

Inter-Agency Coordination Turkey

BASIC NEEDS SECTOR INDICATOR GUIDANCE NOTES

April 2018 PREPARED BY UNHCR & WFP ON BEHALF OF BASIC NEEDS SECTOR The Basic Needs Sector indicator guidance notes aim to inform and clarify the reporting to be completed in Activity Info for activities within the sector. The indicators were identified and agreed upon during the Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan (3RP) 2018-2019 planning process in 2017.

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Regional Refugee and Resilience Plan 2018-2019 – Basic Needs Indicators

Outputs	Output Indicators	Partners/Agnecies
	1.1.1 # of persons benefitting from access to adequate shelter	
Output 1.1 Vulnerable refugees have access	solutions	Care, IOM, UNHCR
to adequate shelter conditions	1.1.2 # of persons benefitting from transportation services	
Output 1.2 Vulnerable refugees have access		IOM, IRW, UNHCR,
to essential goods and services in a safe and	1.2.1 # of persons benefitting from cash-based interventions	UNICEF, WFP
dignified manner	1.2.2 # of persons benefitting from CRI	IOM, UNHCR
	1.3.1 # of persons benefitting from gender-appropriate hygiene,	
Output 1.3 Refugees have access to adequate	dignity or sanitary items	UNFPA, UNHCR
gender appropriate WASH, hygiene and	1.3.2 # of persons participating in hygiene awareness sessions	UNFPA
dignity items; and enhanced capacity to	1.3.3 # of persons receiving assistance to conduct household	
maintain WASH conditions	WASH rehabilitation	UNHCR
Output 1.4 Basic Needs Sector supports		
continued contingency planning, in line with		
Government planning for emergency	1.4.1 # of provinces with access to adequate contingency stock	
preparedness	in line with Government planning	UNHCR, WFP
Output 1.5 Vulnerable refugees are supported	1.5.1 Basic Needs Sector, in coordination with Livelihoods	
to access livelihoods services in order to	Sector actors, formalises a referral mechanism for beneficiaries	
increase their self-sufficiency and reduce	to access livelihoods support with an aim to promoting self-	
their dependency on Basic Needs support	sufficiency	WFP
Output 2.1 Local authorities have increased	2.1.1 # of municipalities strengthened in terms of technical	
technical and infrastructure capacity to	capacities to deliver municipal services	UNDP, UNHCR
deliver municipal services in response to the	2.1.2 # of municipal infrastructures newly established to expand	
increase in demand	capacity for service delivery	Care, UNDP
	2.2.1 National assistance system with enhanced capacity for	
	longer-term sustainability in place	WFP
Output 2.2 Strengthened emergency social	2.2.2 % of surveyed ESSN beneficiaries who are informed about	
safety net structres to assist vulnerable	key aspects of the programme (awareness of their entitlement	
refugees	and/or how to contact the programme)	WFP

Output 1.1 Vulnerable refugees have access to adequate shelter conditions

Indicator 1.1.1: # of persons benefitting from access to adequate shelter solutions (disaggregated by sex, age and location)

Target (3RP):	2018: 175,070	2019: 178,070

Definition:

Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement:

- The indicator captures the number of people benefitting from access to adequate shelter solutions.
- Access refers to <u>all interventions</u> aiming to facilitate refugees being able to live in adequate shelter solutions. Including tents for those in temporary accommodation centres, cash-for-shelter or rental cash assistance aiming to respond directly to shelter needs.
- **Rental Cash assistance** will include mid and long term support (above 3 months). One-off and shorter term support will be reported against relevant protection indicators.
- Adequate shelter solutions should be understood to mean a habitable covered living space where people can enjoy protection from the elements, live and store belongings in privacy, and enjoy comfort and emotional security. Adequacy of shelter also includes security of tenure, availability of services, materials, facilities and infrastructure, affordability, habitability, accessibility, location and cultural adequacy.

Data source and collection methods:
The primary data source for this indicator is Activity Info
 Reporting on AI: To be conducted monthly when beneficiaries have received cash or tent support, or contractors have been paid to complete rehabilitation/household upgrade work. If cash support is being provided in phases, reporting on number of beneficiaries should be completed at the disbursement of the final payment.
7/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:

Indicator 1.1.2 : # of persons benefitting from transportation services ¹		
Target (3RP):	2018: 25,000	2019: 25,000
Definition:		
	s for terms related to the indicators, w	which are important to
understand the scope of the indica		
	ed as transportation between Adiyam	an and Adiyaman city
centre for the inhabitants of the	e Adiyaman camp.	
Alumo anatom	Derter courses and	
Numerator:		collection methods:
Number of people	indicator is Activ	lata source for this ity info.
	Reporting on Al:	·
	To be conducted	d on a monthly basis
	with numbers	of people who have
		ansport service during
	that monthly pe camp.	riod, to and from the
Disaggregation? Gender Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult Other:		

¹ Since the completion of the 3RP 2018/9 planning, the activity relating to this indicator has been taken over by national counterparts, AFAD, and is no longer an activity of 3RP partners. For this reason there will be no reporting against this indicator for 2018/9.

