Since the beginning of the crisis, IOM has assisted over 73,000 IDPs in Abyan, Aden, Al Dhale'e, Hadhramaut, Hajjah, Lahj, Al Mahrah, Sa’adah, Shabwah, Socotra and Taizz governorates with shelter and non-food item support.

In June, 773 migrants living with foster families or hosted at IOM’s Migrant Response Points in Al Hudaydah and Sana’a received daily food assistance from IOM. Since March 2015, IOM has provided nearly 8,000 migrants in Aden, Al Hudaydah, and Sana’a with daily food assistance.

Between 1 and 30 June, 214 individuals arrived from Yemen in Bosaso and Berbera, Somalia. As of 30 June 2016, 32,619 individuals fleeing the conflict in Yemen have arrived in Somalia.

Peace talks continued in Kuwait throughout June 2016. The parties used the Eid holiday to return home for consultations and prepare for a new round of talks, which is scheduled to start in Kuwait on 15 July.

Despite the ongoing ceasefire, fighting continues. In late June, airstrikes were reported in Sana’a, Abyan, Shabwah, and Lahj. Main entrances leading to Taizz governorate remain blocked, preventing aid from entering the Taizz enclave in particular Salah, Mudhaffar, and Al Qahira districts.

The 9th Task Force on Population Movement (TFPM) Report was released on 31 May 2016. This report indicates an IDP population of over 2.8 million individuals, with a further 750,000 individuals identified as IDP returnees who were previously displaced due to conflict. The north western region of Yemen (Amanat Al Asimah, Hajjah, Sa’adah, Sana’a, and Taizz governorates) remains the area with the largest IDP population.
IOM RESPONSE

HUMANITARIAN ACTIVITIES IN YEMEN

Shelter and Non-Food Items (NFI)

During the reporting period, IOM distributed 696 NFI/Shelter kits to 4,871 IDPs (2,046 women, 2,192 men, 341 girls and 292 boys) in Al Ma’afir and Maqbanah districts in Taizz governorate, and 520 NFI/Shelter kits to 3,611 IDPs (1,499 women, 1,639 men, 255 girls and 218 boys) in Al Hussein and Al Azariq districts in Al Dhale’e governorate. The NFI/Shelter kits contained sleeping mats, blankets, jerry cans, kitchen sets, plastic sheets and ropes. Furthermore, in Othman district (Aden governorate), IOM provided 179 patients (20 women, 159 men) in Al Salam Mental Hospital and Elderly Home with NFI/Shelter kits containing mattresses blankets, bed sheets, and dignity and hygiene materials.

Since the beginning of the crisis, IOM has assisted 73,616 IDPs in Abyan, Aden, Al Dhale’e, Hadhramaut, Hajjah, Lahj, Al Mahrah, Sa’adah, Shabwah, Socotra and Taizz governorates with shelter and NFI support.

Water, Sanitation and Hygiene (WASH)

IOM continues to support health facilities and community water sites through daily water trucking services. Between 1 and 30 June, IOM provided a total of 62,000 liters of clean, safe water on a daily basis to three health facilities (Ataq Hospital, Azzan Hospital and their kidney dialysis centers and Rudhum Hospital) reaching 12,400 individuals (5,208 women, 5,580 men, 868 girls and 744 boys) in Shabwah governorate. Additionally, IOM trucked 204,000 liters of water daily to 22 water sites in Hadhramaut governorate, benefitting 29,143 individuals (12,240 women, 13,114 men, 2,040 girls and 1,749 boys).

Since 26 March 2015, 716,415 (300,894 women, 322,387 men, 50,149 girls and 42,985 boys) have benefitted from IOM’s WASH activities in Abyan, Aden, Al Dhale’e, Al Jawf, Hadhramaut, Ibb, Taizz Lahj, Sana’a and Shabwah governorates.

