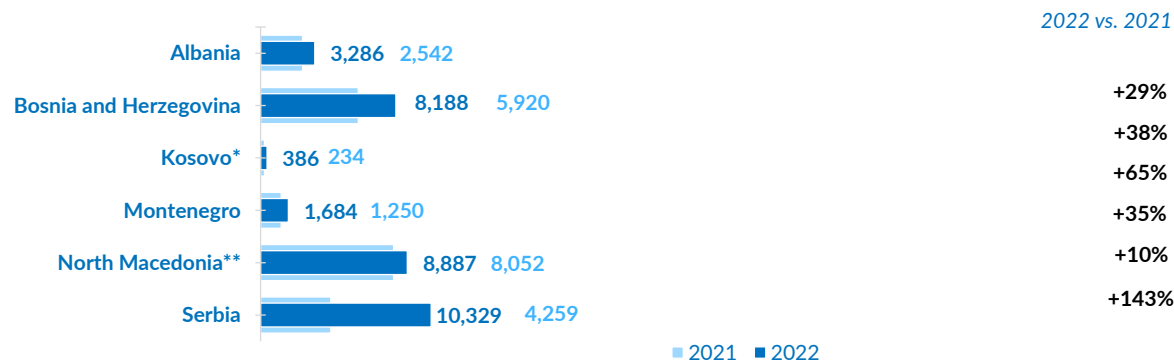


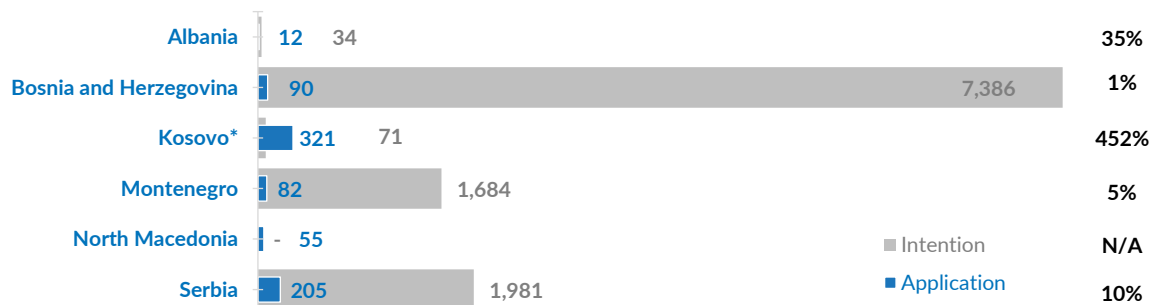
## Key figures at Regional level

New arrivals: January-June 2022 vs. January-June 2021



## Asylum statistics in the Western Balkans in 2022

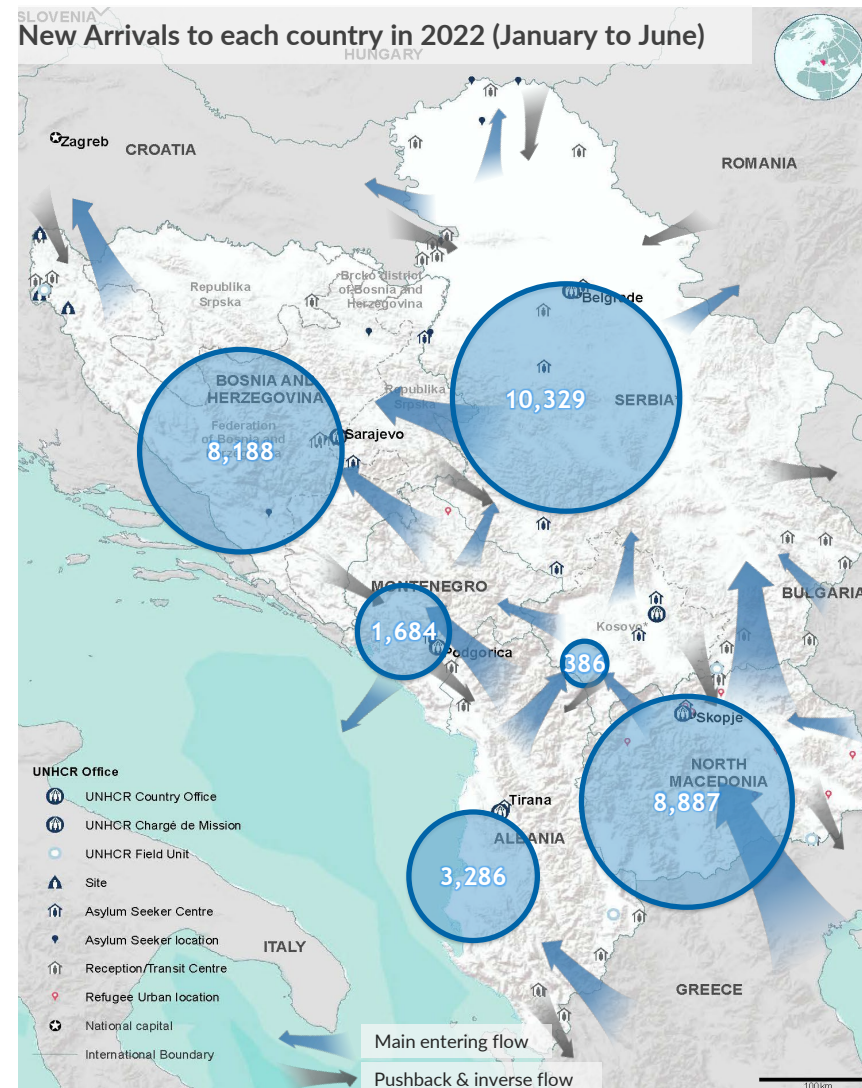
Intentions to seek asylum: 11,156    New asylum applications: 765    Application vs. Intention\*\*\* 7%



Estimation of Persons of concern in Mixed Movement in the region as of 30 June: **12,002**

Between January and June 2022, some 12,000 refugees and migrants were estimated to have transited through the Western Balkans subregion as part of mixed movements. Given the nature of movement of these persons, including as a result of pushbacks and/or reverse flow, UNHCR's uses data on arrivals to estimate how many persons are a part of mixed movements (MMs) in a given time period.

\* Includes Serbia and Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]). The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.  
 \*\* for North Macedonia, data on arrivals are not official government data, they are UNHCR estimation based on different sources and do not imply official endorsement by UNHCR  
