

KEY FIGURES

38,231*

Total number of registered and active Burundian refugees and asylum-seekers in Uganda (as 17 May 2016).

30,965

Number of registered Burundian refugees and asylum-seekers in Uganda before Jan 2016.

7,266

Number of registered Burundian refugees and asylum-seekers in Uganda since January 2016.

Further breakdown of the total number of Burundian refugees, according to settlements:

18,052

Refugees received in Nakivale Refugee Settlement

531

Refugees received in Kyaka II Refugee Settlement

285

Refugees received in Oruchinga Refugee Settlement

91

Refugees received in Kisoro district

4,889

Urban refugees received in Kampala

**statistics are provided by the Government of Uganda Office of the Prime Minister*

PRIORITIES

- Health education and hygiene promotion to prevent/ control disease outbreaks, especially malaria and diarrhea.

Uganda

UPDATE ON THE BURUNDI REFUGEE RESPONSE

13-19 MAY, 2016

HIGHLIGHTS

- The trend of Burundian new arrivals seeking safety, protection and assistance in Uganda continued to decrease this week. In Nakivale, a total of 35 new Burundian new arrivals were received at the settlement compared to 54 as previously reported. Of these 15 (all male) arrived through Katuna, 16 (11 Male and 5 Female) arrived through Mirama Hills and 4 (3 male and 1 Female) were received through Mutukula border. Majority of the new arrivals (21) walked to the reception centre while 14 were transported by AIRD from the borders.
- The Burundians continue to flee from Kirundo, Bujumbura Marie and Kibitoke, Muyinga, Rumonge, and Gitega provinces reporting attacks from militia groups, abduction of male youth with those that resist recruitment killed.
- In Rwamwanja, construction of two temporary accommodation structures has commenced at the reception centre. This will help increase the reception capacity from the current 588 to approximately 738 individuals. This means more space for new arrivals.



Children of Burundian arrivals participating in physical education at one of the ECD centres in Nakivale Refugee Settlement. © UNHCR/Sam Kulu,

UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

Operational context

- In Nakivale, the joint UNHCR, OPM, ARC physical head count at Kabazana Reception Centre shows that a total of 328 persons of concern are residing there (177 Burundians, 149 Congolese and 7 Rwandese plus one male South Sudanese, slightly lower than last week's 372 individuals and almost half of the previous population (632) because OPM has been relocating new arrivals to their 15m*20m plots on a weekly basis. The reception centre can hold up to 338 individuals.
- In Kyaka II, 148 Individuals (65 households) are residing at the reception center, among them 49 Burundians and 99 Congolese individuals.

Protection

- In Nakivale, ARC received four Burundian protection cases (all male) involving from Kabahinda and Kashojwa villages. Two of the individuals were referred to Uganda Red Cross for family tracing; one referred to OPM for support with land acquisition for shelter and one other referred to MTI for further medical support. ARC continues to follow up on all the cases.

Persons with Specific Needs (PSNs)

- In Nakivale, ARC conducted home visits to six (5 male and 1 female) albinos in Kashojwa "B". During this exercise, a total of 39 albinos were supported with sun screen to shield them from direct exposure to the sun.

Child Protection

- In Naivale, ARC conducted a three-day child protection training for committee members from Burundian villages at Nakivale Youth Center, to equip them with basic knowledge and skills to prevent and respond to the needs of children in their communities. The Isingiro District Probation Officer, ARC child protection, representative from UNICEF and OPM facilitated the training. A total of 22 individuals attended the training.
- In Nakivale, ARC conducted a Best Interest Assessment for a four-year-old female survivor of SGBV from Kashojwa "C" village. This child at risk was referred and accompanied to Nakivale Health Centre III for medical examination where results were found to be negative. The care giver was counseled, the case was referred to Kashojwa Police Post and the perpetrator was arrested on charges of attempted defilement. Follow-up on the case is ongoing. This brings it to a total of 82 BIAs (15 UAMs, 35 separated children and 32 children at risk) have been conducted this year.
- In Nakivale, ARC conducted follow up home visits to monitor the living conditions of four unaccompanied minors (01 male and 03 female) under foster care arrangement in Kashojwa "B" and "C". The children were found to be coping well with their foster families and the caregivers were supportive. They were counseled and supported with clothes, books/pens and tooth paste.

