

## KEY FIGURES

**197,704**

South Sudanese arrivals in Sudan since 15 December 2013.

\* This figure does not include a number of newly arrived South Sudanese living with host communities. These statistics will be determined following individual registration in host communities.

**130,029**

South Sudanese new arrivals who received humanitarian assistance since December 2013.

**72,706**

Number of South Sudanese arrivals residing in the seven sites of White Nile State, as per UNHCR individual registration.

**145,200**

Number of South Sudanese arrivals residing in Khartoum open areas as per IPP and Civil Registry (As of 22 February 2016).

## PRIORITIES

- Establishment of a new site in Al Waral, White Nile State to address congestion at existing sites.
- Ongoing response to arrivals in West Kordofan and White Nile State.
- Assessment and response to the influx of South Sudanese in Eastern and South Darfur.

## SUDAN

### UNHCR OPERATIONAL UPDATE FOR SOUTH SUDAN

1 – 14 March 2016

#### HIGHLIGHTS

- At the beginning of March a constant flow of South Sudanese arrivals was recorded at the three border crossing areas of White Nile State with South Sudan. A total of 982 individuals were newly identified in Joda (577), El Mquiens (358) and El Kuek (47) reception centres.
- UNHCR and the Sudanese Red Crescent Society's (SRCS) completed a second round of registration on 10 March, in Al Alagaya and Dabat Bosin sites, Al Jabalain locality. During the reporting period the team registered 2,457 additional individuals. The team will resume a second round of registration in Al Kashafa on 21 March.
- In Khartoum open areas, 775 new arrivals were reported by the IDP National Centre since February.
- Recent reports of heightened food insecurity and violence in parts of South Sudan have resulted in new influx of South Sudanese crossing the border from Northern Bahr El Ghazal State (NBEG) and Warrap State and arriving into Sudan, particularly into West Kordofan, South Darfur and East Darfur. In East Darfur, Ed Daein locality, on average 500 individuals have been arriving per day with a total of 19,105 as of 15 March.
- The total number of South Sudanese arrivals in Sudan is now recorded at 197,704, an increase of 23,870 individuals compared with the previous operational update.
- On 8 March, the Ministry of Social Affairs in collaboration with UNHCR, UNFPA, Humanitarian Aid Commissioner (HAC), Plan Sudan, and national NGOs Jasmal, Friends of Peace and Development Organization, Rafi and Ethar, organized an event for the International Women's Day in Kosti town in White Nile State. The theme was 'Women empowerment for sustainable development' and the event was attended by 300 community members and Government officials. International Women's Day was also marked on 9 March in Dabat Bosin site with football matches between South Sudanese from Al Alagaya and Dabat Bosin, lectures on reproductive health and early marriage, and performances by the children with local songs.



*Community participation during the International Women's Day celebration in Dabat Bosin site. Photo: UNHCR.*

# UPDATE ON ACHIEVEMENTS

## Operational Context

Following the recent influx in West Kordofan as reported through HAC and WFP, HAC readjusted their figures for El Meiram downward from 4,000 to 2,328 individuals (450 HH). Obtaining accurate figures for El Meiram is a challenge as families have reportedly integrated with the predominantly Dinka host community and other rural areas that have not been assessed. On 16 March, UNHCR will lead an interagency mission to assess the situation on ground.

In East Darfur, there were reports of new South Sudanese refugee arrivals since the end of January. The arrival figures were provided by the monitoring and registration committee that consists of Sudanese Red Crescent Society (SRCS), Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC), Mercy organization (NNGO) and Mubadiroon (NNGO). An interagency rapid assessment took place on 15 February, led by OCHA and HAC with participation of UN, INGOs, NNGOs, WES and SMOH. New arrivals have mainly settled in Khor Omer site Ed Daein locality (19,105 individuals/4,333 HH, figures provided 15 March); Abu Jabra locality (2,900 individuals/588 HH); Asalaya locality (250 individuals/68HH); and Abu Karinka (1,100 individuals, 223 HH). The new arrivals were identified to be mostly Dinka, arriving from Northern Bahr el Ghazal State (mainly Aweil and Nyam Lail). An assessment in NBEG by INGOs in January 2016 estimated 21,500 individuals located in areas along the border with Sudan (Kiir Adem and Kiir Galaama) as possibly being food insecure. The Government of South Sudan is estimating much higher numbers. OCHA and UNHCR are jointly coordinating the overall response.

More arrivals are expected in the following days. As an initial response to Khor Omer camp, WFP has provided a monthly emergency food distribution to the initial 1,000 households (5,000 individuals), whilst the remaining arrivals will also be assisted soon. State Ministry of Health distributed medication, extended working hours of the local clinic and will provide three months consultations for free. Water pumping capacity has been increased by the NGO Water Environment and Sanitation (WES), and targeted distributions such as PB5 and mid-upper arm circumference (MUAC) screenings have been conducted by State Ministry of Health and UNICEF. SRCS distributed 500 jerry cans and WES distributed 200.

An inter-agency needs assessment was undertaken by OCHA and IOM on 15 March and a follow up mission will take place on 20 March lead by UNHCR. A total of 282 HH new arrivals were registered in total as of 14 March and an additional 32 HH were registered who had been living in Sudan prior to secession. Registration is ongoing. The arrivals were in need of humanitarian assistance and more individuals are expected.

