Voluntary repatriation of Afghan refugees
(as of 30 June 2021)

4.32 MILLION approx
Number of Afghan refugees assisted through voluntary repatriation programme since 2002

781,873
Number of households assisted through voluntary repatriation programme since 2002

70% Azakhel 30% Baleli
*% of Refugee returnees through voluntary repatriation centres (VRCs) in 2002

414
RETURNEES TO AFGHANISTAN FROM JAN-JUN 2021

107 Households

$USD $80,000
Cash grants provided by UNHCR (Through Encasement Centre) from Jan-Jun 2021

100% Baleli 0% Azakhel
*% of Refugee returnees through voluntary repatriation centres (VRCs) in 2021

Place of intended return (Top 5) **Reasons for leaving Pakistan (Push Factors)

- Kunduz: 32%
- Sar-e-Pul: 20%
- Balkh: 14%
- Faryab: 7%
- Kandahar: 5%

- Loss of livelihood/Socio-economic challenges: 71%
- Strict border entry requirement: 13%
- Fear of being deported: 11%
- Other: 5%

Place of Residence in Pakistan

- Balochistan: 310
- Sindh: 89
- Punjab: 9
- Khyber Pakhtunkhwa: 6

Reasons for return to Afghanistan (Pull Factors)

- Reunion with the family/relatives: 54%
- Rebuilding life at home: 27%
- Employment opportunities: 15%
- Improvement in Security situation: 4%

ASSISTED REPATRIATION IN 2021

AGE AND GENDER COMPOSITION

- Women & children: 66.7% 1%
- Men & adults: 37.2% 44%
- Persons with specific needs: 4.3% 0%

- Male: 53.4%
- Female: 46.6%

- 0-4: 22.5%
- 5-11: 14.7%
- 12-17: 4.3%
- 18-69: 13.8%
- 60+: 6.3%

BREAKDOWN BY ETHNICITY

- Pashtun: 282
- Uzbek: 77
- Tajik: 38
- Turkmen: 9
- Hazara: 8

MONTHLY VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION TRENDS (2020-2021)

The figures in this map reflect returns assisted through voluntary repatriation centers (VRCs) in Pakistan and the intended place of return in Afghanistan since 2002.

YEARLY VOLUNTARY REPATRIATION TRENDS (2002-2021)

Discretionary: the boundaries and names shown and the designations used on the map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.