Since gaining independence in 1962, Uganda has provided asylum to people fleeing war and persecution in neighboring countries, especially South Sudan, Democratic Republic of Congo, Somalia, Rwanda and Burundi. Uganda's progressive refugee policy grant refugees freedom of movement, the right to seek employment and establish businesses, and to access public services such as education, health care and justice. In refugee-hosting districts, services are integrated with government service delivery systems, whenever feasible. The Comprehensive Refugee Response Framework for Uganda was launched in March 2017, with a view to harness a whole-of-society approach in responding and finding solutions to refugee crises.

Refugees and asylum seekers by district

**Refugees and asylum seekers demographics**

- 60% Children
- 52% Women and girls
- 7% Urban refugees
- 3% Eldery

**Gender breakdown of registered refugees**

- Male
- Female

**Refugees and asylum seekers by country of origin**

- South Sudan: 1,053,598
- DRC: 276,570
- Burundi: 40,497
- Somalia: 37,193
- Others*: 37,015

*Others include refugees from Eritrea, Ethiopia, Rwanda, Sudan and other countries of origin.

**Refugee Response Plans 2018 funding update**

- South Sudan RRP
  - Total Requested: US $694.95 million
  - Funded: 96%
- Burundi RRP
  - Total Requested: US $46.86 million
  - Funded: 98%

**Refugee Population per district**

- Total: 100,000
- Funded: 96%
- Gap: 4%

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1. RIMS biometrically registered and unregistered (OPM)
2. Joint border monitoring with UNHCR, OPM & NGO Partners.
3. The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations. Source: Author: UNHCR Representation in Uganda. Feedback: ugakaimug@unhcr.org - Creation date: 20 Mar 2018 - For more info, please visit: www.ugandarefugees.org - data.unhcr.org