Overview

The sector’s ultimate goal is to ensure that refugees and hosting populations have safe and sufficient access to quality water and to improved sanitation and hygiene services, including at household level and in institutions such as schools and health facilities. More efforts are needed to shift from a humanitarian to a market-driven and development approach vis a vis the implementation of WASH programmes, with people’s needs and the environment at the centre of any intervention.

The Ministry of Water and Environment, Catchment Management Committees and District Local Governments is leading the planning, design, implementation, operation and maintenance of WASH initiatives in respective areas. The government sector response plan, currently under development, will guide interventions in refugee-hosting districts.

Improving cost-effectiveness of delivering water and sanitation services remains a key priority, including through optimization of existing infrastructure and adoption of appropriate digital technologies for installing and monitoring solar/hybrid systems at water sources.

Key indicators

![Graph showing Key indicators]

Objective: Access to water supply for refugees and hosting populations improved

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('20)</th>
<th>against annual target</th>
<th>or standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Litres per person per day</strong> (Q1 average)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>10.8</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>19.4</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Burundian refugees</td>
<td>19</td>
<td>19</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water meeting minimum quality standards</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>&lt; 95%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>&lt; 95%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Burundian refugees</td>
<td>95%</td>
<td>&lt; 95%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water pumped through renewable energy</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>11%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>33%</td>
<td>68%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Burundian refugees</td>
<td>19%</td>
<td>56%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
**Objective: Access to sanitation and hygiene services for refugees and hosting population improved**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('20)</th>
<th>against annual target</th>
<th>or standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Household latrine coverage</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(as of Mar.)</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>63%</td>
<td>88%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>65%</td>
<td>75%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Burundian refugees</td>
<td>80%</td>
<td>86%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Institutional sanitation facilities constructed** |        |                       |      |             |
| (Q1)                                           |        |                       |      |             |
| - Congolese and other refugees               | 179    | 811                   | 25% |             |
| - South Sudanese refugees                    | 162    | 331                   | 88% |             |
| - Burundian refugees                         | 4      | 17                    | 23% |             |

**Objective: Institutions for effective management and provision of water and sanitation at national, regional and lower levels considering refugee settlements and host communities**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('20)</th>
<th>against annual target</th>
<th>or standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>Water schemes designs reviewed, optimized and approved by Ministry of Water &amp; Environment</strong></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>66%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>- Burundian refugees</td>
<td>0%</td>
<td>100%</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

| **Water schemes under management of utilities (e.g. NWSC)**               |        |                       |                       |             |
| - Congolese and other refugees                                           | 6      | 12                    | 50%                   |             |
| - South Sudanese refugees                                                | 0      | 22                    | 0%                    |             |

**Catchment Management Committees inclusive of refugees**

| - Congolese and other refugees                                           | 0      | 13                    | 0%                    |             |
| - South Sudanese refugees                                                | 0      | 10                    | 0%                    |             |
| - Burundian refugees                                                     | 0      | 1                     | 0%                    |             |

**Partners**
