

PAKISTAN DISPLACEMENT TRENDS ANALYSIS

UNHCR has consulted with a network of Key Informants in the refugee community and other stakeholders to gain an overview of the displacement trends following the announcement of the withdrawal of foreign troops. Where possible, household level interviews have been conducted to gain further insight into the reasons for flight, key concerns whilst residing in Pakistan and intentions to return. This information is further complemented by the data collected at the time of receiving new asylum applications for registration with UNHCR.

The Key Informants advised of 1,847 HHs/9,290 individuals arriving in their communities between 1 April and 10 September. UNHCR was able to interview 910 households/3,341 individuals, which includes 557 households/1,352 individuals, who approached UNHCR directly seeking asylum. The main places of origin include Kabul (20%), Nangarhar (19%), Laghman (10%) and Ghazni (10%). 82% of interviewed households indicated that the main reasons for flight are general or specific security threats, which is largely consistent with the findings from Key Informants for the wider group of new arrivals. 100% of interviewed households indicated that they did not intend to return. The top key concerns listed by the interviewed households are access to shelter (24%), livelihoods (23%), access to medical assistance (23%) and food (20%). Of those that have been interviewed by UNHCR, 54% are Pashtun, 31% are Hazara and there are smaller numbers of Tajik (11%) and Turkmen (2%). 75% of interviewed households reported not to have any family links in Pakistan and 94% are living in urban areas. 91% of interviewed households crossed into Pakistan through Chaman border and 49% reported to have no documentation.

This overview is not an outline of the overall flow of border movements and does not purport to estimate the total number of new arrivals to Pakistan during the reporting period.

KEY INFORMANT INTERVIEWS

1,847

ARRIVED HHs

9,290

ARRIVED INDIVIDUALS

47%

MALE

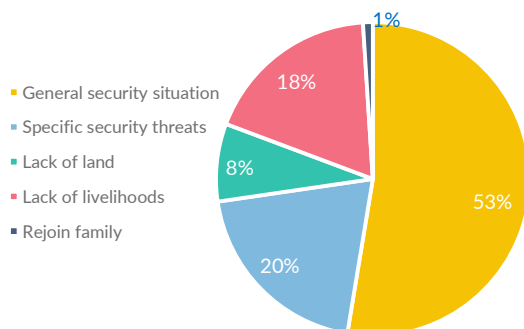
53%

FEMALE

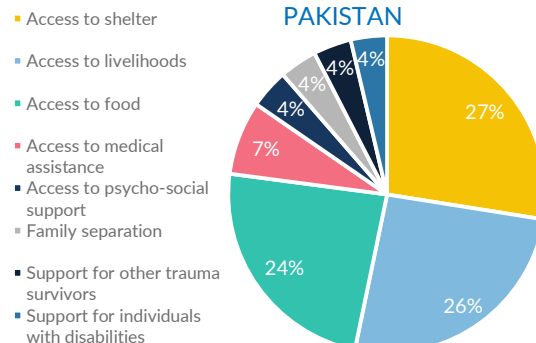
37%

CHILDREN

MAIN REASONS FOR FLIGHT



CONCERNS RAISED BY HOUSEHOLDS IN PAKISTAN



HOUSEHOLD-LEVEL INTERVIEWS

901
INTERVIEWED HHs

3,341
INTERVIEWED INDIVIDUALS

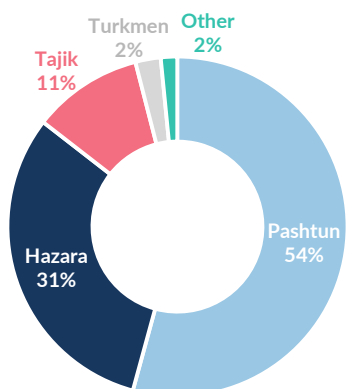
56%
MALE

44%
FEMALE

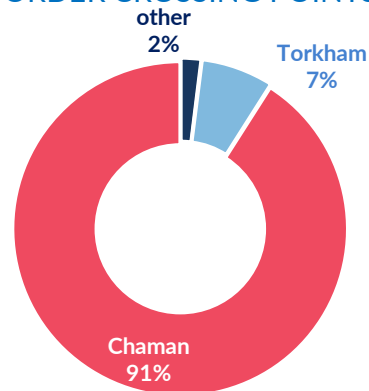
45%
CHILDREN

POPULATION PROFILE

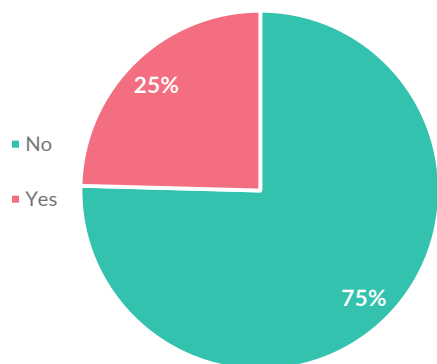
ETHNICITY



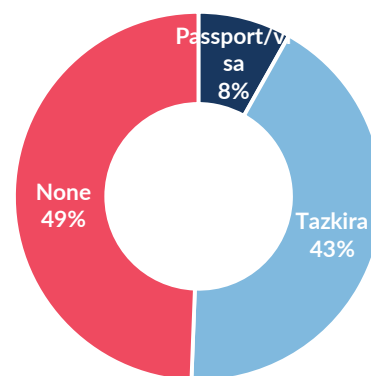
BORDER CROSSING POINTS



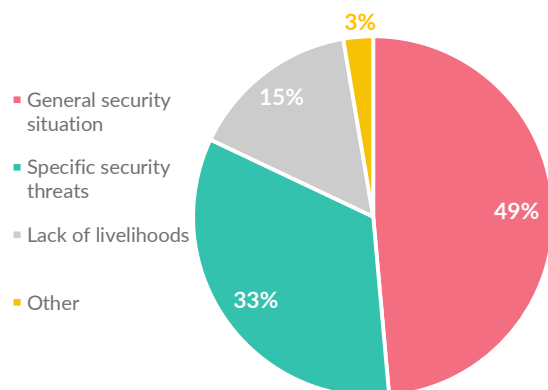
FAMILY LINKS IN PAKISTAN



DOCUMENTATION USED TO CROSS THE BORDER



MAIN REASONS FOR FLIGHT



CONCERNS RAISED BY HOUSEHOLDS IN PAKISTAN

