SOUTH SUDAN REGIONAL REFUGEE RESPONSE PLAN
Ethiopia: 2017 Key Response Figures
1 January - 31 December 2017

PROTECTION

12,263 South Sudanese refugee children received individual case management

72 community based committees / groups dedicated to child protection,
24 for SGBV prevention and response

5,764 people living with specific needs received support in 2017

EDUCATION

60% of South Sudanese primary school aged children enrolled in school / temporary learning spaces

198 teachers recruited (112 refugees, 86 nationals)

388 teachers trained, including 58 women

188 classrooms constructed (64 permanent, 124 temporary)

FOOD

330,000+ South Sudanese refugees received monthly food assistance in 2017

45,000 children benefitted from regular school feeding

Only 32% of refugees have an acceptable food consumption score

HEALTH AND NUTRITION

540,000+ consultations were provided for refugees & host community

54,992 South Sudanese refugee children were vaccinated against measles;
61,489 were vaccinated against polio

Global Acute Malnutrition remains above the WHO emergency threshold of 10%, at 22.9%

SHELTER AND NFIs

75,447 newly arrived South Sudanese refugees received emergency shelter & non-food items in 2017

Only 39% of South Sudanese refugees in Sudan had adequate dwellings in 2017

WATER, SANITATION AND HYGIENE

An average of 17 litres of water per person per day

1,670 new communal latrines built in 2017

An additional 58,000 family latrines are needed to reach 100% coverage

For more information: Gavin White, Snr. External Relations Officer, whiteg@unhcr.org