UNHCR, ACTED, AVSI, CARE, KMSS, JRS, MDF, SCI, UNICEF and WV organized Rapid Needs Assessment (RNA) targeting 120 pre-identified new IDP sites across Demoso, Hpruso and Loikaw Townships in Kayah State and Pekon, Pinlaung and Taunggyi Townships in Shan(South) State from 3 to 18 June 2021.

Due to the deterioration of the security environment and lack of access, partners could only reach 75 IDP sites which represent 60% of the initial target. 13 out of 75 locations (17%) are urban settings. During the field visits, partners assessed sectoral needs. RNA used key informant interviews and observation methodologies.

All IDPs were displaced for less than 40 days, which signifies that their displacement is caused by the recent growing insecurity. Out of 73,000 IDPs covered by the RNA, 54% are women and 48% are children. Over 3,400 IDPs with specific needs were identified during the RNA.

Urgent humanitarian needs are Protection, Health, Shelter/NFIs, WASH and Food Security

75 IDP Sites and an Estimated 73K IDPs assessed

For Further information, please contact Info. Mgmt. Unit of South East Myanmar Working Group(SEWG) thought this email address myayaim@unhcr.org

The boundaries shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the endorsement of the United Nations.
1. Advocate for humanitarian access to and life saving assistance at all IDP locations

2. Ensure immediate response to needs of vulnerable groups

3. Strengthen community based responses - in particular for hard-to-reach areas

4. Promote enhanced inter-agency coordination to respond effectively to needs identified

5. Continued monitoring of emerging protection and humanitarian needs
### Total # of IDPs

- **Demoso**: 40,701
- **Pekon**: 17,072
- **Loikaw**: 9,576
- **Hpruso**: 5,270
- **Pinlaung**: 60
- **Taunggyi**: 36

### # of host community members vs IDPs per townsh

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>Host Community</th>
<th>IDPs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>13,663</td>
<td>40,701</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>6,876</td>
<td>17,072</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>3,780</td>
<td>9,576</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>716</td>
<td>5,270</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>36</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### # of IDPS by age/gender

- **Children**: 29,076 (13,207) vs 12,283 (54%)
- **Adult**: 25,490 (13,147) vs 9,945 (46%)
- **Elderly**: 24,327 (2,722) vs 2,099

#### Age Groups
- 0-5 months: 489 vs 424
- 6-23 Months: 653 vs 644
- 2 years: 664 vs 644
- 3-4 Years: 1,245 vs 1,185
- 5 Years: 1,480 vs 1,510
- 6-11 years: 3,885 vs 3,605
- 12-17 Years: 4,791 vs 4,271
- 18-25 Years: 5,153 vs 2,673
- 26-49 Years: 4,333 vs 3,590
- 50-59 Years: 2,722 vs 2,099
- 60+ Years: 2,722 vs 2,099

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
Accessibility challenges were observed in nearly 80% of IDP Sites

- Presence of Military
- General Insecurity
- Presence of many Check Points
- Indiscriminatory Shooting
- Road Blocking
- Road Destruction

Among the 75 location – 9 are accessible only by foot and motorbike and one is accessible by foot.
South East MYANMAR Working Group (SEWG)

Kayah/Shan (South) States Rapid Needs Assessment

Priority Needs

03 - 22 June 2021

Top 5 immediate needs by key informants

- Food Items: 71
- Health Care: 55
- NFI: 36
- WASH: 26
- Shelter: 22

Top 5 immediate needs by interviewer’s observation

- Health Care: 50
- Food Items: 43
- WASH: 36
- Shelter: 20
- NFI: 16

Priority needs by key informants and observations

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
# Kayah/Shan (South) States Rapid Needs Assessment

### Humanitarian Assistance

**Access to humanitarian aid**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th></th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>28</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>13</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Type of Humanitarian Assistance delivered by Township**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Protection</th>
<th>Child Protection</th>
<th>Food Security</th>
<th>Health</th>
<th>NFI</th>
<th>Shelter</th>
<th>Nutrition</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>39</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>8</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>10</td>
<td></td>
<td>3</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td>13</td>
<td></td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
<td>9</td>
<td></td>
<td>4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**% of humanitarian assistance delivered by sector**

- **Food Security**: 47%
- **Health**: 23%
- **NFI**: 13%
- **Protection**: 6%
- **Shelter**: 10%
- **Nutrition**: 1%

**Source**: RNA data from the partners  
**Feedback**: myayaim@unhcr.org
Kayah/Shan (South) States Rapid Needs Assessment
Access to Information and Communication

