

TEMPORARY SHELTER PROFILE 30 JUNE 2019

Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter

VERIFIED POPULATION* (AS OF 30 JUNE 2019)A total of **9,227** persons of concern to UNHCR

POPULATION PROFILE

Gender: 50% Female | 50% Male

Age: 54% 18 years and above | 32% 5-17 years |

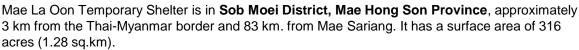
14% below 5 years

Ethnicity: 98% Karen | 2% Other

Religion: 65% Christian | 32% Buddhist |

2% Animist | 1% Other







Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter was officially established in March 2004, following a
relocation exercise from other sites which commenced in 2003. The population largely
comprises families relocated from the former Mae Khong Kha Temporary Shelter, which was
severely affected by flash floods in September 2002. Mae La Oon and Mae Ra Ma Luang
temporary shelters are the most remote of the nine temporary shelters.

Governance

- The Ministry of Interior (MOI) is responsible for administration in the nine temporary shelters.
 The Mae La Oon Camp Commander is the Deputy District Officer of Sob Moei District. A
 refugee Camp Committee is directly involved in governance of Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter
 with support from the Karen Refugee Committee (KRC).
- A Thai Ranger Unit is stationed near Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter to monitor security.
 Territory Defense Volunteers, known as Or Sors, are employed and trained by the MOI to provide internal security in Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter.

UNHCR Activities

- UNHCR implements protection activities including facilitating refugees' access to the Thai justice system, addressing child protection concerns through its partner and conducting activities to prevent and respond to Sexual and Gender-Based Violence (SGBV).
- In line with amendments to the Civil Registration Act (2008) UNHCR continues to advocate to the Royal Thai Government (RTG) to ensure every child has their right to birth registration upheld.
 As of 30 June 2019, 2,970 birth certificates have been issued in Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter.
- UNHCR continues to work closely with the Thai and Myanmar governments, the refugee
 community and other stakeholders to unlock a multi-solutions approach to find a dignified,
 sustainable and comprehensive end to the situation of protracted encampment on the ThaiMyanmar border.
- UNHCR works in collaboration with the Resettlement Support Center (RSC), the International Organization for Migration (IOM) and third countries' embassies on the resettlement process for refugees with serious protection needs including lifesaving medical care. As of end-June 2019, a total of 2,372 individuals have been resettled from Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter.
- Through the Facilitated Voluntary Return (FVR) programme led by the governments of Thailand
 and Myanmar with UNHCR and other partners in support, UNHCR facilitates voluntary
 repatriation for Myanmar refugees who through their own initiative approach UNHCR and express
 their wish to return home. As of 30 June 2019, no families from Mae La Oon Temporary Shelter
 have yet returned to Myanmar through the FVR programme.

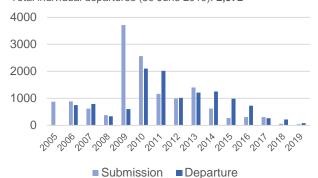
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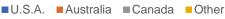


Resettlement Statistics

Total individual submissions (30 June 2019):14,203 Total individual departures (30 June 2019): 2,372



DEPARTURES BY COUNTRY OF RESETTLEMENT (30 JUNE 2019)





Humanitarian Organisations



Malteser International (MI): health services

Planned Parenthood Association of Thailand (PPAT): reproductive health services Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

Malteser International (MI): sanitation

Protection and Community Services

- Catholic Officer for Emergency Relief (COERR): child protection, assistance for vulnerable adults*
- Drug and Alcohol Recovery and Education Network (DARE): drug and alcohol abuse prevention
- Humanity and Inclusion (HI): mine risk education, mine risk education for FVR*
- Right to Play (RTP): life development skills for children.

Registration

Ministry of the Interior (MOI): registration and status determination for fast-track PAB*

The Border Consortium (TBC): repair materials for shelters

Non-Food Items (NFIs)

- International Organization for Migration (IOM): NFI distribution for FVR*
- The Border Consortium (TBC): NFI distribution

ood and Nutrition

The Border Consortium (TBC): food distribution

_ivelihoods

- Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA): grants for skills development, vocational
- Catholic Office for Emergency Relief and Refugees (COERR): agriculture and animal raising project
- Humanity & Inclusion (HI): livelihood and rehabilitation
- The Border Consortium (TBC): agriculture, entrepreneurship and marketing for preparedness Education
- Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA): school supplies and infrastructure
- Film Aid: awareness raising
- Right to Play (RTP): pre-service teacher training and non-formal learning class
- Save the Children (SCI): basic education, in-service teacher training
- Shanti Volunteer Association (SVA): educational libraries
- World Education (WE): post-secondary education

Resettlement

- International Organization for Migration (IOM): post-approval resettlement services
- IRC Resettlement Support Centre: US resettlement service

*UNHCR financially supported

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2/2 www.unhcr.org



