Financial literacy toolkit for Refugees

Kristina Jervell







Methodology

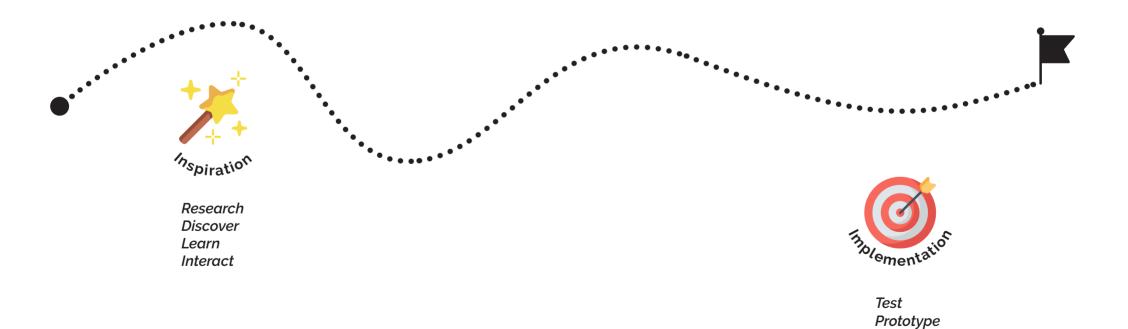


Organize findings Define Prioritize

Human centred design

Creative problem solving

Implement Scale





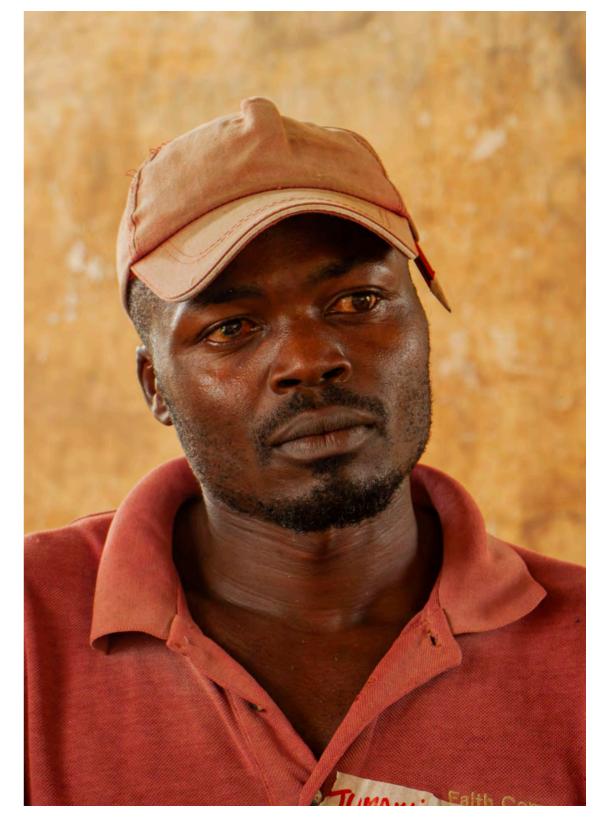
Project goals

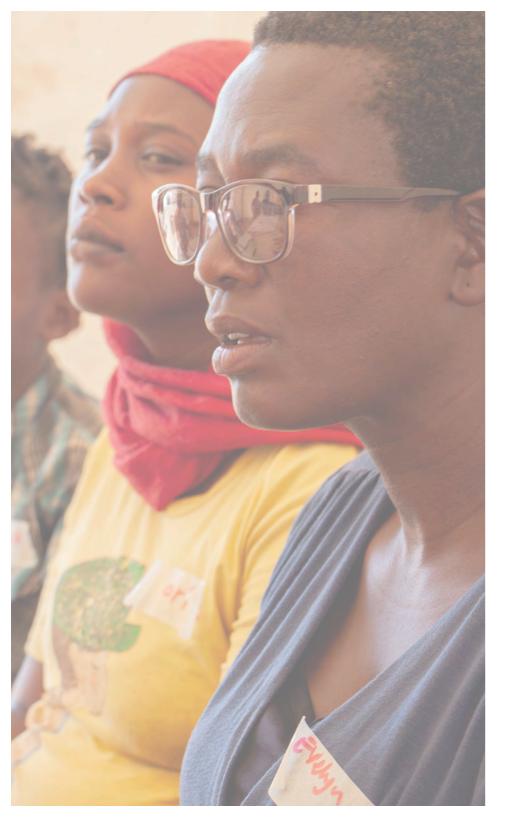
'Less is more' Universal product Self sufficient solution Adapted to the context No monetary rewards