Main source of information

- Community events: 7%
- SMS: 33%
- Radio: 10%
- Facebook: 21%
- Family, friends, community/reliabil.: 29%

# of Information needs (Top 10)

- Weather Conditions: 75
- Security in the Locality: 52
- General news: 51
- Security at home: 50
- Get water: 49
- News at home: 46
- Access to Transport: 41
- Get health care: 30
- News at school: 30
- Access to aid: 29

Connectivity (service providers)

- MyTel: 32%
- Telenor: 45%
- Ooredoo: 22%
- J1. GSM/CDMA: 2%

Access to telecom services by Township

- Demoso: 12 (No), 20 (Yes)
- Loikaw: 20 (Yes)
- Pekon: 13 (Yes)
- Hpruso: 4 (No), 3 (Yes)
- Pinlaung: 0 (No), 0 (Yes)
- Taunggyi: 0 (No), 0 (Yes)

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
### Security incidents experienced per village tract

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village Tract/Town</th>
<th>Demoso</th>
<th>Loikaw</th>
<th>Pekon</th>
<th>Hpruso</th>
<th>Taunggyi</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Security concern reporting per township</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Security incidents</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>8</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>7</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>3</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>1</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Security incident type in displacement per township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village Tract/Town</th>
<th>Security incident type</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>8 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>3 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>5 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>4 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>1 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>2 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>2 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>1 (Armed clashes)</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org

The boundaries shown and the designations used on this map do not imply the endorsement of the United Nations.
Key Observations

- 4 out of 75 IDP sites are with 0 bathroom facilities
- 73% of IDP sites have no gender segregated living space
- 72% of IDP sites are without gender-sensitive bathrooms
- 38% of IDP sites have sign of open defecation
- 50% of IDP sites have 0 common waste dump
- 45% of IDP sites have roaming livestock
- 10% of IDP sites pose security risks (e.g. check points etc.) when collecting firewood/water
### Difficulties or risks faced by children or adolescents

- **Yes** 39%
- **No** 61%

### Difficulties or risks faced by persons with disability and elderly

- **Yes** 72%
- **No** 28%

### Difficulties or risks faced by women and girls

- **Yes** 68%
- **No** 32%

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#### Safety and Security
- No gender segregated living space and lack of privacy
- Unsafe water collection in forest because of presence of armed elements and wild animal

#### Health and wellbeing
- Insufficient food supply
- Lack of hygiene and sanitary kits
- Poor health condition due to weather
- Psychological trauma from hearing fighting
- Unable to access healthcare facility

#### Potential for negative coping mechanism
- Absence of learning opportunities
- Lack of employment opportunities

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#### Access, safety and security
- Absence of specific mobility equipment (e.g. wheelchairs)
- Difficulty in communication (i.e. persons with hearing impairment)
- Disability-unfriendly temporary living structure and bathrooms
- No transportation for mobility

#### Health and Wellbeing
- Access to mental health care
- Absence of elderly person dignity and hygiene materials (e.g. adult diapers)
- Insufficient clothes including warm clothes
- Psychological insecurity (e.g. anxiety)
- Unable to access health institutions and medications for chronic diseases
- Unable to access medicines and health institutions
- Lack of appropriate food for persons with specific needs

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#### Safety and Security, GBV risks
- No gender sensitive bathrooms
- No gender sensitive living space and lack of privacy
- Unable to access information

#### Wellbeing and dignity
- Absence of hygiene and sanitary kits
- Insufficient clothes
- Insufficient food supply
- Poor living condition leading to poor health
- Psychological insecurity (e.g. anxiety, stress)
### Educational Needs

#### Top 5 Educational Needs

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Need</th>
<th>Percentage</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Learning materials</td>
<td>20</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>To study with safety and security</td>
<td>18</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Lack of interest to attend school</td>
<td>14</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Teachers</td>
<td>12</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>School year delay</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

#### Other Priority Educational Needs

- Frequent changes in education system
- Nutrition
- Psychosocial support
- Safety of parents
- Still in displaced site/temporary shelter
- Does not mention
- School Building
- Stationary
- Early marriage
- Support to open school
- Livelihood
- Hopeless for their ambition
- Good education system for the ethnic people even with their language
- Support for school enrollment
- No school for higher education in rural area
- Worry about education system (Under military administration)
- Support for school enrollment

