Refugees and asylum seekers in Agadez

Background

Niger is situated in a geopolitically sensitive area linking the Sahara Desert with the Sahel, and West with Central Africa. The country has become a major hub for mixed movements northwards to Libya, Algeria and the Mediterranean while at the same time witnessing an increasing number of people fleeing Libya or being deported from Algeria on Nigerien territory. In response to the complex humanitarian and security situation in Libya, Niger is increasingly turning into an alternative space for protection, including for the asylum-seekers and refugees who fail to reach Europe. UNHCR works with the Government in order to find solutions that enable refugees to live their lives in dignity and peace. They can include voluntary repatriation, resettlement and local integration.

Owing to the role of Niger as a transit country, the UNHCR Niger operation has opened a new office in Agadez in 2017, scaling up its operational capacity to give a response to those in need of international protection within mixed migratory flows.

Role

UNHCR’s main objective is to ensure that people in need of international protection have access to asylum. Therefore, UNHCR invests in the structural strengthening of the Nigerien asylum system. Moreover, UNHCR gives assistance to people under its mandate and aims to find durable solutions, such as resettlement, local integration or voluntary return to the country of origin if the security conditions allow. Complementary legal pathways, such as family reunification, study visa or humanitarian evacuations are also examined.

In Agadez, UNHCR continues to invest in strengthening the national Refugee Status Determination (RSD) system through financial and human support, so to enhance its technical capacity to conduct RSD effectively and efficiently.

UNHCR is working closely with the regional authorities to strengthen the protection of refugees and asylum seekers, who have continued to increase in number since the end of 2017. As of 24 July 2020, 1,086 people, mainly Sudanese nationals, have been identified as in need of international protection, and registered by UNHCR in Agadez. Of these people, 24% had been previously biometrically registered by UNHCR in another country or dispose of refugee cards issued in other countries, mainly Chad.

65% of PoCs have asylum-seeker status, while 35% of them are already provided with refugee status, in Niger or elsewhere. 3% are unaccompanied and separated children (UASCs), some have reportedly been the victim of exploitation, torture and human trafficking (258 PoCs - 22% have specific needs). The most vulnerable are hosted in 3 guesthouses in Agadez by UNHCR where they receive immediate protection and assistance, while the majority are hosted in a Humanitarian Centre built in the outskirts of Agadez on a 5ha site managed by UNHCR and partners. With the dire human rights situation in Libya, the number of persons of concern reaching Agadez may continue to increase.
Philosophy of Care

Many of the persons of concern (PoCs) in Agadez have suffered severe trauma due to torture, sexual violence and slavery whilst in their country of origin and/or in Libya. In order to adequately respond, UNHCR works mainly with partners APBE, COOPI, INTERSOS, FORGE ARTS and MEDU to provide psychological and psychosocial support through specialized services (primary health care, psychosocial support, SGBV and Child Protection services, including education....), as well as recreational and creative activities to support traumatized persons to cope with their traumas and learn to manage and resolve deeper issues, such as post-traumatic stress disorder (PTSD), depression, fear for their future or rage for their waiting situation.

COVID-19

On March 20th, 2020 the General Directorate of Civil Status suspended interviews of asylum seekers in Agadez except for new and emergency cases for which only registration continued in strict compliance with the COVID-19 preventive measures.

Despite the country’s lockdown and the stop of activities such as resettlement, relocation and ICRC family tracing, RSD interviews conducted by UNHCR personnel continued with strong preventive measures put in place (use of masks, handwashing, disinfections of the facilities etc...).

By May 25th, 2020, restrictions have been lifted and UNHCR activities have fully restarted. From May 02nd, 2020 to July 28th, 2020 and according to sanitary authorities (DRSP) only 96 positive COVID-19 cases have been confirmed in the Agadez region, with only 1 death case.