Stories Adapting to a life as a refugee

'There is a big difference, it is difficult to adapt to the place. How to survive without any activity. No water, no food. I studied sound engineering. And I was working at my father's shoe shop.' Fred, 33 ,Congo

'Life was good back in Congo, I was schooling there. I lost my father during the war, not sure if he is dead. Here, I cannot say we are in good life. There are no jobs. We just try to use our talents to make little money. Here I cannot plan for future.' Idrissa, 21, Congo





Curriculum review

A 5-week training 2 times a week = 4 hours Foundation & advanced course

Based on:

Global Financial Education Programme

World Food Programme Module 2

DanChurchAid & Mercy Corps Training on Financial Literacy

AVSI & Care International *Financial Education Manual*

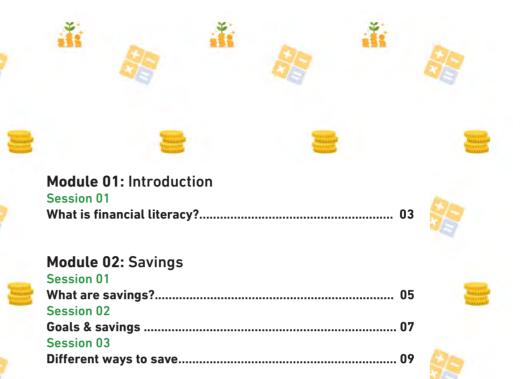
VSL Associates Programme Guide to Village Agents and Income Generating Activities

GiZ Financial Literacy for Smallholder Farmers

Finn Church Aid Business Training Manual

Content Module 1 to 4





Module 03: Personal finance management

Session 01	
Setting financial goals	13
Session 02	
Making a budget	15
Session 03	
Making spending decisions	18 🚬
Session 04	18
Daily cash tracking	20 🏼 🎽

Module 04: Financial services

Session 01	
Financial services	23
Session 02	
What is mobile money?	25
•	

Content Module 5 to 7



111	111 I		188
Module 05: In selection, plan	ncome generati	ing activit	ties:
Session 01		gement	
Define an income	generating activit	ty (IGA)	
Session 02			
Selecting an IGA.			

2

Ť

Ť

2

Ť

ili

Module 06: Investments

Ť

3

Ť

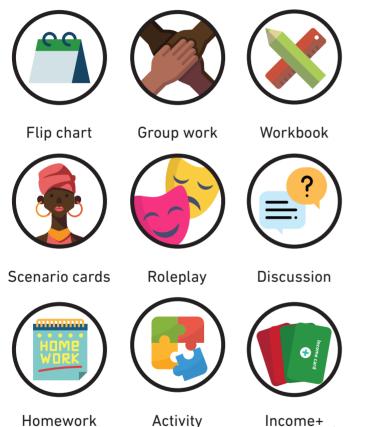
ili

Session 01	
What are investments?	41
Session 02	
Planning your business	43

Ť

.....

Approach **Proactive learning**



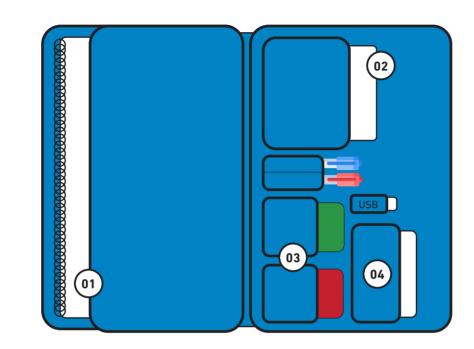
Homework

Income+ expense cards

Active teaching & learning

Participatory approach Trainers as mentors A motivated mindset & attitude Knowledge as a reward Focus on behavioural change Realistic goal setting

Trainer's toolkit





Curriculum & workbook(s)





Income & expense cards



Scenario cards

Flip chart

Income vs. expenses





Date

Expense

+	+
+	+
+	+
+	+
+	+
+	+
+	+

Income

Weekly total: = =

Workbook

Learning by doing Practice, practice, practice!