Education

- Schools officially closed for third term holidays on 13th May and will resume 13th June 2016.

Health

- In Nakivale, there was an increase in the number of consultations at Kabazana Reception Centre, Ruhoko and Misiera mobile clinic points from 1,014 in the previous week to 1,099. The leading cause of illness this week was Upper Respiratory Tract Infections (URTIs) at 36.2% followed by malaria at 23.3%. Malaria was higher (at 38%) last week.

The decrease in malaria cases is because of the ongoing mosquito net hang-up campaign and malaria prevention/control sensitizations.

- In Nakivale, a total of 43 new Burundian children were immunized against measles, 50 received Oral Polio Vaccine compared, while 32 children from the age of 6 months to 15 years were dewormed to prevent them from intestinal worms infestation. Another 24 children received vitamin A supplements compared to boost their immunity. These interventions were done at OPM screening point, Kabazana Reception Centre, Ruhoko, and Misiera Mobile Clinic points.
- In Nakivale, a total of 23 mothers attended antenatal care at Kabazana Reception Centre and Ruhoko mobile clinic point compared to eight in the previous week, thanks to MTI's continued sensitization efforts.
- In Nakivale, MTI conducted a health education session at Kabazana Reception Centre on proper waste disposal and a total of 79 participants attended. Meanwhile, in Kashojwa village, MTI conducted a sensitization on safe male circumcision as one of the prevention measures against HIV/AIDS. A total of 58 participants were educated about the importance of circumcision.
- In Nakivale, all the health indicators continue to be within acceptable standards and have not changed from the previous weeks. The crude mortality rate was at 0.0% compared to the standard which is 0.75% per 1000 per month, under five mortality rate was 0.0 compared to the standard of 1.5% per 1000 per month and maternal mortality rate was at 0.0% compared to the standard of 0 death per 1000 per month). The ratio of community health workers to new arrivals was at 1:50 households, which is in line with the Uganda Ministry of Health required standard. It should be noted that the indicators being 0% does not mean that there was no death but there could have been one or two deaths out of 1000, and when you compute it still gives you 0%.



Food Security and Nutrition

- In Nakivale, the Global Acute Malnutrition (GAM) was at 2.45% compared to 0.6% reported in the previous week, (Uganda's Ministry of Health standard is 10%). The Severe Acute Malnutrition (SAM) rate recorded was 0.27% compared to 0.0% in previous week (Uganda's Ministry of Health standard is 2%) and moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) was at 2.18% compared to 0.6% in the previous week. The Global Acute Malnutrition rate increased to 2.45% compared 0.6% in the previous reporting due to the new arrivals who were referred to the MTI nutrition program for further management at Kabazana Reception Centre.
- In Nakivale Kabazana Reception Centre, a total of 367 new Burundian children were screened for malnutrition compared to 314 in the previous week. Out of 367 children, 176 children were under one year whereas 278 children were between 1 and 5 years. Of all the new Burundian children screened for malnutrition at Kabazana Reception Centre, Ruhoko and Misiera Mobile Clinic points, eight children were moderately malnourished and were enrolled on supplementary feeding programme for care compared to two in the previous week. There was one case of severe malnutrition which is the same as previous week.



Water and Sanitation

- In Nakivale, the WASH sector supplied water to the 19 villages where the new Burundians have been settled to a tune of 1,397,805 liters (957,805 piped water and 440,000 liters trucked water), a decrease compared to 1,520,805 litres in the previous reporting period. The average litre of water per person per day has decreased to 19.83 liters compared to 21.1 liters in the previous week. This is below UNHCR's 20 liters per person per day emergency water standard. This decrease is attributed to the mechanical problem of the water trucking vehicle and bad road network in Kashojwa "C" village.

Sanitation and Hygiene

- In Nakivale, ARC completed construction of 08 communal latrines of 02 stances each and 08 bath shelters in Kabahinda "C" to serve the recently settled Burundian households.