## Achievements and Needs Assessment



Protection

### Achievements and Impact

- On 14 March, Plan International completed the construction of two child friendly spaces in Al Alagaya and Dabat Bosin site, White Nile State. The children were previously sheltered in communal areas, however the new facilities will accommodate the current 525 children and up to 300 more.
- The State Ministry of Health started a Birth Registration exercise in Al Alagaya site targeting new born children dating from 2014. UNHCR has welcomed the start of this exercise, which will be important in ensuring children have access to civil documentation.
- Sudan's Humanitarian Aid Commission (HAC) with the support of UNHCR is currently in the process of starting construction of a reception centre in Kharasana, West Kordofan State, where there have been arrivals from South Sudan.

### Gaps and Challenges

- On 1 March, UNHCR and SRCS convened a border monitoring mission to El Mquiens and El Kuek reception centres, White Nile State, to monitor the operation of the centers, the flow of South Sudanese new arrivals, and the current situation of the arrivals who have settled among the local host communities in these locations. Improvements have been recommended for the current referral pathways and the tracking the unaccompanied and separated children at the reception centres.



Water and Sanitation

### Achievements and Impact

- Plan International distributed 3,000 jerry cans: 2,020 in El Redis II and 980 in El Kashafa sites.
- Sub-Saharan International Development Organization (SIDO) and Catholic Agency for Overseas Development (CAFOD) supported by UNHCR completed the construction of 400 latrines (300 Latrines in El Kashafa and 100 in Um Sangor).

- 299 garbage bins were installed in in Al Alagaya, 50 in Dabat Bosin, 120 in Um Sangor and 494 in El Redis II. On-going installation of 275 more garbage bins in El Redis I, 207 in El Kashafa and 200 in Jouri will be expected to be finished by next week.
- The table below illustrates WASH activities implemented by Plan International Sudan, CAFOD and SIDO.

Partners	Location	# of HHs visited by Hygiene Promoters	Total # of Beneficiaries	# of Sessions	Total # of Beneficiaries	Kgs of Solid Waste Disposed (Dislodging of Latrines)
CAFOD through SIDO (in collaboration with UNHCR)	Al Alagaya	1,795	15,924	8	532	7,500
	Dabat Bosin	510	2,462	4	196	3,500
	Um Sangor	655	3,238	3	2854	5,500
	Dabat Bosin Host Community	480	2,333	2	38	-
Plan International-Sudan (in collaboration with UNICEF)	El Redis I	150	835	-	-	-
	El Redis II	330	1,418	4	120	-
	El Kashafa	90	325	4	126	-
	Jouri	555	1,282	-	-	-
Total		4,565	27,817	25	1,297	16,500

- The following chart illustrates the WASH indicators in White Nile State sites. A 45,000 litre elevated tank is currently under construction in El Redis II and Al Waral new site each to address the gaps.

Site	Total Population	Total # of Latrines As of 15 February 2016	Total # of Latrines As of 15 March 2016	Persons per Latrine As of 15 March 2016	Litres of Water /Person/Day 12 January 2016	Litres of Water /Person/Day As of 15 March
Al Alagaya	13,103	514	514	25	18	13
Dabat Bosin	2,190	160	160	13	23.7	18
Jouri	11,252	319	319	35	11.1	12
El Kashafa	9,687	162	462	20	18.5	18.5
El Redis I	12,214	546	546	22	12.3	12.3
El Redis II	20,030	120	120	167	7	7
Um Sangor	3,248	240	340	9	31	31
<b>Total /Average</b>	<b>71,724</b>	<b>2,061</b>	<b>2,461</b>	<b>29</b>	<b>13.3</b>	<b>12.7</b>

## Camp Coordination and Camp Management

- On 2 March, UNHCR, SRCS and Adventist Development and Relief Agency (ADRA) undertook a joint visit to the Al Waral site that is currently being developed in El Salaam locality to discuss the ongoing projects and expedite the work on ground. It was agreed that SRCS will develop and maintain an administration unit at the site.
- During the reporting period, UNHCR installed 47 solar lights were in El Redis II and Um Sangor sites in White Nile State. The light will contribute to the living and security conditions of the residents.

**Contact:** Won-Na Cha, Associate Reporting Officer [chaw@unhcr.org](mailto:chaw@unhcr.org)

**Links:** Regional portal-UNHCR South Sudan operation -<http://data.unhcr.org/SouthSudan/>

# SUDAN

## Arrivals from South Sudan | 1- 14 March 2016



Over **197,704** persons have arrived in Sudan from South Sudan

- 130,029 persons have received humanitarian assistance (specific assistance only)
- Sudan hosts an estimated 350,000 Southern Sudanese individuals following the separation of South Sudan from Sudan
- \* Abyei PCA Box is estimated to have received 2,496 (IOM)

State	Arrivals	%
White Nile	90,704	46 %
Khartoum	35,262	18 %
West Kordofan	26,734	13.5%
South Kordofan	21,447	11%
East Darfur	19,522	9.8 %
Blue Nile	3,661	2 %
North Kordofan	374	< 0.1%
<b>TOTAL</b>	<b>197,704</b>	

- UNHCR Country Office
- UNHCR Sub Office
- UNHCR Field Office
- UNHCR Field Unit
- South Sudanese refugee sites
- Town of interest
- International boundary
- Undetermined boundary\*
- State boundary
- Localities hosting South Sudanese

The boundaries and names shown and the designations used on this map do not imply official endorsement or acceptance by the United Nations.  
 \* Final boundary between the Republic of Sudan and the Republic of South Sudan has not yet been determined. \*\* Final status of the Abyei area is not yet determined.  
 Sources: UNHCR, SRC, UNCS, UNDP  
 Feedback: UNHCR Regional Service Centre Nairobi kenrsgis@unhcr.org

