Nigeria Situation
May 2019

239,507
Nigerian refugees in Cameroon, Chad and Niger due to insurgency.

2,437,780
Internally Displaced Persons (IDPs) in Cameroon, Chad, Niger and north-east Nigeria due to insurgency.

FUNDING
USD 136.5 M
requested for the Nigeria situation (Cameroon, Chad, Niger and Nigeria, including support costs)

SECURITY DEVELOPMENTS

- The security situation in North-East Nigeria remains volatile due to sporadic attacks by Non-State Armed Groups (NSAGs) on civilian and military infrastructure in Borno and Adamawa states. On 7 May 2019, NSAG elements attacked two villages (Molai and Maiboriti) about 4 kilometres from Maiduguri – the state capital, killing at least 10 people, including military personnel, and injuring several others. The attackers also set houses ablaze. The incident forced residents and nearby communities to flee to the city centre and into IDP camps.

- Over the last few weeks, there has been an increase in attacks on villages on the outskirts of Maiduguri, including a military barracks, some three kilometres from the city centre. Recently, several suicide bombers detonated their bombs at a missionary hospital in Molai Village, killing themselves and injuring several others.

- The security situation in the Far North Region of Cameroon remains unpredictable, characterised by attacks from the Boko Haram group mainly affecting the Logone and Chari, Mayo Tsanaga and Mayo Sava divisions. Between 27 – 31 May in the Logone and Chari division for instance, a series of attacks resulted in the death of six persons. The groups mainly uses terror tactics like burning of villages, pillaging and looting, kidnapping and of recent, suicide bombers. Cameroon’s Minister of Defence was in the region to remobilise soldiers and strengthen the security of persons in the area.

- On 21 May 2019, some 76 asylum seekers arrived in the locality of Medina, Makary Sub Division, fleeing Boko Haram attacks in Rann, Borno State, Nigeria. They have settled in with the host community and are being registered. Another group of 61 persons who had fled into Cameroon from Nigeria between 20 and 24 May for similar reasons, settled in the localities of Zigague and Blangoua.

- In Chad, the province of Lake experienced several attacks by Boko Haram sect with heavy artillery. These attacks targeted military positions and the villages/islands. These raids have left 35 dead and four seriously injured. Dozens have also been kidnapped and several houses burned. There has also been a population movement from the islands to the mainland, which stood at 174,340 as of 30 April 2019.

- Insecurity in Diffa region of Niger remains high as signified by the very high number of kidnappings and targeted attacks on civilians.
UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

NORTH-EAST NIGERIA

On 8 May 2019, UNHCR participated in an inter-agency mission, along with Terres des Hommes (TDH) and Plan International, to Rann, Kala-Balge Local Government Areas (LGA) in North-East Nigeria, near the border with Cameroon. The mission aimed at training enumerators on how to undertake an intentions survey on possible relocation due to flooding during the upcoming rainy season. The findings will inform the ongoing Inter-Sector Working Group (ISWG) contingency planning in case of flooding. The mission team also met with community leaders, including village chiefs and women and youth leaders on the establishment of community structures.

On 16 May 2019, UNHCR alongside other UN agencies and humanitarian organizations participated in an EU Ambassadors’ mission to Maiduguri. The group visited Stadium and Gubio IDP Camps and also made a courtesy call on the Governor of Borno State. During the meeting with the ambassadors, UNHCR drew their attention to the key protection issues in the Northeast, including congestion of camps, SGBV problems resulting from lack of basic services and return of civil authorities to the LGAs.

On 22 May 2019, UNHCR participated in a call in a radio program on “Safety and protection within the camps - Mitigating and preventative measures to reduce protection risks in camp and camp-like settings” presented in Hausa and Kanuri at Peace FM. UNHCR representatives responded to a number of topical questions such as working with host community members, identifying new arrivals among host community members and livelihood activities.

On 22 – 24 May 2019, UNHCR and the National Human Rights Commission (NHRC) organized and facilitated a training for senior security personnel and members of the Civilian Joint Task Force (CJTF) in Borno and Adamawa. The training was on protection issues in the Northeast, such as national, regional and international protection frameworks, civil-military relations, mainstreaming human rights into law enforcement during counterinsurgency, protection of civilians in armed conflicts and sexual gender-based violence.

CAMEROON

Between 5 – 11 May 2019, UNHCR led a Go-and-See team to Yola in the Adamawa state in Nigeria. The team included six Nigerian refugees and was conducted as part of the preparations for the voluntary repatriation of Nigerian refugees. Discussions centred on the level of preparedness for both the Nigerian and Cameroonian operations. Meanwhile, the registration of candidates for voluntary repatriation is ongoing and a permanent team is currently stationed in the Minawao camp.

The first draft of the contingency plan to facilitate an efficient response in the event of an influx of Nigerian refugees in the Far North Region is nearing completion. For the first time, UNHCR, the Government, local authorities, partner agencies, humanitarian and development actors are developing the plan together. To support the process, the UNHCR Senior Emergency Coordinator (UNHCR HQ), Bernadette Castel-Hollingsworth, and the UNHCR Cameroon, Senior Development Officer were in Maroua between 29 April to 03 May 2019.