Health

From 1 to 30 June, IOM’s mobile health clinics provided health assistance to 29,726 IDPs and other conflict-affected people (9,740 women, 5,856 men and 14,130 children) in Abyan, Aden, Al Dhale’e, Hajjah, Al Hudaydah, Sa’adah, Sana’a, and Shabwah governorates. Additionally, IOM supported health facilities in Abyan (Al Razi Hospital) and Aden (‘22 May’ Hospital) by providing health assistance to 3,356 IDPs and other conflict-affected persons (697 women, 866 men and 1,793 children).

Furthermore, through the Outpatient Therapeutic Program (OTP) for acute malnourished children under 5 years and Pregnant and Lactating Women, IOM treated a total of 285 pregnant and lactating women and 1,961 children in Abyan, Al Dhale’e and Shabwah. In addition, through the OTP, 260 women and children were vaccinated, and another 1,117 children were treated as per Integrated Management of Childhood Illnesses (IMCI) guidelines.

Since the beginning of the crisis, 309,440 IDPs and other conflict-affected populations in Abyan, Aden, Al Dhale’e, Hajjah, Al Hudaydah, Ibb, Sa’adah, Sana’a and Shabwah have been provided with emergency and primary health care, reproductive health services, mental health and psychosocial support, health promotion, and management of acute malnutrition.

Protection

The Task Force for Population Movement (TFPM), which was established on 20 April 2015 by the Protection Cluster, is co-led by IOM and UNHCR. The 9th report of the TFPM on displacement and population movement in Yemen was released on 31 May. The 9th report marks a significant shift to dedicated tracking of displaced or returnee populations by the TFPM. Data collected through dedicated displacement tracking in southern Yemen has been included since the 6th report through the operation of IOM’s Displacement Tracking Matrix (DTM).

The report indicates a total of 2,818,072 people have been displaced by the ongoing conflict. This is composed of 2,053,093 IDPs who remain displaced across 21 governorates, mainly in Hajjah, Sana’a, and Taizz, and 764,979 IDPs who have returned to or within 19 governorates, mainly in Aden, Amanat Al Asimah, and Lahj.

IOM continues to provide health and psychosocial support to conflict-affected communities (mainly children) within 20 Child-Friendly Spaces (CFS) in Aden (10) and Sana’a (10). Different activities such as drawing; puppet theatre; awareness sessions about personal hygiene; information sessions on the risks of irregular migration; psychosocial sessions; and hand crafts are implemented on a daily basis by volunteers who were trained by IOM.

During the reporting period, 6,425 children (1,739 girls and 4,686 boys) participated in activities in the CFSs. To date, 17,219 individuals have benefitted from activities provided at the CFSs.
Assistance to Migrants in Yemen

From 1 to 30 June, IOM teams in Aden, Al Hudaydah, and Sana’a identified and registered 744 migrants. Additionally, during the reporting period, IOM distributed NFI and dignity kits to 601 migrants (28 women, 425 men and 148 children) in the abovementioned governorates. Migrants were provided with kits that addressed specific needs of men and women. The men received kits containing futahs - Yemeni traditional sarong, towels, t-shirts, underwear, sandals, bars of soap, washing powder, soap dishes, and toothpaste, and the women were provided with jalabias (women’s dress), abayas, scarves, towels, underwear, sandals and sanitary pads, bars of soap, washing powder, toothpaste, and hair oil.

Furthermore, 773 migrants (20 women, 527 men and 226 children) living with foster families or hosted at IOM’s Migrant Response Points (MRP) in Al Hudaydah and Sana’a received daily food assistance (hot meals and snacks) from IOM. Since the beginning of the crisis, IOM has provided 7,928 migrants in Aden, Al Hudaydah, and Sana’a with daily food assistance.

In June, IOM conducted four awareness-raising sessions on the risks of irregular migration, the situation in Yemen, and services provided by IOM. A total of 512 individuals (3 women, 361 men and 148 children) including migrants, host community members and other stakeholders in Aden, Al Hudaydah, and Sana’a attended the sessions.