Output 1.2 Vulnerable refugees have access to essential goods and services in a safe and dignified manner

Target (3RP):	2018: 2,130,650	2019: 2,130,650
Definition:		
Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important		
understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement:		

- Cash-based interventions refer to all interventions in which cash or vouchers for goods (Nonfood items) or services are provided to refugees and other persons of concern (on an individual or community basis) in relation to a specific basic needs outcome, not related to education, health, protection and livelihood assistances. The concept does not include cash or vouchers provided to governments or other state actors or payments to humanitarian workers or service providers. CBI may include one-off or regular/monthly cash transfers.
- Further guidance from the Cash-Based Intervention Technical Working Group (CBI TWG) will assist in identifying the correct reporting location for all forms of cash assistance, across all sectors.

Numerator:	Data source and collection methods:
Number of people	The primary data source for this indicator is
	Activity Info.
	Reporting on AI:
	- To be conducted after a beneficiary has
	received the cash assistance. [For sectoral
	reporting purposes, a cumulative number will
	be used for one-off cash payments and a
	monthly maximum number for regular,
	monthly cash assistance.]
Disaggregation? 🛛 Gender 🕅 A	Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult Other:

Indicator 1.2.2 : # of persons benefitting from CRI			
Target (3RP):	2018: 206,000	2019: 206,000	
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Core Relief Items: defined as essential material items aiming to improve the immediate living circumstances of beneficiaries. These items may include: clothing, kitchen kits, stoves, heaters, bedding materials. All hygiene, dignity and sanitary items should be reported under Indictor 1.3.1. 			
Numerator:		collection methods:	
Number of people	The primary c indicator is Activ	lata source for this ity info.	
	Reporting on AI	:	
	people who hav than number c	on a monthly basis for e received CRIs, rather of CRIs distributed to ned distribution.	
Disaggregation? 🔀 Gender 🛛 Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:			

Output 1.3 Refugees have access to adequate gender appropriate WASH, hygiene and dignity items; and enhanced capacity to maintain WASH conditions

Indicator 1.3.1: # of persons benefitting from gender-appropriate hygiene, dignity or sanitary items

Target (3RP):	2018: 600,000	2019: 550,000

Definition:

Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement:

- **Gender-appropriate** indicates that where required, WASH kits will be tailored to meet the specific hygiene requirements of each gender, and distributed accordingly to recipients.
- Hygiene items aim to people improve basic cleanliness (with items such as soap, sanitary materials, toothbrushes and toothpaste). Additional items to facilitate laundering of clothing may also be included.
- **Dignity items** refer to hygiene and sanitary items, as well as other items explicitly tailored towards the needs of women and girls of reproductive age in particular communities. Dignity kits are similar to basic hygiene kits but serve a broader purpose and so contain a wider range of items. Dignity kits aim to help women and girls maintain their dignity during humanitarian crises.
- Sanitary items refer to menstrual hygiene products for women and girls of reproductive age.
- Kits provided to individuals as part of Protection interventions will be reported against relevant Protection indicators.

Numerator: Number of people	Data source and collection methods: The primary data source for this indicator is
	Activity Info
	Reporting on AI:
	 To be conducted on a monthly basis after a beneficiary has received the
	hygiene/dignity/sanitary items.
Disaggregation? 🛛 Gender 🛛 Age 0)-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:

Indicator 1.3.2 : # of persons participating in hygiene awareness sessions			
Target (3RP):	2018: 21,000	2019: 21,000	
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Hygiene awareness sessions: sessions hosted with the aim of disseminating information to participants to improve hygiene, including practices relating to general hygiene, gender-specific hygiene, and hygiene for parents and guardians of children and infants. 			
Numerator : Number of people		d collection methods: data source for this vity info.	
	numbers of peo	I: d on a monthly basis of ople who have attended a hygiene awareness	
Disaggregation? 🔀 Gender 🛛 Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:			

Indicator 1.3.3 : # of persons receiving	assistance to conduct household WASH reh	abilitation
Target (3RP):	2018: 13,500	2019: 13,500
 understand the scope of the indica WASH rehabilitation: relates sanitation and hygiene facilitation 	to support provided for the improvilities in the residences of refuge residing in temporary accommodation of	ement of the water, es, including WASH
Numerator:	Data source and	collection methods:
Number of people	The primary d indicator is Activ	lata source for this ity info.
		l on a monthly basis of ple who have received
Disaggregation? Gender A	ge 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:	

