JEWI REFUGEE CAMP

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>2015</th>
<th>15.1 Liters</th>
<th>Refugee Central Committee</th>
<th>71%</th>
<th>All refugees</th>
<th>Education</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Camp opened in 2015</td>
<td>of water distributed per person per day</td>
<td>in place to address multi-sectorial issues</td>
<td>Of the population is under the age of 18</td>
<td>Individually registered with ration cards</td>
<td>Schools both at primary and secondary levels are functioning in the camp by ARRA and World Vision respectively. Early childhood schools are available, including CFS run by Save the Children.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

OVERVIEW

Jewi Refugee Camp was established on 15 March 2015 and hosts refugee relocated from Leitchour and Nip Nip following floods that left refugees in both locations homeless. This led to the establishment of the camp which offered home for refugees to settle and live in safety and dignity. Leitchour was established in late February in 2014 and received refugees relocated from Ethiopian border entry points of Akobo, Pagak, and Burbei.

Refugee population in Jewi Camp

A total of 55,465 persons of concern

RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

- Public transportation restriction to Gambella/Jewi route was lifted however movement to and from the camp requires pass permits. This was established by the Government with the aim to protect them and prevent their involvement in security incidents in the region.

WORKING WITH PARTNERS

- Administration for Refugee and Returnee Affairs (ARRA) - In representation of Ethiopia’s government - Camp Management and security; primary health care, primary education, food and CRIs distribution, logistics and Registration.
- ANE – WASH, Shelter & Infrastructure
- DCA – WASH, Food Security and Nutrition
- GOAL – Nutrition
- International Medical Corps (IMC) – Nutrition, Community-based HIV/AIDs services; SGBV, Mental health
- IOM – Transportation of refugees
- NCA/OXFAM – WASH
- MCMDO – Livelihood
- MF – Health
- World Vision – Secondary Education
- Plan International – Youth project, youth programs
- Save the Children International: Child Protection and ECCE
- UNICEF – Support to the health center
- LWF – Livelihood, Youth project
- World Food Programme (WFP) – Food supply and transportation
- RADO - support to persons with specific needs and managing grinding mills
- NRDEP- Environment, forest protection and Energy
- Ethiopian Red Cross Society – Family tracing.
- NRC- Youth Education Training
MAIN ACTIVITIES

HEALTH
Health clinics are available for refugees and host communities wherein they receive medical care such as:
- Health services, including vaccination and anti-malaria campaigning activities
- Reproductive health and HIV/AIDS services
- Mental health services
- Support to health centers with drugs and medical equipment

NUTRITION
With support from UNHCR’s partners, refugees have access to infrastructure and receive nutritional support, including:
- Provision of supplementary and therapeutic feeding as well as the promotion of child and maternal feeding practice (includes plumpy nuts)

WASH
- Refugees have access to 15.1 liters of potable water per person per day.
- Management and monitoring of existing water systems, and borehole drilling
- Sanitation and Hygiene promotion
- Construction and maintenance of family latrines and refuse pits
- WASH-related capacity building
- Emergency water supply and sanitation

PROTECTION & COMMUNITY SERVICES & REGISTRATION
UNHCR and its partners provide protection to refugees and promote durable solutions to their plight through:
- Camp management and security
- Support for persons with disability and other vulnerable groups
- Child Protection
- SGBV prevention, response services, and capacity building
- Education and livelihood for more self-reliance

SHELTER
- 46% of the households (5,910 HHs) in Jewi camp has received transitional shelter.

CORE RELIEF ITEMS
- Core Relief Items - sleeping mats, kitchen sets, soap, and sanitary materials - are distributed to refugees.

LOGISTICS & SITE PLANNING
- Refugees were relocated from Leitchour camp. The camp is comprised of four zone A, B, C, and D.

EDUCATION
- Four primary schools in four zones in the camp are functioning and run by ARRA. One secondary school is also run by World Vision. ECCDs in the camp are active and managed by Save the Children. Two youth centers are active and run by Plan International (zone A) and LWF (Zone B)

ENVIRONMENT
UNHCR and its partners seek to reduce the environmental the negative impact in areas hosting refugees through:
- Forest and environmental protection and capacity building on environmental protection.

FOOD
- On a monthly basis, food is supplied, transported and distributed to all refugees. General food basket includes cereals (13.5 kg), split peas (1 kg) and vegetable oil (0.9 kg), CSB (0 kg), Salt (0.15kg), dates (0.25kg).

For more information visit our data portal [https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/southsudan](https://data2.unhcr.org/en/situations/southsudan)