

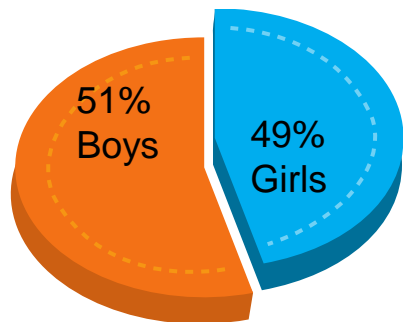
# Solutions and Resilience Section Briefing

## Inter Agency Coordination Meeting – 20<sup>th</sup> November 2020

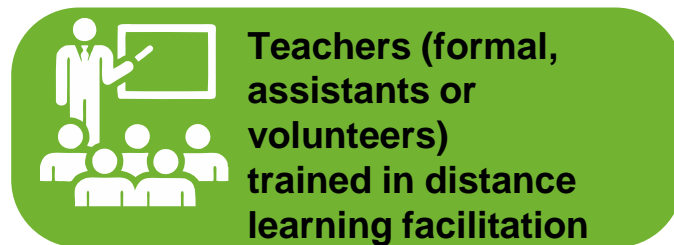
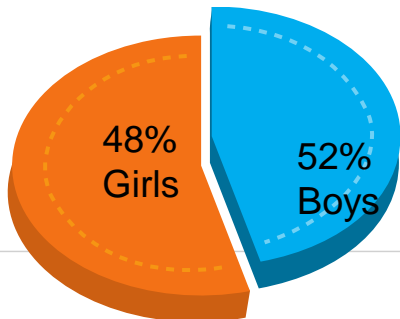
Miriam Malmqvist: Chief of Section

# COVID-19 Education Response: Indicators (Apr-Aug)

477,758 children accessed distance learning in any form



1,127 children with disabilities supported



# COVID-19 Education Response: Indicators

- **10,322** children in ECD accessed distance learning in any form
- **420,185** children in PRIMARY accessed distance learning in any form
- **35,085** learners in SECONDARY accessed distance learning in any form
- **12,166** learners in ALP accessed distance learning in any form
- **998** children with **disabilities** in **PRIMARY** and **128** in **SECONDARY** supported



# School reopening: SOPS & new realities

Temperature guns



Kena Valley Primary school, Bidiibidi

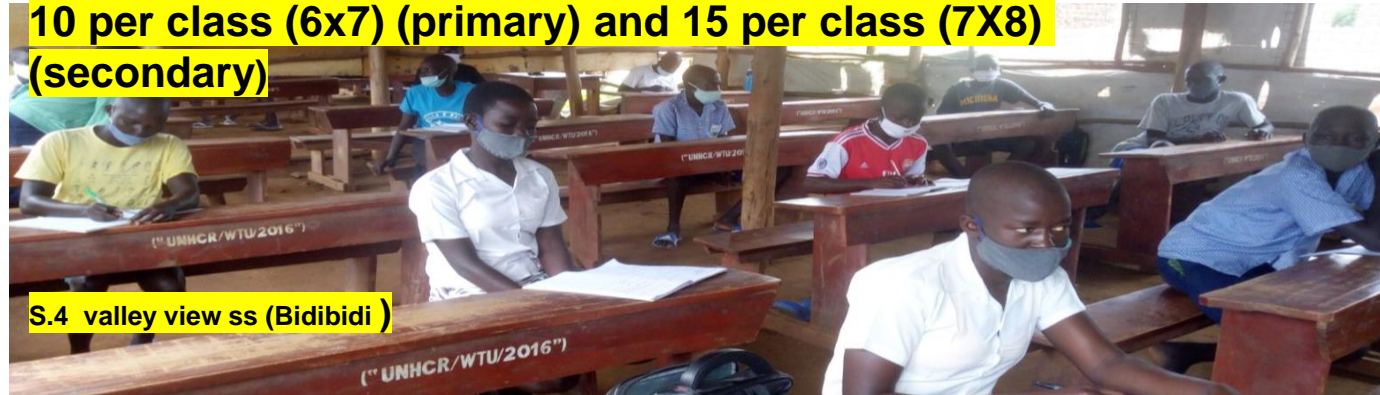
Hand washing stations & sanitizers



Alaba Primary ( Bidiibidi )

Estimated over **13,600** refugee children and over **3,000** host community children in refugee areas have returned

10 per class (6x7) (primary) and 15 per class (7X8) (secondary)



S.4 valley view ss (Bidibidi )

# Key considerations

- Back to school campaigns targeting girls particularly
- Phase 2 learning materials printing and supply
- Assessment and response to critical learning gaps
- Supplementary teaching, catch up classes, accelerated learning vital
- Specific attention to protection and MHPSS

# Livelihoods

Livelihoods and self reliance is a prioritized areas of intervention due to the reduction of lifesaving food assistance and the impacts of COVID-19 leading to :

- Increase in household food insecurity
- Disruption of supply chains for both farm and non-farm activities
- Closure of IGAs and waning savings.
- Reduced the ability & opportunity for refugees to work, produce & sell
- Closure stagnation of the livelihood support programmes that were in the settlements .

# Ongoing and Planned Activities

Strategy applies a short and medium-long term approach that enables a flexible response during emergency situations while establishing the first-miles of development to allow for the communities to transition into self-reliance.

- The strategy builds on and supports initiatives that
  - a) increase food security and incomes to households through subsistence farming and largescale agricultural value chain activities.
    - Short-term/emergency activities in form of critical productive assets, e.g. planting materials- **ongoing**
    - Large scale farming of profitable value chains –**Planned** for Yumbe and Adjumani
    - Facilitate the formation of producer cooperatives- **Planned** for Yumbe , Adjumani and Arua
  - b) increase employment opportunities through wage and enterprise development by building on the existing skill sets in the communities and supporting quick impact labor intensive -Income generating activities such as
    - Production of face masks by refugee tailoring groups -**ongoing**
    - Production of underwear by refugee tailoring groups for women of reproductive age – **ongoing/ upstream preparations**
    - Production of certified soap by trained refugee groups for hygiene promotion activitie- **ongoing /upstream preparations**
    - Construction and environmental conservation activities- **ongoing**
  - c) Engage in advocacy and information sharing activities with Private sector actors and relevant government agencies on issues of refugee right to work, access to work permits , access to business, extension and financial services etc.-**Ongoing**

# WASH

- Shift in management of water supply to Utility approach
- Refugee Response anchored within the Ministry of Water and Environment Coordination Structure
- Water and Environment Refugee Response Plan Secretariat
- Humanitarian Development Nexus projects in Refugee Hosting Districts



# Energy and Environment

- Development of Sustainable Energy Response Plan
- Collaboration with National Forestry Authority on Seedling Production and Conservation efforts in CFRs
- Energy Access Projects in refugee settlements: GoU and Private Sector