- In Nakivale, ARC conducted hygiene assessment in both Gisura “B” and “C” and with support from the community. A total of 20 pit latrines were demolished to prevent the outbreak of diarrhea and cholera. ARC further identified a total of 422 households which have excavated pits in the zones of Juru, Rubondo and Base Camp.

Community Empowerment and Self-Reliance

- In Nakivale, Nsamizi Training Institute screened and selected income generating activity groups among the Burundian households in order to identify groups capable of executing income generating activities such as poultry rearing, bee keeping, goat rearing, vegetable growing and retail businesses such as restaurants. A total of 16 groups comprised of 131 members (63 Male & 68 Female) were screened. During the assessment, five groups which included 02 fast food stalls, 02 vegetable growing/selling and 01 bee keeping were selected and will be supported with startup capital. This activity was done in partnership with MOBAN SACCO management which provided the expertise of business viability analysis with support of 08 (06 males and 02 Female) community members that identified and mobilized the groups.

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Links: [Burundi regional portal](#) - [Twitter](#) – [UNHCR Tracks: Welcome to New Bujumbura](#)

UGANDA: Burundi Refugee Situation Who's Doing What Where (2016)

WHAT



Coordination
Government (OPM)
UNHCR



Protection
Government (OPM) UNHCR
AHA ARC WTU
HURA RtP TUTAPONA
LWF ICRC
SP URCS
WHH DRC
UNFPA SCI
MTI UNICEF



Management of Settlements, Reception and Transit Centres
Government (OPM)
UNHCR
ARC



Food and Food Security
LWF NSAMIZI
SP
WFP
UNHCR



Health and Nutrition
AHA ACORD
UNFPA RHU
MTI
UNICEF
WHO
WFP
UNHCR



Energy and Environment
HURA
LWF
NSAMIZI
AIRD
UNHCR
DRC

WASH
HURA ARC
LWF IOM
SP DRC
WHH UNHCR
NSAMIZI UNICEF



Education
WTU
UNHCR
FRC



Livelihood
HURA Government (OPM)
LWF FRC
WHH
NSAMIZI
ARC
DRC
UNHCR



Logistics and Transport
HURA
AIRD
UNHCR
ARC

Shelter and NFIs
LWF AIRD
UNHCR WTU
HURA ADRA
ARC
DRC

WHO

Government, Office of the Prime Minister (OPM)
United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR)
United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF)
United Nations Population Fund (UNFPA)
World Food Programme (WFP)
World Health Organization (WHO)
International organization for migration (IOM)
African Initiative For Relief and Development (AIRD)
American Refugee Committee (ARC)
Agency for Cooperation and Research in Development (ACORD)
Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA)
Danish Refugee Council (DRC)
Finnish Refugee Council (FRC)
Humanitarian Initiative Just Relief Aid (HJRA)
Lutheran World Federation (LWF)
Medical Teams International (MTI)
Nsamizi Training Institute of social development (NSAMIZI)
Reproductive Health Uganda (RHU)
Right to Play (RtP)
Samaritan's Purse (SP)
Save the Children (SCI)
Trauma Counselling (TUTAPONA)
Ugandan Red Cross Society (URCS)
Welthungerhilfe (WHH)
Windle Trust Uganda (WTU)

WHERE

Region	South West									
District	Isingiro				Kyegegwa		Kamwenge		Kisoro	
Settlement / Village	Nakivale Settlement		Oruchinga Settlement		Kyaka II Settlement		Rwamwanja Settlement		Nyakabande Transit Centre	
	Gov. (OPM)	UNHCR	Gov. (OPM)	UNHCR	Gov. (OPM)	UNHCR	Gov. (OPM)	UNHCR	Gov. (OPM)	UNHCR
	SP	RtP	HURA	WFP	AHA		AHA	WTU	AIRD	UNICEF
	NSAMIZI	ICRC	SP	RtP	SP		LWF		HJRA	WFP
	WTU	URCS	NSAMIZI		NSAMIZI		WHH		ICRC	
	UNFPA	UNICEF	WTU		WTU		UNFPA		URCS	
	MTI	IOM	UNFPA		ICRC		AIRD		MTI	
	ARC	WHO	MTI		WFP				SCI	
	AIRD	WFP	AIRD		DRC					
	TUTAPONA	FRC								
	ACORD	RHU								
	ADRA									

