GENDER & AGE
Displacement has transformed the family and economic life of Jordan’s nearly 670,000 Syria refugees, with greater numbers of women in charge as wage-earners and decision-makers.

Women are working more outside the home.

Children are joining in household decisions.

Men are doing a greater share of household chores.

DOMESTIC VIOLENCE HAS INCREASED

EARLY MARRIAGE
11% Syrian families have a married boy (< age 18*)
14% have a married girl (< age 18*)

*at the time of data collection

HEALTH & WELL-BEING
Syrian refugees no longer receive subsidized healthcare

2/3 have women of childbearing age
1/3 have access to family planning/reproductive healthcare
1/4 have used those services

The 2018 Urban Assessment gathers data from 1,710 surveys (1,051 Syrian urban refugees and 388 Jordanians in the four locations, and 271 Iraqi refugees in Amman and Zarqa), 30 focus group discussions, and interviews with key stakeholders.