

### What is The DHS Program?

A project that provides, at the global level, assistance to developing countries in the areas of

#### **Collection and use of data**

to monitor and evaluate population, health, and nutrition programs





### Specific DHS objectives

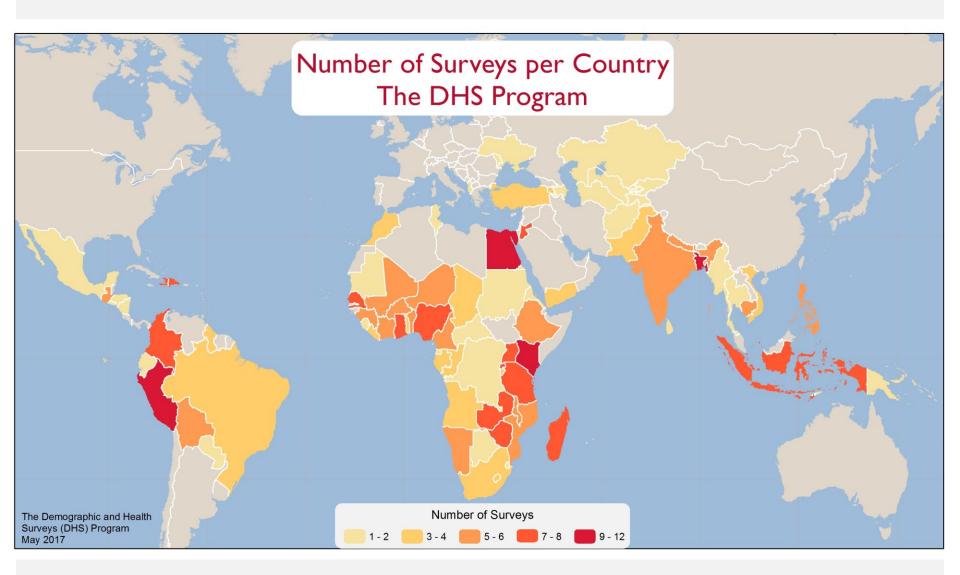
- Collect high-quality data for policy formulation, program planning, and monitoring and evaluation
- Foster and reinforce hostcountry ownership of data collection, analysis, presentation, and use
- Increase the capacity of host-country partners to collect and use data for policy and program purposes

#### History

#### The DHS started in 1984:

- **DHS-I** (DHS-I, 1984–1989)
- **DHS-II** (DHS-2, 1989–1993)
- **DHS-III** (DHS-3, 1992–1997)
- MEASURE DHS+
   (DHS-4, 1997-2003)
- MEASURE DHS
   (DHS-5, 2003–2008)
- MEASURE DHS Phase III
   (DHS-6, 2008–2014)
- The DHS Program (DHS-7, 2013–2018)





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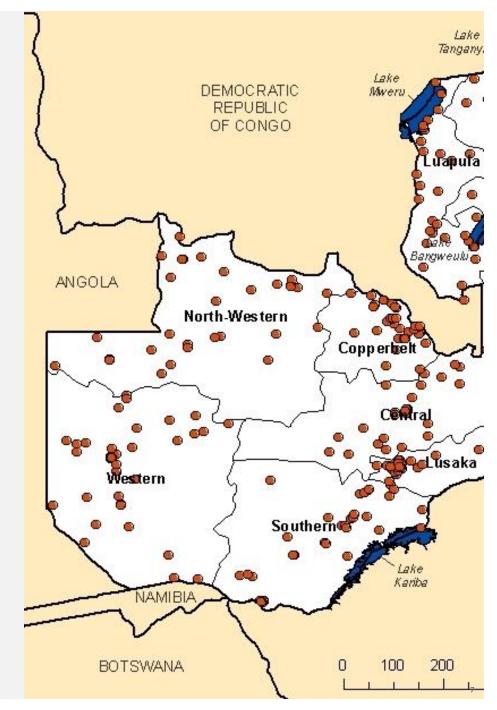
#### Basics of the DHS

- Cross-sectional, nationally representative sample of households
  - Women and men interviewed in sample households
  - Standard sample size: 3,000-100,000+ households (India is exception)
- Standardized sample design, questionnaires, and implementation procedures
  - Key indicators measured with the same approach over time

## **DHS Sample**

The DHS sample is typically representative at

- The national level
- For urban and rural areas
- The regional level (sometimes groups of regions)
- Some surveys are representative at the state/provincial, or district level.





