Considering the ongoing intercommunal conflicts in Sudan and the continuous arrival of new refugees and returnees, the Chadian government estimates that the number of refugees and returnees that could arrive in Chad by the end of 2023 could reach 600,000* people.

**382,320** Fixed new arrivals

**115,538** Households

**34** Host villages

### Fixed new arrivals per province

**OUADDAI**

- 299,851 people

**SILA**

- 63,808 people

**WADI FIRASILAOUADDAI**

- 18,661 people

### Individual biometric registration (Gaga, Farchana & Abéché camps)

**21,253** Registered

- **6,665** Households

- **86%** registered are women & children

- **21%** registered have specific needs

### Age and gender breakdown of registered persons

- **Male**: 44%
  - 1% 60+
  - 13% 18-59
  - 6% 12-17
  - 11% 5-11
  - 1% 0-4

- **Female**: 56%
  - 2% 60+
  - 23% 18-59
  - 7% 12-17
  - 12% 5-11
  - 11% 0-4

### Registered persons with specific needs

- **Woman at risk**: 1,138
- **Single parent**: 782
- **Child at risk**: 730
- **Unaccompanied or separated child**: 551
- **Older person at risk**: 472
- **Disability**: 386
- **Medical condition**: 311
- **Other**: 102

### Sources

- UNHCR, CNARR, OIM, OSM

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**Context**

Since the beginning of the conflict in Sudan on April 15, 2023, the CNARR, UNHCR, and IOM have been registering an influx of Sudanese refugees and Chadian returnees from Darfur through over 32 border entry points in eastern Chad. In the provinces of Ouaddai, Sila, and Wadi Fira humanitarian teams are working in support of the Chadian Government and local authorities to provide protection, reception, and response to the most urgent humanitarian needs of refugees in spontaneous settlements. UNHCR has relocated 43% refugees from spontaneous border sites to existing and newly established camps. Host populations are benefitting from the establishment/strengthening of services in host villages.

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**Update on arrivals from Sudan as of 26 August 2023**

**7,280** people recently Fixed in Grena during the last weeks.
The relocations are only carried out from host villages to the camps.

Relocation

Wadi Fira (Mile, Kounougou & Irdimi)

- Village: Mile, individuals: 644
- Village: Boukouloum, individuals: 542
- Village: Maroufa, individuals: 300
- Village: Sinette, individuals: 439
- Village: Grena, individuals: 840
- Village: Kounougou, individuals: 652
- Village: Sinette, individuals: 352
- Village: Djatak, individuals: 314
- Village: Tiné, individuals: 9,782

Total: 13,865

Relocation OUADDAI (Gaga, Farchana, Arkoum, Ambelia & Ouang)

- Village: Wandalou, Gaga, individuals: 4,319
- Village: Goungour, Gaga, individuals: 2,559
- Village: Adré, Gaga, individuals: 143
- Village: Abeche, Gaga, individuals: 400
- Village: Koufroun, Gaga, individuals: 16
- Village: Labane, Farchana, individuals: 3,044
- Village: Adré, Farchana, individuals: 1,097
- Village: Koufroun, Farchana, individuals: 362
- Village: Borota, Arkoum, individuals: 16,078
- Village: Goungour, Arkoum, individuals: 10,700
- Village: Adré, Metche, individuals: 22,486
- Village: Adré, Ouang, individuals: 44,265

Total: 105,469

Relocation SILA (Goz Amir, Djabal & Zabout)

- Village: Anderessa, Goz Amir, individuals: 1,364
- Village: Hile Hissien, Goz Amir, individuals: 569
- Village: Goz Achylie, Goz Amir, individuals: 500
- Village: Mogororo, Goz Amir, individuals: 237
- Village: Talassa, Goz Amir, individuals: 219
- Village: Anderessa, Djabal, individuals: 2,370
- Village: Talassa, Djabal, individuals: 1,715
- Village: Mogororo, Djabal, individuals: 87
- Village: Ademour, Zabout, individuals: 20,663
- Village: Koloye, Zabout, individuals: 15,297
- Village: Dormong, Zabout, individuals: 3,319

Total: 46,340

UNHCR Comprehensive Overview of Response to Emergencies | Ahmed Merdoukh, chnddima@unhcr.org
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**ACCESS TO TERRITORY AND ASYLUM**

What types of identified dangers/threats are you exposed to?

- None
- Sexual violence
- Physical aggression
- Family separation
- Confiscation of id
- I prefer not to answer

**BASIC NEEDS AND ESSENTIAL SERVICES**

What category of items does your family need the most?

- Sleeping material
- Kitchen utensils
- Household items
- Personal hygiene items
- Construction materials
- Torch light
- Clothing
- Firewood gas

**DOCUMENTATION**

What type of individual document do you possess?

- None
- National id
- Birth certificate
- Citizenship certificate
- Other

**COMMUNITY ENGAGEMENT**

What type of information would you like to receive from humanitarian workers and authorities?

- Services available
- How to access available services
- Rights and obligations
- News on the country of origin
- Covid 19

**GENDER BASED VIOLENCE**

Are there specific places in the host community where you do not feel safe?

- Insecure road
- Insecure far community
- Insecure firewood
- Insecure block camp
- Insecure latrine
- Insecure market
- Insecure home

The Project 21 is a regional protection monitoring system, launched in 2020 to address gaps in data collection and analysis on protection in West and Central Africa. The inter-agency project mobilizes partners to collect a set of data using harmonized tools and a common methodology to generate joint analysis of the situation, risks, and protection trends. As of 21 August 2023, 5,059 newly arrived refugees have been interviewed in Chad for the Sudanese emergency. This represents a subset of the collected data.

Sources: UNHCR, CRT ‘P21’