2016 REVISED BURUNDI REGIONAL REFUGEE RESPONSE PLAN

Funding snapshot as at 06 May 2016

The requirements presented in this funding snapshot refer to the 2016 Revised Regional Refugee Response Plan covering the period January to December 2016

Funding level*

RRP requirements	\$313,898,329
Funding received	\$84,921,992
% funded	27%



Organization	Requirements (Jan - Sept 2016)	Funding received**					Regional funding	Total received	% funded
		DRC	Rwanda	Tanzania	Uganda				
ADRA Adventist Development and Relief Agency	\$4,402,245		\$80,602					\$80,602	2%
AHA African Humanitarian Action	\$351,647							\$0	0%
AIRD African Initiative for Relief & Development	\$2,000,000							\$0	0%
ARC American Refugee Council	\$656,000		\$450,000					\$450,000	69%
CARE	\$213,292							\$0	0%
CONCERN	\$552,609							\$0	0%
CWS Church World Service	\$890,708							\$0	0%
DRC Danish Refugee Council	\$7,437,000			\$274,000				\$274,000	4%
FAO Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations	\$6,681,464							\$0	0%
FSDS Fondation Saint Dominique Savio	\$360,450							\$0	0%
Handicap International	\$433,760							\$0	0%
HelpAge International	\$742,095			\$518,516				\$518,516	70%
IOM International Organization for Migration	\$4,118,394			\$2,464,701				\$2,464,701	60%
IRC International Rescue Committee	\$3,825,000			\$594,000				\$594,000	16%
Legal Aid Forum	\$388,123							\$0	0%
OXFAM	\$9,571,076			\$2,328,878				\$2,328,878	24%
PAJER Parlement des Jeunes Rwandais	\$169,686							\$0	0%
PLAN International	\$3,655,000		\$93,272	\$2,938,327				\$3,031,599	83%
Protect Rwanda	\$344,549							\$0	0%
REDESO Relief to Development Society	\$728,728							\$0	0%
SCI Save the Children International	\$1,830,000		\$533,128	\$249,511				\$782,639	43%
SI Solidarités International	\$4,600,000							\$0	0%
TCRS Tanganyika Christian Refugee Service	\$1,593,816			\$365,000				\$365,000	23%
TRCS Tanzania Red Cross Society	\$2,874,747							\$0	0%
TWESA Tanzania Water and Environmental Sanitation	\$519,214							\$0	0%
UN Women UN Entity for Gender Equality and the Empowerment of Women	\$1,800,000			\$400,000				\$400,000	22%
UNAIDS	\$500,000							\$0	0%
UNFPA United Nations Population Fund	\$6,163,705		\$450,000	\$704,404	\$175,123			\$1,329,527	22%
UNHCR United Nations High Commissioner for Refugees	\$154,057,100	\$1,000,000	\$13,187,116	\$28,402,785	\$1,773,083	\$2,195,374		\$46,558,358	30%
UNICEF United Nations Children's Fund	\$12,603,105			\$1,740,263				\$1,740,263	14%
WFP World Food Programme	\$73,298,744	\$441,341	\$1,267,682	\$20,626,549	\$1,528,337			\$23,863,909	33%
WHO World Health Organization	\$1,436,072		\$140,000					\$140,000	10%
WM Water Mission	\$5,100,000							\$0	0%
TOTAL	\$313,898,329	\$1,441,341	\$16,201,801	\$61,606,934	\$3,476,543	\$2,195,374		\$84,921,992	27%

	DRC	Rwanda	Tanzania	Uganda	Region	Total
Requirements Total	\$23,417,230	\$94,521,989	\$174,104,114	\$21,854,996		\$313,898,329
Funding Level Total	\$1,441,341	\$16,201,801	\$61,606,934	\$3,476,543	\$2,195,374	\$84,921,992
% Funded	6%	17%	35%	16%		27%

* The funding level refers only to funding received against the inter-agency Refugee Response Plan 2016

** Financial figures are from UNHCR and from OCHA's Financial Tracking Service (FTS)

DONORS (2016)



Funding also received from PRIVATE DONORS