Templates to copy into the notebook: Goals & savings Daily cash flow tracking Income vs. expenses Family budget Planning your business Important factors to consider when choosing a lender

Daily cash tracking

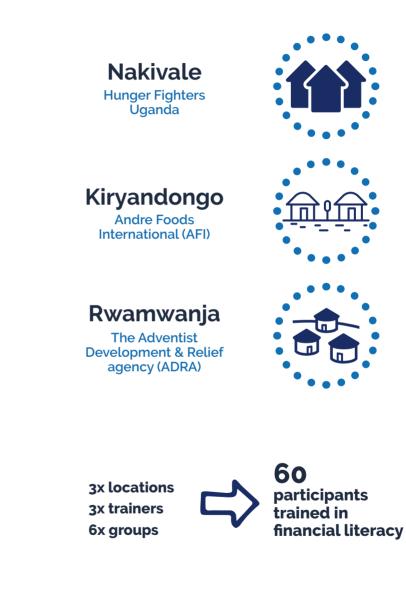
Important factors to consider when choosing a lender

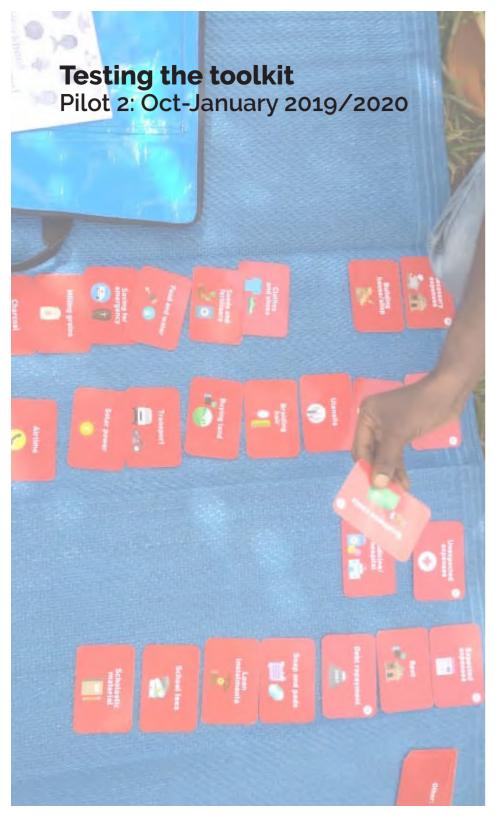
					(*)	
Date	Starting cash	Income	Savings	Expense	Ending cash	Lender
Monday		+	-	-	=	Interest
Tuesday		+	-	-	=	Chance
Wednesday		+	-	-	=	Type of
Thursday		+	-	-	=	Distance
Friday		+	-	-	=	Frequer
Saturday		+	-	-	=	Availabi
Sunday		+	-	-	=	Grace p
Weekly total		=	=	=	=	

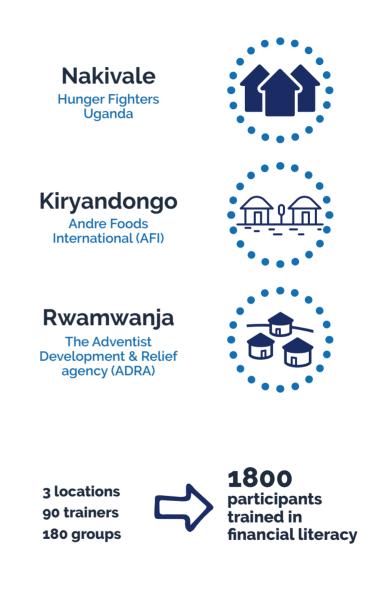
Inding cash	Lender	01	02	03
	Interest rate			
	Chance of getting a loan			
	Type of loans offered			
	Distance from my home			
	Frequency of repayment			
	Availability of other services			
	Grace period			

