General update

513 sites in Kismayo, Hargeisa, Baidoa, Galalkayo, Banadir, Bossaso, and Dollow were supported with site maintenance tools and waste management materials to improve living conditions of IDP populations. Camp Management committees were engaged to support sites activities and 358 vulnerable persons benefited from cash-for-work activities to improve sites.

160 members of Camp Management Committees in 21 IDP sites in Kismayo, Bossaso, Armo, Hargeisa and north Galalkayo were trained on fire safety.

CCCM partners constructed and equipped 22 multi-purpose social halls at IDPs sites in Kaha and Daynile districts.

Site verifications were conducted by cluster partners in Galalkayo North, Galalkayo South and Bossaso. 33 IDP sites hosting 10,287 households or 65,174 individuals (41% male and 59% female) were verified in Galalkayo North, 48 IDP sites hosting 9,554 households or 54,573 individuals (48% male and 52% female) were verified in Galalkayo South and 41 IDP sites hosting 22,348 households or 132,147 individuals were verified in Bossaso.

Site development of the public site in Baidoa is ongoing. Land is being prepared for the relocation of 2,000 additional households by the end of the year.

Operational presence of cluster partners

To improve the living conditions and protection of IDPs in sites and settlements and ensure equitable access to services and assistance of all persons in need, with a clear focus on moving toward attaining durable solutions with full participation of the displaced and host communities.

Strategic indicators

- # of IDP reached by CCCM partners: Target 1.8 million, Achieved 1,104,697
- # of sites with established CCCM mechanisms: Target 1,926 sites, Achieved 842 sites
- # of displaced people relocated to safe locations and supported with secure land tenure: Target 2,000 families, Achieved 1,102 families

Baseline data

- 2.6 million IDPs in Somalia
- 2,000+ IDP sites in Somalia

Gaps

- Restricted humanitarian access in some parts of south and central Somalia
- Lack of information on service provision at site level
- Lack of land tenure and forced evictions inhibit the ability of partners to improve living conditions in sites
- Low levels of community participation and AAP inhibit ability to improve beneficiary targeting to include marginalized populations

Coordination Hubs

- Mogadishu: IOM, UNHCR
- Baidoa: IOM, UNHCR
- Kismayo: UNHCR, IOM
- Garowe: UNHCR, ACTED
- Bossaso: UNHCR, DRC
- Beletweyne: UNHCR, DRC
- Gedo: IOM

Number of beneficiaries reached

Number of partners with ongoing activities