Output 1.4 Basic Needs Sector supports continued contingency planning, in line with Government planning for emergency preparedness			
Indicator 1.4.1: # of provinces with access to adequate contingency stock in line with Government planning			
Target (3RP):	2018: 16	2019: 16	
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Adequate contingency stock indicates that agencies and partners will need to have a sufficient contingency stock of items, enough to meet the immediate needs emanating from new emergencies and reflecting accepted planning figures for new arrivals/influx. In line with Government planning confirms the support role which the humanitarian community plays to the Government of Turkey. The government remains the lead response authority in the event of an emergency. The humanitarian community will be ready to respond according to requests from the government in support of their emergency response plans. This indicator aims to cover an inter-sectoral preparedness. 			
Numerator : Number of provinces	The primary Activity Info Reporting o - To be cond items are i		
Disaggregation? Gender Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult Other: Location			

Output 1.5 Vulnerable refugees are supported to access livelihoods services in order to increase their self-sufficiency and reduce their dependency on Basic Needs support			
Indicator 1.5.1: Basic Needs Sector, in coordination with Livelihoods Sector actors, formalises a referral mechanism for beneficiaries to access livelihoods support with an aim to promoting self-sufficiency			
Target (3RP):	2018: Yes		2019: N/A
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Referral mechanism: An agreed and standardized system through which Basic Needs actors may refer their beneficiaries to Livelihoods sector actors for livelihoods interventions. Access livelihoods support: For individual refugees to be able to engage in livelihoods activities as conducted by or with the support of livelihoods sector partners with an aim to reaching increased employability. Self-sufficiency refers to a situation for individual refugees where they are no longer in need of basic needs support from the government or humanitarian community and can meet their living needs through their own income-generating activities through employment or otherwise. 			
Number of referral mechani	isms The p Activit Repor - To b has b both	ting on AI: e conducted when been agreed upon a Basic Needs and Li	e for this indicator is a referral mechanism and established by ivelihoods sectors.
Disaggregation? Gender Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult Other: N/A			

-	creased technical and infrastructure ca conse to the increase in demand	apacity to deliver
	ngthened in terms of technical capacities to	deliver municipal
Target (3RP):	2018: 59	2019: 56
 understand the scope of the indication Strengthened technical capacing municipal authorities to delive Municipal services: Services print print for the service of the service	s for terms related to the indicators, w tor and its measurement: cities refers to capacity building and r the material/municipal services. ovided by the municipal authorities (bro cluding: Solid waste management, waste	development of the bader than basic needs
fill management, funeral servi	ces, fire-fighting services, community-su	
Numerator:Data source and collection methods:Number of municipalitiesThe primary data source for this indic Activity Info		
	Reporting on AI: - To be conducted month per the life cycle of each cases of infrastructural may be at the end of 20 current 3RP planning cy periodic updates, it may include narrative progre cannot be reflected in A	h project. In some capacity building, this 019, at the end of the vcle. In narrative y be possible to ess updates which
Disaggregation? Gender A	ge 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🔀 Other: Mu	nicipalities

Indicator 2.1.2 : # of municipal infrastru	uctures newly established to expand capac	ity for service delivery	
Target (3RP):	2018: 22	2019: 31	
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Municipal infrastructures: Infrastructures within the municipality to support the provision of municipal services to the community. 			
Numerator: Number of municipal infrastructur		d collection methods : data source for this vity info.	
	es The primary indicator is Acti Reporting on A To be conducted	data source for this vity info.	

Output 2.2 Strengthened emergency social safety net structures to assist vulnerable refugees			
Indicator 2.2.1: National assistance system	tem with enhanced capacity for longer-term	sustainability in place	
Target (3RP):	2018: Yes	2019: Yes	
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: National assistance system refers to capacity building and development of the municipal authorities and other state institutions to deliver the material/municipal services. Sustainability: Aiming for long-term stability of the local system, achievable through integration and acknowledgement of concerns throughout the decision-making process. 			
Numerator: N/A	Data source and collection The primary data source Activity Info Reporting on AI: - Yes/No	e for this indicator is	
Disaggregation? Gender A	ge 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other: N/ /	A	

Indicator 2.2.2 : % of surveyed ESSN beneficiaries who are informed about key aspects of the programme (awareness of their entitlement and/or how to contact the programme)			
Target (3RP):	2018: 90		2019: 90
 Definition: Below are a number of definitions for terms related to the indicators, which are important to understand the scope of the indicator and its measurement: Informed: Awareness of entitlement: self-reported positive response; Awareness of how to contact programme: ability to list one or more accountability mechanisms Key aspects: 1) understand how much assistance they should receive; 2) understand how to contact the programme 			
Numerator:		Data source and	collection methods:
Number of People aware of entitle		The primary data source ESSN Post	
how to contact programme / Total number of Distribution Monitoring Report people surveyed		itoring Report	
		Reporting on AI:	
		The reporting is	done upon finalization
		•	riodical surveys (e.g.
		CVME) and offic results.	ial publishing of their
Disaggregation? 🖂 Gender 🗌 Age 0-17/Child; 18+/Adult 🗌 Other:			