareness sessions in 2014 stands at over 124,000 persons, exceeding the target for the year. With continued high needs for individual legal counseling, some 2,070 individuals benefited from legal counseling, a 77% increase over the previous month, largely a result of intensification of counseling in respect to the gratis regularization process.

Since the beginning of the year, 35.436 persons have been provided individual legal counseling, meeting the end of year target. In December, over 20,689 individuals, over 60% of whom were female, benefited from empowerment activities, primarily group information sessions to increase awareness of available services and assistance. In 2014, almost 195,000 persons benefited from these types of activities, exceeding the yearly target by almost 40%. In December, 57 persons were submitted for resettlement or humanitarian admission. By the end of the year over 7,304 persons had been submitted for solutions in a third country, exceeding the end of year target of 7,000.

		Average waiting					
Governorate	ı	Registered	Awaiting	period	Total		
Beirut & Mt Lebanon	Persons 🛊	320,024	7,824	24 days	327,848		
	Households 🏠	81,298	2,679	24 uays	83,977		
North	t	285,235	529	11 days	285,764		
	€ Table	70,210	218		70,428		
D-L	t	404,914	3,882	20 1	408,796		
Bekaa	₩.	90,932	1,125	20 days	92,057		
	ŧ	136,232	355	9 days	136,587		
South	îi	30,344	107		30,451		
Total Lebanon	Ť	1,146,405	12,590	21 days	1,158,995		
Total Lebanon	₩.	272,784	4,129	21 days	276,913		

Leading Agencies: UNHCR - David Welin—welin@unhcr.org **Reporting Agencies**:

NEEDS ANALYSIS:

While targeting new registrants, registration will focus on the process of renewal/verification in order to update data and foster accuracy. Efforts to improve access to registration will continue through various modalities, including transport support to registration facilities.

Following the introduction by the Government of a gratis regularization period, legal aid partners have intensified their awareness and counseling activities, ensuring that as many refugees as possible are aware of the regularization process and can make an informed choice to regularize their stay in Lebanon. Messages regarding regularization are being harmonized and a mass information campaign on regularization will be rolled out.

Systematic protection monitoring by sector partners will contribute to increased analysis of common protection issues and trends countrywide. Particular attention has been, and will be, devoted to the continued high number of evictions affecting vulnerable refugee families throughout the country. Monitoring of eviction trends has been reinforced through improved information collection tools across the country, and the protection sector is coordinating with the shelter sector, particularly through field based Eviction Committees/Technical Groups.

As evident in falling registration numbers, restrictions on entry imposed at border points have significantly reduced the number of Syrians and PRS gaining admission to Lebanon. In light of the restrictions, intensified border monitoring and border interventions will contribute to persons seeking international protection having access to territory. It will also aid in the sharing of information on the border situation as well as in developing advocacy messages regarding border policies.



Source: figures reported above reflect the information reported to Sector Coordinators by Partners participating in Working Groups























