---

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
### Availability of food items at markets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Rural</th>
<th>Urban</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>31</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>10</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>14</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>1</td>
<td>0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Food stock availability per Township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Less than a week</th>
<th>1 to 2 weeks</th>
<th>2 to 4 weeks</th>
<th>More than 4 weeks</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>2K</td>
<td>3K</td>
<td>3K</td>
<td>1K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>1K</td>
<td>1K</td>
<td>0K</td>
<td>1K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>0K</td>
<td>1K</td>
<td>1K</td>
<td>0K</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>1K</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### # households per food stock availability by Urban and Rural Locations

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Availability</th>
<th>Rural</th>
<th>Urban</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>None</td>
<td>2,997</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Less than a week</td>
<td>2,806</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>1 to 2 Weeks</td>
<td>3,397</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>2 to 4 weeks</td>
<td>4,658</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>More than 4 weeks</td>
<td>2,253</td>
<td>507</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
Access to health care (fixed post or mobile)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Location</th>
<th>No</th>
<th>Yes</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>9</td>
<td>23</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>5</td>
<td>15</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>11</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>3</td>
<td>4</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Top 5 health concerns

1. Seasonal Flu 58
2. Diarrhea 43
3. Medical supply 29
4. Chronic diseases 13
5. Insufficient medicine 8

Other Health Concerns

- Emergency for pregnant women
- Elderly health care
- COVID-19
- Malaria
- Trauma
- High blood pressure
- Baby and mother health care
- Skin infection
- Prevention measures
- Medication for HIV patients
- Preventive measures needed
- TB
- Diarrhea
- Insufficient medical workers and physicians
- Transmission disease COVID-19 TB diarrhea
- Prevention measures needed
- No medicine for elderly people suffering from health diseases in vulnerable groups

Source: RNA data from Partners Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
Access to functional market

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village Tract/Town</th>
<th>Village/Ward Name</th>
<th>Site Name (if any)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>20</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>5</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>11</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

NFI sufficiently available at markets

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Village Tract/Town</th>
<th>Village/Ward Name</th>
<th>Site Name (if any)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>32</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>11</td>
<td>9</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>14</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>7</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
Urgent need for emergency Shelter by Township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Damaged Houses</th>
<th>Total Needs</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>3,167</td>
<td>7,230</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>762</td>
<td>1,236</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>760</td>
<td>1,165</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>565</td>
<td>942</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>10</td>
<td>60</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>4</td>
<td>33</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Total Needs = 10,573

Source: RNA data from Partners  Feedback: myayaim@unhcr.org
## Kayah/Shan (South) States Rapid Needs Assessment

### Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (Out of 75 IDP sites)

**Source:** RNA data from Partners  
**Feedback:** myayaim@unhcr.org

### Number of functional latrines by township

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Township</th>
<th>Number</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Demoso</td>
<td>3351</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pekon</td>
<td>619</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Loikaw</td>
<td>285</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Hpruso</td>
<td>180</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Taunggyi</td>
<td>6</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Pinlaung</td>
<td>2</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### Daily amount of drinking water available

- **Sufficient:** 47%
- **Not Sufficient:** 53%

### Daily amount of water for cooking available

- **Sufficient:** 53%
- **Not Sufficient:** 47%

### Available sources of water

- **Waterpoint (Tap, pond, com...**
- **Handpump**
- **Ground tank**
- **Overhead tank**
- **Rainwater Collectin**
- **611**

### Distance to the water source by Site (mile)

- **St. Anth...**
- **Daw Bo...**
- **Law Hlar...**
- **Chay Daw...**
- **Lai Yin (Hon...**
- **Nanattaw ca...**
- **Ta Nee Lar Le...**
- **Kay Hlar...**
- **Khaw Tha...**
- **Khu Pa Yar...**
- **Nang Paw...**
- **Near pond...**
- **Nil**
- **Pan Pet**
- **Saung Du Site**
- **Yu Sa Mo So...**

### Time to reach the water source by Site (minutes)

- **St. Antho...**
- **Daw Bo...**
- **Law Hlar...**
- **Chay Daw...**
- **Lai Yin (Hon...**
- **Nanattaw ca...**
- **Ta Nee Lar Le...**
- **Kay Hlar...**
- **Khaw Tha...**
- **Khu Pa Yar...**
- **Nang Paw...**
- **Near pond...**
- **Nil**
- **Pan Pet**
- **Saung Du Site**
- **Yu Sa Mo So...**

**Source:** RNA data from Partners  
**Feedback:** myayaim@unhcr.org