

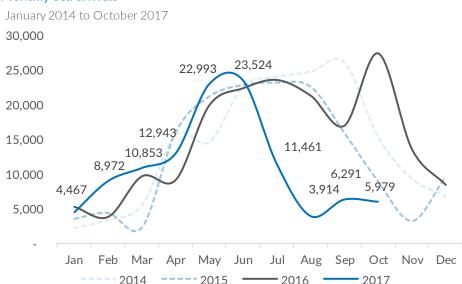
# **ITALY** Sea arrivals dashboard

### Overview

Between 1 January and 31 October 2017, 111,397 persons arrived in Italy by sea. This is a 30% decrease compared to sea arrivals in the same period last year (159,427). Disembarkations slowed as of mid-July 2017, with monthly arrival numbers being significantly lower since, compared to 2016. In October 2017, 5,979 persons reached Italy by sea, compared to 27,384 registered at landing points in October 2016.

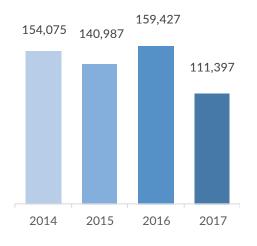
**111,397** Jan - Oct 2017 <sup>1</sup> 159,427 Jan - Oct 2016 1

### Monthly sea arrivals



### Yearly sea arrivals

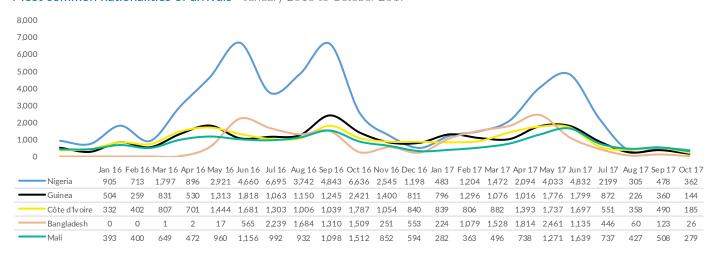
January to October, 2014-2017



### Nationality of arrivals

Between 1 January and 31 October 2017, 16% of all arrivals originated from Nigeria, followed by Guinea (8%), Côte d'Ivoire (8%), Bangladesh (8%), Mali (6%), Sudan (5%), Senegal (5%), Eritrea (5%), The Gambia (5%), and Morocco (5%). Nigeria remains the most common country of origin of sea arrivals in Italy, compared to the same period last year. While over 19,000 Eritreans reached Italian shores in January-October 2016, some 5,700 arrived by sea in January-October 2017. Furthermore, while some 900 Tunisians disembarked in the first ten months of 2016, over 5,400 arrived by sea in 2017 so far, making it the eleventh most common nationality of sea arrivals this year.

### Most common nationalities of arrivals - January 2016 to October 2017



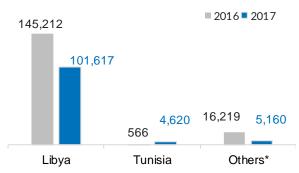


## Country of embarkation and demographics of arrivals

Between 1 January and 31 October 2017, most sea arrivals were men (75%). Women accounted for 11% and UASC were 13%. Between 1 January and 31 October 2017, 101,617 persons (94% of arrivals) departed from Libya. The majority of new arrivals disembark following SAR operations conducted on the high seas. However, autonomous sea arrivals also occur, with persons reaching southern Italy from Algeria, Tunisia, Turkey, and Greece. Most vessels arriving autonomously were intercepted by the authorities just off the Italian coast and transferred to port sites, subsequently undergoing identification procedures. Departures from Tunisia have been increasing in the recent months: some 45% of sea arrivals disembarked in October 2017 departed from Tunisia.

### Country of embarkation

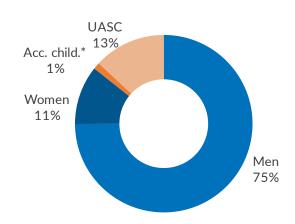
January to October 2016 and 2017



<sup>\*</sup> Others include Egypt, Greece, Tunisia and unknown

### Demographics of arrivals

January to October 2017



## Nationality and demographics of arrivals

Over 5,200 Nigerian women arrived in the first ten months of 2017, accounting for 30% of all Nigerians reaching Italian shores since the beginning of the year. Relatively higher proportions of women have also been registered among Cameroonians (25% are women), Ethiopians (24%), Somalis (22%), Eritreans (19%), Syrians (19%), and Ivoirians (14%).

Between 1 January and 31 October 2017, 14,597 UASC reached Italian shores. The numbers of UASC arrivals have decreased compared to the same period last year, when 22,772 UASC disembarked in the first ten months of the year. However, the proportion of UASC among sea arrivals (13%) is comparable to the first ten months (14%) of 2016.

### Nationality and demographics of arrivals - January to October 2017