Moreover, between 1 and 30 June, IOM provided emergency healthcare assistance and mental health and psychosocial support to 1,420 migrants (32 women, 1,007 men and 381 children) hosted in MRPs and health clinics in Aden, Al Hudaydah, Lahj and Sana’a, as well as those newly arrived in Aden’s coastal areas. To date 18,236 migrants have received medical assistance from IOM.

ARRIVALS FROM YEMEN TO THE HORN OF AFRICA

Since the beginning of the crisis, 79,295 people have arrived in Djibouti, Somalia, Sudan and Ethiopia from Yemen.

Arrivals in Somalia

Between 1 and 30 June, 214 individuals (54 women and 97 men and 63 children) including Somali returnees (136), and Yemeni (71), Ethiopian (4), Kenyan (1), Sudanese (1), and Tanzanian (1) nationals arrived from Yemen in Bosaso (Puntland) and Berbera (Somaliland). As of 30 June 2016, 32,619 individuals (86% Somali returnees, 1% migrants and 13% Yemenis) fleeing the conflict in Yemen have arrived in Somalia.

IOM continues to provide emergency primary healthcare and referral services at the reception center in Berbera. During the reporting period, 18 individuals (2 women, 15 men and 1 child) were medically screened and received health care assistance at the reception center. Since the beginning of the crisis, IOM has medically screened and treated 3,099 individuals, including 87 referrals.

Since April 2015, IOM has provided 9,883 people fleeing Yemen with onward transportation assistance (OTA) to travel onward to their areas of destination or origin. Assistance is provided once vulnerable arrivals, with limited resources or other protection needs, are registered and screened for fitness to travel at IOM’s reception centers in Berbera and Bosaso. During the reporting period, a total of 108 individuals (24 women, 38 men and 46 children) were provided with OTA to Mogadishu (54), Hargeisa (10), Baidoa (7), Jowhar 7), Kismayo (7), Wajid (7), Afgoye (6), Jamame (5), Marka (3), and Buulabarde (2).

Since April 2015, IOM has provided OTA to those fleeing Yemen to travel onward to their areas of destination or origin. Assistance is provided once vulnerable arrivals, with limited resources or other protection needs, are registered and screened for fitness to travel at IOM’s reception centers in Berbera and Bosaso. During the reporting period, a total of 135 individuals (38 women, 28 men and 69 children) were provided with OTA to Mogadishu (85), Kismayo (14), Baidoa (8), Marka (7), Beledweyne (6), Hargeisa (5), Luuq (5), Qoryoley (3), Dhusamareb (1) and Janale (1).

ARRIVALS FROM YEMEN TO THE HORN OF AFRICA

Since the beginning of the crisis, 79,295 people have arrived in Djibouti, Somalia, Sudan and Ethiopia from Yemen.

IOM operations are supported by:
YEMEN CRISIS RESPONSE
Movements and Arrival Assistance

As of 30 June 2016
Sources: IOM, UNHCR
Feedback: prd@iom.int

ARRIVALS

IOM ASSISTED MOVEMENT

Flights (Air Evacuation)
- 14 Charter Flights to Ethiopia (144 Individuals)
- 11 Charter Flights to Sudan (1,454 Individuals)
- 2 Charter Flights to Somalia (367 Individuals)

Boats (Sea Evacuation)
- 17 Boats to Djibouti (3,486 Individuals)

Trips (Land Onward Transport)
- 170 Flights (1,954 Individuals)

TOTAL ARRIVALS
- 79,295 Individuals

DJIBOUTI
- 26,347 Individuals

SOMALIA
- 35,852 Individuals

SUDAN
- 1,464 Individuals

ETHIOPIA
- 2,493 Individuals

TOTAL ASSISTED
- 26,347 Individuals

TCN EVACUATION BY IOM - SEA & AIR
(by the region of nationalities)

TOTAL TRACKED ARRIVALS OF ETHIOPIANS IN THE COUNTRY IS 4,717*