 \*\*\* 4 countries are having an asylum policy with a procedure including Intention before the application to asylum (Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, and Serbia).



Includes Serbia and Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]). The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations

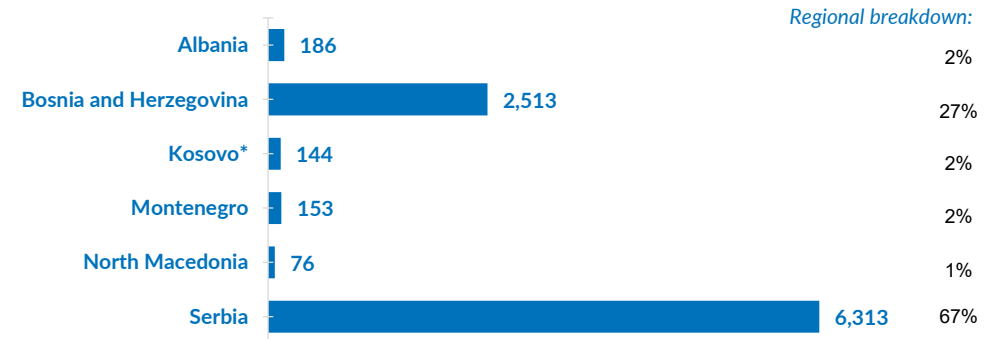
Note: Data presented in this dashboard is collected by UNHCR in the Western Balkans subregion, including data collected by UNHCR Public Information focal points, data collected through Border Protection Monitoring (BPM), as well as monthly arrival and asylum statistics provided by authorities in each country. This data should not be considered final and may change as per the latest updates made available by the authorities. Persons in Mixed Movements (MMs) are considered 'new arrivals' as a part of irregular flow. Data on irregular arrivals and transit of persons through the countries in the Western Balkans may contain double counting of the same persons. It is, therefore, advised not to use the sum of these figures.