To prevent the spread of the virus Health implementing partner APBE, with the support of UNHCR, continues to conduct sensibilization of the refugees on a regular basis. By the beginning of the COVID-19 outbreak, 1320 persons have received sensibilization sessions, among them 270 women.
Legal framework in Niger

- The asylum system is substantially strengthened, with a focus on timely registration and refugee status determination (RSD) in liaison with the competent authorities;
- People of Concern in mixed movements are aware of protection services available in Niger and can access them;
- Effective protection is available for identified persons of concern coming from mixed movements;
- Niger has ratified the 1951 Geneva Convention and the 1967 Additional Protocol. It is also a State Party to the 1969 OAU Convention as well as the 1954 Convention on the Status of Stateless Persons;

Achievements so far

- UNHCR has established a proactive cooperation with the regional authorities in Agadez and has managed to increase the presence of the competent authorities, notably the General Directorate of Civil Status, Refugees and Migration (DGEC-RM) / Ministry of Interior) responsible for refugee status determination;
- UNHCR, IOM and the Government of Niger have signed a Memorandum of Understanding in 2017 on the identification and referral of persons of concern of information and assistance;
- Thanks to the Regional Development and Protection Programme for North Africa (RDPP-NA), between 2016 and 2019, key actions aimed at strengthening the asylum system in Niger were implemented namely: capacity-building of Government officials on refugee status determination (RSD) standards and procedures, recruitment of 10 eligibility agents trained by UNHCR and embedded in GoN structures, improved capacity to process RSD and finally providing assistance and protection services to PoCs in Agadez. Currently, 986 RSD cases have been treated and finalized, while only 84 cases are still being processed.
- As of June 2020, with the support of the RDPP-NA III, a one-week comprehensive training session on RSD standards and procedures has been dedicated to 33 members of the first instance
eligibility body in Dosso (22-26 June). At today and thanks to the training session, the CNE continues to hold sessions in Dosso and has adjudicated 104 cases including 79 from the Agadez caseload, with 73 of them having obtained refugee status.

- UNHCR has constructed a humanitarian center built several kilometers outside of Agadez. This facility is equipped with over 330 refugee housing units, community kitchens and offices for staff working on the site. Currently 894 PoCs are hosted within the center while other 192, mostly vulnerable cases, live in the city of Agadez, where 3 guesthouses are available.
- UNHCR is engaged in cross-border exchange with Chad and Sudan to develop a comprehensive framework for readmission and voluntary repatriation;

**Planned response**

- Continue identification of persons of concern among mixed migratory movements, including through a range of referral instruments;
- Promote community-based protection, in order to identify persons with specific needs (unaccompanied minors, victims of sexual or gender-based violence, pregnant women, etc);
- Support the Government of Niger in conducting timely registration of asylum seekers, followed by refugee status determination and issuance of individual documentation;
- Accommodate and care for most vulnerable asylum-seekers, including unaccompanied and separated children (UASCs), SGBV survivors, persons with mental or physical disabilities, etc;
- Promote Mental Health and Psychosocial Support (MHPSS) to traumatized and vulnerable persons of concern, through continuing education, learning activities, psychological support, recreational and creative group sessions;
- Strengthen peaceful coexistence between the host population and the refugees/asylum seekers in Agadez;
- Promote access to solutions (asylum, readmission, repatriation, regularization of stay) for the different groups identified in the mixed movements.
- Develop an education/training support strategy for refugee and asylum seeker children in collaboration with UNICEF;
- Implementation of the new Food Strategy within the Humanitarian Centre, following the Action Plan UNHCR/APBE/DRECM and according to PoCs requests and needs.

**Challenges**

- UNHCR remain in constant dialogue with the authorities to strengthen the peaceful coexistence of the asylum seekers and the host community;
- People continue to be expelled from Algeria to Niger. This increases pressure on the region and can have a negative effect on social cohesion. July 24th, 2020 a nonofficial convoy arrived in Assamaka with 361 persons expelled by Algeria, among them 17 Nigeriens. UNHCR helps those amongst the expelled in need of international protection;
- Harsh weather conditions and sand/rainy storms are becoming more frequent and dangerous. During the last weeks, about 10 PoCs hosted in the Humanitarian Centre suffered superficial wounds and several RHUs have been damaged due to a violent windstorm.

**Partners**
Donors

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