EUROPE SITUATIONS: DATA AND TRENDS
ARRIVALS AND DISPLACED POPULATIONS

NOVEMBER FIGURES (1-30 NOVEMBER 2021)

CUMULATIVE FIGURES¹ (1 JANUARY - 30 NOVEMBER 2021)

113,485 estimated arrivals
2,561 estimated dead and missing at sea

NORTHWEST AFRICAN MARITIME ROUTE²
20,421 arrivals
no arrivals by land
1,002 dead and missing

WESTERN MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE³
18,601 arrivals, of which
1,138 by land
362 dead and missing

CENTRAL MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE⁴
63,641 sea arrivals
no arrivals by land
1,178 dead and missing

EASTERN MEDITERRANEAN ROUTE⁵
10,822 arrivals, of which
4,493 by land
19 dead and missing

Total monthly arrivals through the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes

Yearly arrivals (rounded)

¹ Dead and missing figures refer to the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes. Information is compiled from a variety of sources, the quality and reliability of which can vary. While every effort has been made to ensure that all statistical information is verified, figures on some arrivals, as well as dead and missing at sea, represent an estimate. Triangulation of information and sources is performed on a continuous basis. Therefore, amendments in figures may occur, including retroactively.
² Includes sea arrivals in Canary Islands (Spain) via the Atlantic Ocean.
³ Includes sea and land arrivals in Spain via the Western Mediterranean route.
⁴ Includes sea arrivals in Italy and Malta.
⁵ Includes sea and land arrivals in Greece and sea arrivals in Cyprus.

Includes Serbia and Kosovo [S/RES/1244 (1999)]. The boundaries and names shown, and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.
ARRIVALS TO EUROPE

In November, some 14,800 refugees and migrants arrived in Europe via the Mediterranean and Northwest African maritime routes, a slight increase (3%) compared to October, while overall arrivals from January through November 2021 (113,500) have increased by 28% compared to the same period last year (+24,600 people). It is worth noting that, according to data available to UNHCR as of 30 November, only 3% of all arrivals to Europe through the Mediterranean routes in 2021 were Afghans.

Some 700 refugees and migrants arrived in Greece via land and sea this month, 30% less than in October. The overall number of arrivals in Greece from January through November 2021 was nearly 46% lower than in the same period last year, as allegations of pushbacks at land and sea borders continued. Turkish authorities reported rescuing or intercepting some 3,600 refugees and migrants at sea in November, a 35% decrease compared to October. In addition, some 255 refugees and migrants arrived by sea in Cyprus this month, 43% less as compared to October (449).

For more information, please visit https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/mediterranean

SOUTH EASTERN EUROPE7

Some 1,700 persons arrived in or transited through the subregion as part of mixed refugee and migrant movements in November, 45% less than in October. From January through November 2021, 27,950 people arrived in or transited through the subregion, 45% fewer than in the same period in 2020. Out of overall arrivals so far in 2021, some 5,700 were Afghans, a 61% decrease compared to the same period last year (some 14,600).

In November, 95 persons submitted an asylum application, a 19% decrease compared to October. 6 positive first-instance decisions were issued in November (1 refugee status and 5 subsidiary protection status), while 29 applications were rejected and 64 were closed, as the applicants were no longer present in the country of application. As of the end of November, 513 asylum applications were still pending across the subregion.

So far this year, 85 positive first-instance decisions have been issued (33 refugee status and 52 subsidiary protection status). 165 asylum applications were rejected, and 926 asylum applications were closed after the applicants absconded from the asylum procedure.

For more information, please visit http://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/southeasterneurope

OTHER SITUATIONS

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Turkey</th>
<th>Ukraine</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Refugees</td>
<td>4 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asylum-seekers</td>
<td>330,000</td>
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<tr>
<td>% of Syrians among the refugees</td>
<td>98.6%</td>
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<tr>
<td>Internally displaced persons8</td>
<td>734,000</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Refugees</td>
<td>2,300</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Asylum-seekers</td>
<td>2,700</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Stateless persons</td>
<td>35,900</td>
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<tr>
<td>Other persons of concern9</td>
<td>1.62 million</td>
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</tbody>
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For more information, please visit the UNHCR Turkey Operational Update October 2021

For more information, please see the UNHCR Ukraine Operational Update October 2021

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7 For more information, please visit https://data2.unhcr.org/en/datasets/211?sv=0&geo=0

8 Includes Albania, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Montenegro, North Macedonia, Serbia and Kosovo (S/RES/1244 [1999]).

9 Residing more permanently in government-controlled areas (GCA) and non-government controlled areas (NGCA).

10 Estimated number of vulnerable, conflict-affected persons living along the ‘contact line’ in government-controlled areas (GCA) and non-government controlled areas (NGCA), Protection Cluster, UNHCR - December 2020.