# DHS Core Questionnaires

#### 'Core' questionnaires

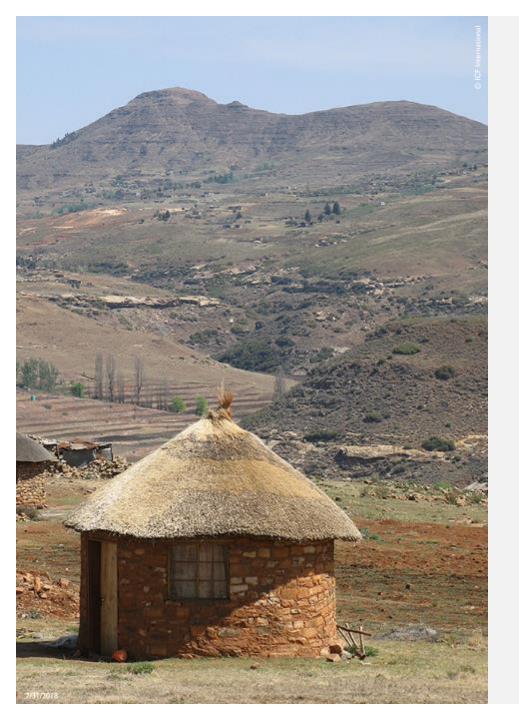
- Core set of questions in each type of questionnaire implemented in every country
- Revised and updated every 5 years
- Provide trends in key indicators
- Allow cross-country comparisons
- Country needs met through country-specific questions

## Types of DHS Questionnaires

Standard DHS surveys generally include a:

- Household questionnaire
- Woman's questionnaire
- Man's questionnaire
- Biomarker questionnaire
- Fieldworker questionnaire





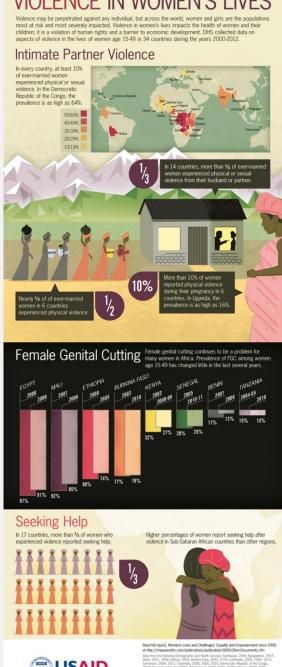
## Measurement of Poverty

In collaboration with the World Bank, The DHS Program developed a wealth index that uses household asset information from DHS surveys to calculate the relative wealth of households. The wealth index allows for an analysis of the effect of wealth on health.

#### DHS Questionnaire Modules

#### **Additional Modules**

- Domestic Violence
- Female Genital Cutting
- Adult and Maternal Mortality
- Fistula
- Out-of-pocket Health Expenditures
- And more





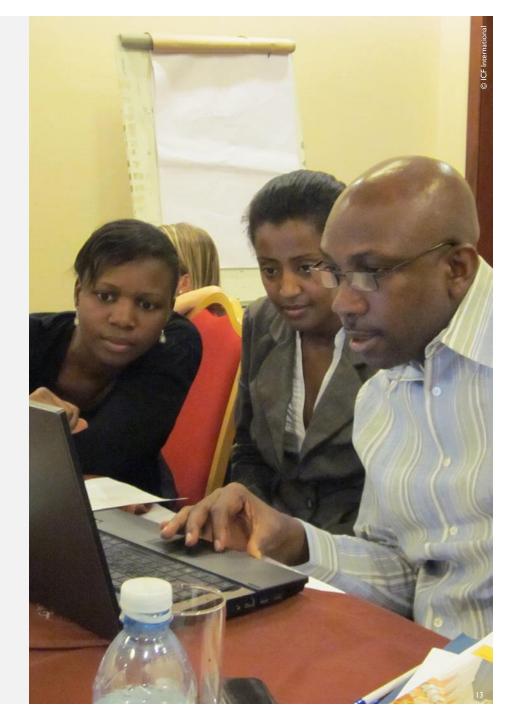
# DHS Strengthens Capacity Through:

- Close collaboration with implementing agencies and partners throughout survey design and implementation for on-the-job skills transfer
- Workshops on data analysis, data processing, report writing, data use for decision making, and more
- Distance learning and online tools



# Online Capacity Strengthening Tools

- E-Learning courses www.globalhealthlearning.org
  - DHS Data Use
  - Social Media
  - Data Visualization
- Journalists' Guide and training course to better understand and use DHS data in health and population reporting
- YouTube tutorial videos on reading tables, opening datasets, and more



### Youtube.com/dhsprogram

- Key Findings
- Topical interviews
- Tutorials on use of datasets, sampling and weighting, key indicators,
   and much more



Key Findings from the 2014-15 Tanzania Service Provision



**DHS Key Findings** 



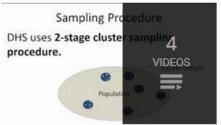
DHS in the News



Using DHS Datasets for Analysis



**DHS Tutorials** 



DHS Sampling & Weighting Tutorials



Malaria



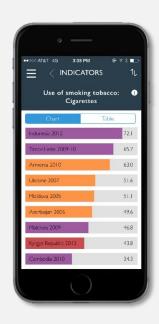
Celebrating 30 Years of The DHS Program

#### Digital Dissemination

The DHS mobile app: Put DHS data at your fingertips!

Make your own charts, graphs, and data tables at <a href="STATcompiler.com">STATcompiler.com</a>







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#### Social Media



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