The Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework (CRRF)

Progress and Strategy in Ethiopia
1. Background to the CRRF
2. Evolution of the Ethiopia Strategy
3. The NCRRS
4. Implications for the future
5. Challenges and the way ahead
Reduction from July figure of 928,663 due to completion of L3 registration in Nguneyiyel - 20% reduction of the population.

https://data2.unhcr.org/en/country/eth
GLOBAL
• 19 Sept. 2016. New York Declaration (NYD)
• Feb – July 2018. Formal consultations with M/S on global compact on refugees draft (once per month)
• Late 2018 High Commissioner’s Report to UNGA, with proposed Global Compact on Refugees
• Nov-Dec 2018. 73rd Session of UNGA. M/S consider GCR adoption

ETHIOPIA.
• 20 Sept. 2016. Nine (9) Pledges announced at Leaders Summit
• February 2017. ETHIOPIA becomes CRRF ‘roll out country’
• November 2017. CRRF national launch. Road Map for Pledge Implementation
• First Half 2018. Local level launches. Efforts to form technical coordination

• July / Aug. 2018. The NCRRS is released for consultation and refinement
Timeline. Key national CRRF events 2018.

Pledge / Tech Workshops.
Steering Com. / NCO

- Mar.-June. Education, BSS and Documentation. ‘Experts Groups’ – decide / present TC arrangements

CRRF Field Launches
- 27 Feb. TC W/S Education
- 1 Mar. TC W/S BSS
- 6 Mar. 4th SC meet
- 30 Apr. ASSOSA
- 3 May. GAMBELLA
- 7 May. MEKELLE
- 9 May. JIJIGA
- 11 May. SEMERA
- 8 May. 5th SC meet
- 24 May TC W/S Documentation
- 7 June TC W/S Work & Livelihoods
- TBC 25 Sept. 6th SC meet

National Comprehensive Refugee Response Strategy (NCRRS)
- Late June. NCRRS first draft released
- 10 July NCRRS Validation WS
- 30 Aug. NCRRS Validation WS

Finalization. NCRRS Implementation G/Lines Regional Action Plans
• Implementing Ethiopia’s Nine (9) pledges (Specific sectors)

• NEW. Supporting Govt.’s 10-year Strategy. The NCRRS

• Strengthening legal and policy components. Update to current legal framework - ensure able to safeguard / promote rights of refugees.

• Support to host populations. Emergency response planning solutions and sustainable host community-refugee relations - stimulating self-reliance.

• Strengthening coordination mechanisms. Structures developed to include a broader range of expertise and actors.

• Maintaining Refugee care and maintenance budgets / capacity. Phased until CRRF benefits can start to cover...
ETHIOPIA PLEDGES / CRRF

GOVERNANCE / COORDINATION STRUCTURES

OFFICE OF THE PRIME MINISTER

STEERING COMMITTEE
ARRA, MOFEC, UNHCR Co-chairs. Line ministries, Govt. agencies, RC Office, National / Intl. NGOs, IFIs (World Bank), Private sector, Development Partners

NATIONAL COORDINATION OFFICE

M&E / Reporting Unit
M&E Reports Unit Head
M&E Officer
Reports Officer
Field Liaison (6 zones / reg)

Development Unit
Development Unit Head
Development Specialist

Knowledge Mgt. Unit
Research Coordinator
Info. Mgt. Officer

Secretariat Unit
Secretariat Unit Head
Fin./Admin. Officer
Office Assistant
Driver

TECHNICAL COMMITTEES – FIELD IMPLEMENTATION
Education
Social Services
Documentation
Out of Camp Pol.
Work, Livelihoods
Local Integration

NCO Manager
Liaison / Ext. Relations Officer (UN secondment)
Advisory / Part-time
Senior Advisor (UNHCR)
<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pillar 1</th>
<th>Pillar 2</th>
<th>Pillar 3</th>
<th>Pillar 4</th>
<th>Pillar 5</th>
<th>Pillar 6</th>
</tr>
</thead>
</table>
Pillar 1: Capacity & Systems Development
- Supporting capacity for other 5 pillars to fn. Cap. of nat. actors. Nat. coord. of. (NCO).

Pillar 2: Targeted Humanitarian Response (THR)
- Life saving asst. safety / security. Reception, first phase asst. In-camp protection, add vulnerabilities. Initial services. Quickly dev. links to other pillars – e.g. livelihoods...

Pillar 3: Productive Safety Net (PSN)
- Refugees involved in labor-intensive public works progs, for cash/food. Safety net for those unable to participate. Support to graduate to sustainable livelihoods

Pillar 4: Livelihoods, Job Creation & Priv. Sector Dev.
- Promoting refugee engagement in self-employ. / wage, agric, off-farm and industrial ops. Enhancing inv. climate in refugee hosting areas. Doc. Support, permits etc.