At the transit centre, about 188 individuals representing 77 households were received. As of 31 May, there were 80 households representing 202 individuals. Some 20 households (62 individuals) had been registered and 12 documented by the UNHCR. They will soon be transferred to the community shelter within the camp.
CHAD

- As part of the ongoing registration in Dar-es-Salam refugee camp, updating of refugee data continues. This process focuses on documentation related to births, identity changes, reunifications, lost or damaged documents, deaths and address changes. There are 5,067 refugee households (15,678 individuals) in Lake Province, including 3,958 households (12,373 individuals) in Camp Dar-es-Salam.

- The protection section, UNHCR in collaboration with the CNARR (Commission Nationale d'Accueil et de Reinsertion des Refugies et des Rapatriés) and the CRT (Croix-Rouge du Tchad), was able to conduct interviews for 23 protection cases which will be referred for resettlement. Among them, there are four category 1 cases (survivors of torture, SGBV, etc.), six category 2 cases ("women and girls at risk") and 13 category 3 cases.

NIGER

- Following the important secondary movements registered in March, due to insurgent attacks, UNHCR is working with the authorities and the humanitarian community on the voluntary relocation of 10,000 persons to Sayam Forage.

- On May 7 a joint DRHA (Direction Régionale de l'Hydraulique et de l'Assainissement) / DRGR / APBE (Action Pour le Bien Etre) / UNHCR mission was conducted in order to identify potential areas for camp extension. This was specifically for purposes of relocating 10,000 refugees, as agreed with the authorities after the secondary movements in March and April 2019. The mission identified 3 possible sites.

- On May 16, a joint APBE-UNHCR-DDHA (La Direction Départementale de l'Hydraulique et de l'Assainissement) mission was conducted to Maïné Soroa. The aim was to implement market gardening activities as well as to receive the technical materials and equipment supplied for the installation of two solar-powered boreholes and the construction of a 10,000-liter water reservoir. The project was only partially implemented because of lack of solar panels and converters.

- A joint UNHCR- UN Women mission visited the Sayam Forage camp to evaluate services offered to women, including the rehabilitation of existing infrastructures and equipment at the Camp, and the establishment of eight new cohesion spaces in Diffa region.
Financial Information

UNHCR's total 2019 financial requirements for the Nigerian refugees’ response in Cameroon, Chad and Niger amount to USD **128.8 million**. UNHCR extends its gratitude to all donors for the financial support provided, particularly those who have contributed to UNHCR activities with unearmarked and broadly earmarked funds, as well as those who have broadly contributed to the Nigeria Situation.

### CONTRIBUTIONS¹ | USD

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th></th>
<th>Unearmarked</th>
<th>Softly earmarked</th>
<th>Earmarked</th>
<th>Tightly Earmarked</th>
<th>Total</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>European Union</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>5,355,993</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Germany</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,123,142</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>2,123,142</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Sweden</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,099,989</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>1,099,989</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>CERF</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>794,014</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>United Nations Trust Fund</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>332,734</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Human Security</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>27,871</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Spain</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>126,990</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>126,990</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Subtotal</strong></td>
<td>-</td>
<td>3,350,122</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>-</td>
<td>10,460,674</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Indicative allocation of funds and allocations</td>
<td>1,829,769</td>
<td>507,942</td>
<td>2,348,898</td>
<td>2,453,670</td>
<td>7,140,279</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>Total</strong></td>
<td>1,829,769</td>
<td>3,858,063</td>
<td>2,38,898</td>
<td>9,564,222</td>
<td>17,600,953</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

### OTHER SOFTLY EARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS² | USD

**United States of America** 20.6 million  | **Canada** 5.8 million  | **Private donors Australia** 3.8 million

European Union | Japan | Luxembourg | Sweden | UN Peacebuilding Fund | Private donors

### UNEARMARKED CONTRIBUTIONS³ | USD

**Sweden** 90.4 million | **Norway** 44.5 million | **Netherlands** 37.5 million | **United Kingdom** 31.7 million | **Germany** 26.7 million | **Private donors Spain** 26.3 million | **Denmark** 24.4 million | **Switzerland** 15.1 million | **Private donors Republic of Korea** 13.8 million

Algeria | Argentina | Australia | Austria | Azerbaijan | Belgium | Canada | Costa Rica | Estonia | Iceland | Indonesia | Kuwait | Malta | Monaco | Montenegro | New Zealand | Peru | Philippines | Qatar | Republic of Korea | Russian Federation | Saudi Arabia | Serbia | Singapore | Slovakia | Sri Lanka | Thailand | United Arab Emirates | Uruguay | Private donors

---

¹ Contributions to the Nigeria Situation are shown by the earmarking modality as defined in the Grand Bargain.

² Due to their earmarking at a related region, sub-region, country or theme, the other softly earmarked contributions listed are those which can potentially be used for the Nigeria Situation. Where a donor has contributed $2 million or more, the total amount of the contribution is shown.

³ Contributed without restrictions on its use, unearmarked funding allows UNHCR critical flexibility in how best to reach refugees and other populations of concern who are in the greatest need and at the greatest risk. Where a donor has contribution $10 million or more, the total amount of the contribution is shown.