Sexual and Reproductive Health Sub-Sector

OBJECTIVE:
This Gender Monitoring Dashboard is a monitoring tool that provides evidence on to what extent Health Sector benefits equally women, girls, boys, and men [WGBM] refugees under humanitarian programming. It has been developed based on available data / information shared by partners on ActivityInfo and other useful resources as: Regional Indicator report, Gender and Age Maps, ISWG and COVID-19 Refugee Response monthly updates, Sector Work Plan, etc.
Data is analysed using several M&E tools: GAM, Availability, Accessibility, Acceptability, and Quality, the Age, Gender and Diversity (AGDs) reflecting differences that may exist between the sexes, clarifications, and thus formulate appropriate recommendations.
With the dashboard information and recommendations, we can refine gender lenses with sector annual planning reflected into work plan for 2022.

1. Situation of the Sub-Sector on Gender:
The SRH concerns with all individuals (Women, Girls, Boys and Men [WGBM]) throughout all life stages and concentrates on implementing the integrated comprehensive SRH package that crosscuts with three important principles which is equity in access, quality of care and accountability, as these principles fundamentally a matter of respecting protecting and realizing the human rights including the health right to be appropriate and responsive to gender and life cycle requirements. So, Gender equality and the empowerment of girls and women will not be possible without the realization of sexual and reproductive health and rights.

| 1st Indicator: number of SGBV survivors who access medical care. | - Strengthening the capacity of 22 health care providers through conducting 2 CMR (clinical management of rape) trainings. |
| 9 women. | - Awareness for WGBM from different age groups. |
| 0 men | - ANC, PNC, and family planning for females in reproductive age. |
| 1 girl | - Providing couple counselling for both males and females. |
| 0 boy | - Improving the realization of sexual and reproductive health rights awareness and the quality of SRH services, Women rights about SRH services. The women rights awareness to enable them to decide the time and the number of pregnancies and to decide to use family planning. |
| 2nd indicator: number of provided antenatal care visits. | - Ensuring that sexual and reproductive health and rights are a reality for all by Engaging men, girls and boys as well. |
| 36,301 women. | - SRH health services awareness about SRHR for adolescents and youth, for parents and adults (WGBM). |
| 5,302 girls. | - Awareness about Family planning services and benefits for women and men. |
| 3rd indicator: number of beneficiaries received FP methods. | |
5th indicator: number of beneficiaries reached with health awareness services.
353,194 beneficiaries.
6th indicator: number of deliveries in presence of skilled attendant.
5,747 beneficiaries (women + girls).
7th indicator: number of health care provider trained to provide clinical management for GBV survivors.
7 participants (males and females’ participants).

2. Gender Analysis [according to GAM & Workplan]

This section is strategy related: what is the sector focus and how gender is formulated in that strategy, then analyse whether the achievement of your sector is in line with the strategy aiming to report on how the sector is performing against targets and strategy [please liaise with the sector chair to confirm what are the more important activities related to each category (WGBM) and check the figures related to those activities].

- Check the progress of the sector against the GAM
- Check the progress of the sector against the SGFPN Workplan
- The left column is for the sector strategic response towards gender. The right column is for the GAM and Workplan.

- It is recommended disaggregating all indicators in future to be analyzed to ensure the good utilization of the inserted information and check on the progress as well, especially that most indicators such as awareness sessions are provided to WGBM, in addition that family planning methods are provided to men in some cases, as taking the decision of the family planning requires both partners.
- Few numbers of SGBV survivors access medical care which is due to reporting issues.
- Two indicators are related only to females (Antenatal and delivery indicators).

3. Any other relevant topic

- N/A

- Most of the mentioned indicators above are filled as total number without disaggregation. This means that most of the indicator’s details are not available regarding category, only two indicators are disaggregated by Age group.
- Ensure the engagement of men and boys as partners in gender transformative change by ensuring that sexual and reproductive health and rights are for all.
- It is recommend disaggregating all indicators in the Activity - info in the future to be well analyzed.