Pillar 5: Human Dev. Access to quality social services
- Specific development of assets / resources Education (incl. TVET), Health / Nutrition. in refugee hosting area – benefit hosts, refugees. Line ministry led.

Pillar 6: Durable Solutions. Volrep & resettlement
- Advocating for consds. of return to improve, and resettlement plcs. Incl. prep for refugees, information, docm., Phys. support to x-border ops when viable.

Core change to refugee assistance modalities. Quick transition from commodity-based humanitarian assistance in camp environment, to refugees ‘out of camp’ pursuing livelihoods, participating economically (earning cash), contributing to Ethiopia’s economic infrastructure, and improving human capacity through education, vocational training (assets for DS., volrep etc).
How Ethiopia's Nine (9) Pledges / CRRF relate to the NCRRS.
• Major change in refugee assistance model
• Change over time – transitional
• Changes in the way we budget and operate overall
• Skills in UNHCR
• Many expanded ‘Protection’ mechanisms
• Partnerships – in the UN and Govt.
• Engage with Government – think through process
CRRF Funding

**AREA-BASED PLAN. / IMPLEMENTATION**

1%
- TA’s ABOD

95%
- Little capacity to absorb dev. funds

4%
- UN / field Projects

**PROTECTION**

- Host Communities / Refugees
  - M&E
  - Data / Analysis

**A**

- Pledges / CRRF National Governance / Coord.
  - Steering Committee
  - NCO
  - TCs

**B**

- Local Institutional Capacity
  - Technical Coordination at Field Level
  - Assess Opportunities / Fill Gaps.
  - Financing Mechanism to support (UNHCR / other UN)

**C**

- Bi / Multi-Lateral Private Sector investments
  - Jobs Compact with EU, DFID, EIB...
  - Education
  - Local Integration

**ACTION ON THREE FRONTS**
Support to the Institutionalization of the CRRF in Ethiopia

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNHCR</th>
<th>World Bank</th>
<th>EU</th>
<th>Denmark</th>
<th>Germany</th>
<th>Govt. of Ethiopia</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• Staff, NCO support</td>
<td>• NL funds. Natl. capacity. Studies</td>
<td>• EUTF – Natl. capacity, Protn. Pilot, policy sup.</td>
<td>• Secondment to UNHCR</td>
<td>• Potential NCO Secondment</td>
<td>• Ministries, OPM</td>
</tr>
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Flagship programmes (multisector)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>DRDIP</th>
<th>RDPP</th>
<th>BSRP</th>
<th>JOBS Compact</th>
<th>SHARPE</th>
<th>EUTF Migration</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>• $100 million</td>
<td>• $35 million</td>
<td>• $15 million</td>
<td>• $650 million</td>
<td>• DFID</td>
<td>• $25 million</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• WB, WFP…</td>
<td>• EUTF</td>
<td>• DFID, UNICEF</td>
<td>• WB, DFID, EU, EIB</td>
<td>• No partner yet</td>
<td>• Capacity</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>• LWF, GoE</td>
<td>• Save, IRC, OWDA, WASH</td>
<td>• IRC, Oxfam, WV, GoE</td>
<td>• 30 NGOs, FAO…</td>
<td></td>
<td>• Livelihoods</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• 30 NGOs, FAO…</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>• PSNP</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
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Others...

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<thead>
<tr>
<th>UNHCR</th>
<th>IKEA foundation</th>
<th>HOPE (NL, )</th>
<th>Japan</th>
<th>Sida/WFP</th>
<th>REDSS</th>
</tr>
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Legal reforms

• Pledges are currently incorporated into a comprehensive Proclamation, conducive for the practical application of the CRRF.

• The amended Refugee Proclamation is expected to provide more rights-based benefits for refugees (and hosts).

• The enactment of the new Ethiopian refugee law is a bit delayed mainly due to the long process held to include the views of many stakeholders.
ONGOING WORK ON THE NCRRS

• The Strategy - NCRRS has been designed (final comments)

• Discussions have been held among state and non-state final actors. Feedback incorporated

• Awareness creation activities around CRRF were carried out

• Discussions held with relevant stakeholders to meet the personnel requirements of the Core and NCO team

• **Resources** being organized to form / support CORE team

• Preparation work is underway to design the Implementation Guideline and Action Plans
**KEY CHALLENGES**

- **Systems:** The NCRRS implies much change. Systems are not in place to respond to complex emergencies in a more development-oriented manner.

- **Much work must go into identifying what must be done.**

- **Funding:** Shortage of funds resulting in a very limited Socio-economic opportunities for both the refugees and host communities.

- **Delay in ratifying some legal frameworks.**

- **Limited basic and social services and lack of livelihood opportunities both within and outside the camps.**
Social, skills and capacity

• Insufficient skills and other types of training for refugees

• Lack of recreational and social gathering centers

• Little support in the area of institutional capacity enhancement
Thanks

Q & A