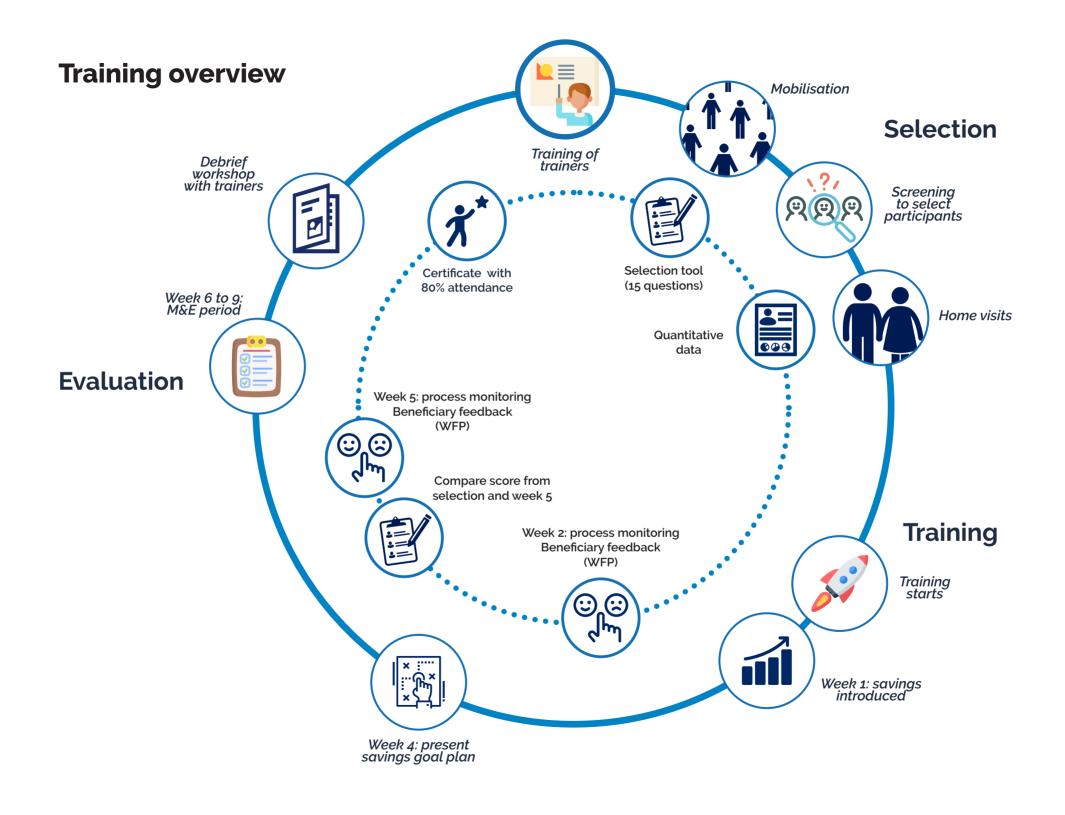


Testing the content Pilot 1: July-September 2019











Creating small, but significant changes

Rebuilding confidence Promoting family cohesion Change in character Able to imagine a future

Jaques & Kigabi Rwamwanja Congo



The family comes from Uvila Distric in South Kivu, and fled Congo in February 2015 after escaping brutal attacks from various rebel groups.

They were first settled at the Rwamwanja Reception Centre and stayed there until 2017 before setting in Base Camp I Village in the settlement.

The couple receive montly cash transfers from WFP which is their main source of income as they are both unemployed.

"We could hardly plan for our money and often times ended up spending it as it comes which was followed by lack of trust and unity'. After attending the 5-week training the couple were able to sit together as a family to plan, make a daily budget and track their savings.

They also started to save for emergencies and uncertainties, and future investments which they never had in mind.



Together with their fellow participants, they started a savings scheme to save 20,000 UGX per month, received in a cycle.

"From our savings we managed to start up a retail shop selling Kitenge fabrics. We started with 10 pieces and now have 15 pieces with a cost price of 40-45,000 UGX'.

The training has improved their peace and trust in the household as they now plan together. They now do not mind who collects the cash from WFP as they trust eachother, knowing it will be budgeted for the family.

'We can now track our income & expenditures, save and plan for the future. We never dreamt of this!'

Christine Nakivale Congo









Christine is 51 years old and has lived in Uganda as a Refugee for the past 13 years.

Being a mother of 11 children, she struggles with her husband to pay school fees for her 5 school going schildren, as her medical condition challenges her to work. "I used to make at least 300,000 UGX from my business, but all the money would finish in one week without me doing anything important with it or even saving some of it." After attending the 5-week training Christine joined a VSLA for women and opened an account with a SACCO where she now keeps her savings.

She was surprised to see that she was able to save up 250,000 UGX the first month as a profit from her business.

Christine now better manages her money by budgeting & planning with her family and setting family savings goals such as saving for helping her son start a business.

"Had I had this training 10 years ago, me and my family would be rich and would be living a very good life'.

'Nowadays I am sharp. I no longer give out money anyhow. When my tricky and clever kids come to me for money they first have to justify why they need and if what they reallyy want it for is important.'



Long term goals

What services and products will Refugees need in the future?

How can their progress be translated into credibility to gain access to financial services?

How can we connect bankable households with financial institutions?