## Persons of concern present at the end of June in each country:

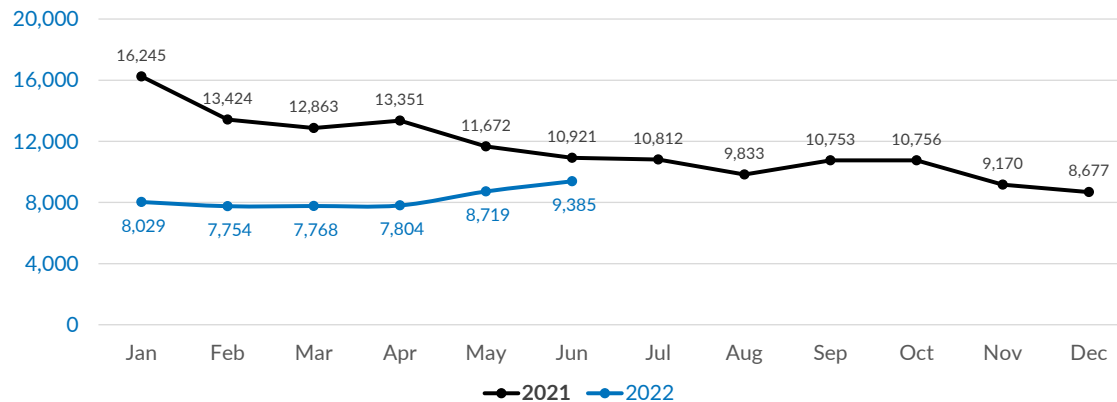
**9,385**

Some 9,400 persons were present in the Western Balkans subregion as of end June 2022, including 303 unaccompanied and separated children (UASC). Of these, 67 per cent were present in Serbia, followed by Bosnia and Herzegovina (27 per cent), Albania, Kosovo and Montenegro (two per cent each) and North Macedonia (one per cent). This also include estimated number of persons present outside those government-run centres.

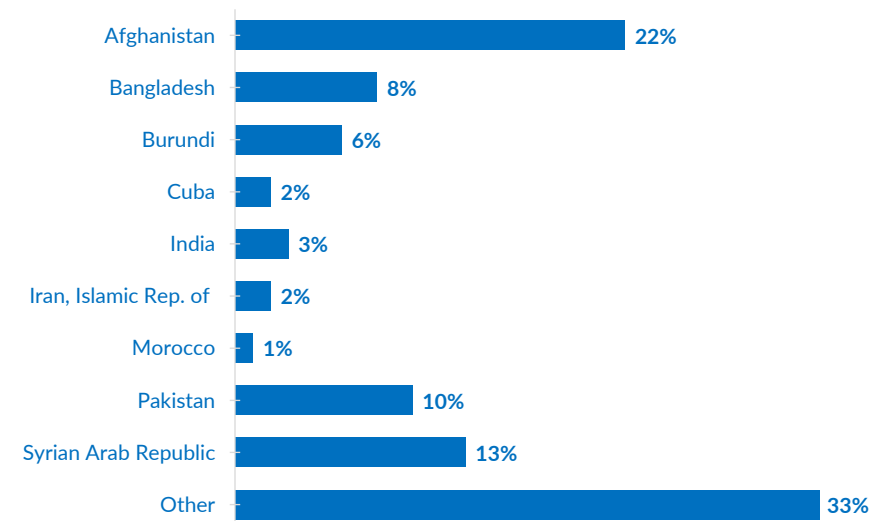
Persons of concern present in the Western Balkans countries are accommodated in government-run centres; IOM-run centres, asylum-seekers and persons granted international protection in asylum centres and persons on the move in transit centres.



## Persons of concern present at the end of reporting period by month:



## Most common nationalities of Persons of concern present at the end of June in the Western Balkans region



## Number of unaccompanied or separated children present at end of the reporting period:

**303**


\* Security Council Resolution 1244 (1999)