

CHAD UPDATE ON SUDANESE SITUATION

Overview of the situation

- As fighting continues in Sudan resulting in multiple humanitarian needs in the country, the European Union [launches](#) humanitarian airbridge to provide essential supplies to humanitarian partners in Port Sudan.

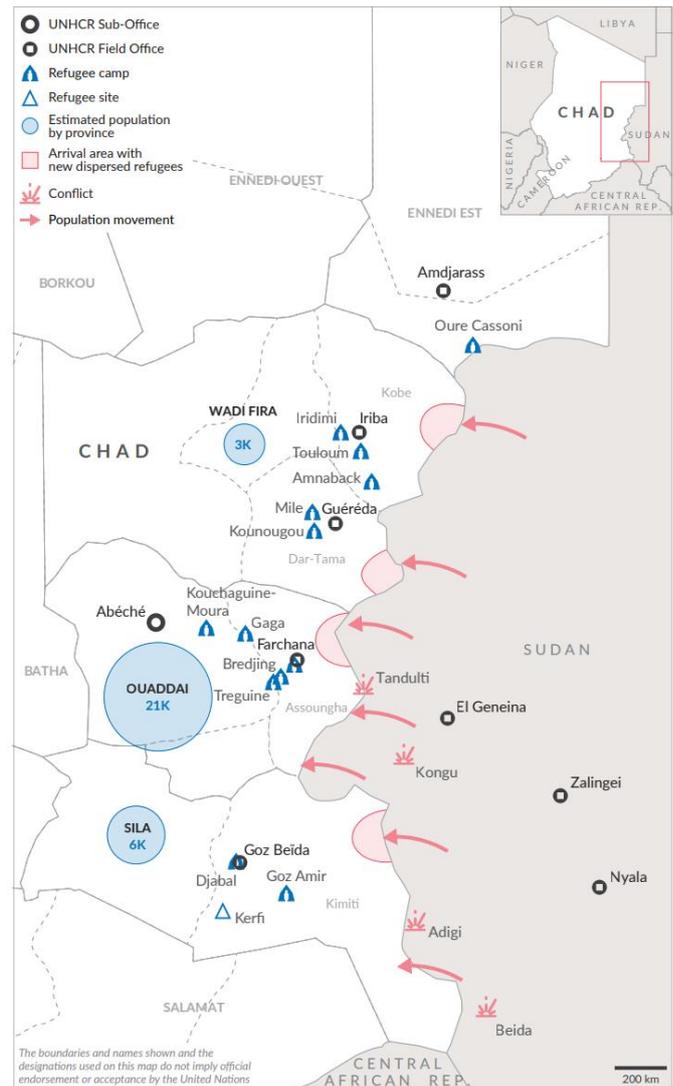
Situation in Chad

- On 11 May 2023, a rapid protection assessment was conducted on the Borota site, hosting an influx of about 30,000 Sudanese, mostly women and children. This brings the total number of new Sudanese refugees arriving in Chad to 60,000 since the beginning of the crisis. Priority needs remain Shelter, NFI, Dignity Kit, Food, Education, WASH and Health Care.

Response

Protection:

- The protection monitoring and fixing exercise underway in Borota and Goungour resulted in an estimated 30,000 new arrivals. These populations, from Aboke, Baouda, Kassim, Dema, Kassarous, Mengeno, Birtebi, Honre, Gondje, and Konga, were already in a situation of internal forced displacement in Kongoharaze, a locality of Sudan, with the hope of a return to peace but due continuous fighting, they were compelled to seek safety outside of Sudan. Some households were subjected to abuse and the payment of illegal taxes of between US\$2 and US\$10 by armed groups on the Sudanese side. Focus groups with women and girls identified cases of gender-based violence (psychological/emotional abuse and forced/early marriage), cases of child abduction in Sudan.



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As part of the protection monitoring in the areas hosting the new Sudanese refugees, 822 households have been interviewed as of May 11, 2023. The statistical trends remain essentially the same as those recorded since the beginning of the activity. 89% of households interviewed indicated that they had not encountered **any difficulties in accessing the country of asylum**. Although most households interviewed (81%) indicated that they had not faced **any protection threats** since arriving

in Chad, 17% said they had been **physically assaulted**. 33% of households interviewed indicated that family members **remained in Sudan** and will travel to Chad once the situation permits.

55% of households said they had no intention of returning to Sudan even if the situation improved in the coming months, and 90% said they felt integrated into the host community because of good cohabitation with the host community and access to some basic services and resources.

- **In Wadi Fira:** the partner HIAS identified protection cases including 107 at-risk children (91 out-of-school children, 10 unaccompanied and 06 sick children); 45 at-risk women; 19 single-headed households; 12 elderly people; 07 people living with disabilities.

Registration :

- As of 11 May, the registration team had **counted 28,433 individuals from 8,176 families and pre-registered 17,635 individuals from 5,183 families** in Ouaddaï and Sila since the beginning of the emergency.

Food Distribution:

- As of 12 May, 20,209 new Sudanese refugees have received WFP food in Ouaddaï and Sila.

Health:

- **New curative care visits:** The total number of new cases in curative care is 7,494 cases. The morbidity profile remains, as in the previous days, dominated by acute respiratory infections, malaria and watery diarrhea.
- **In nutrition,** over 3,713 children have been measured to date, including 600 cases of moderate acute malnutrition (MAM) admitted to the Supplementary Nutritional Unit (SNU) and 155 cases of severe acute malnutrition (SAM) admitted to the Ambulatory Nutritional Unit (ANU).
- **Reproductive health:** About 39 deliveries have been recorded to date.
- **Vaccination:** About 19,100 children have been vaccinated against measles by MSF to date in the 6-month to 15-year age group; 13,591 children have been dewormed with Albendazole and 4,398 children have received Vit A.
- **The mass screening campaign for malnutrition** is underway in the 3 sites, the results will be available next week.

WASH:

Since the beginning of the emergency until 11 May 2023 LMI has carried out the following activities:

- **Koufroun:** 3 wells completed and 3 tanks of 5m³ each installed, with the capacity to produce 45m³ of water per day. IRC takes this water to distribute it through the tanker to the refugees. Awareness raising on hygiene measures is ongoing, more than 15,000 people have already been reached.
- **Borota:** 1 well completed and 1 bladder of 10m³ installed; refugees get their supplies directly from the distribution ramps. Hygiene measures awareness activities have begun. Delimitation of defecation areas in progress.
- **Gaga** (one of the refugee relocations sites): 4 bladder platforms have been built for water storage and the production capacity of boreholes has been tested. 3 water points with 6 taps are being prepared. 400 emergency latrines are being built, 10 of which have been completed.

Shelter:

- **In Gaga:** construction with ADES and CRT partners of 500 family shelters; nearly 211 shelters with sheet metal are being finalized; a transit centre composed of 3 sheds is under construction; 4 large halls/warehouses have been installed to store NFIs and allow for family registration.
- **In Goz amir:** 112 family shelters have been completed.
- **For the Milé site in the Guereda area:** technical assessments have been completed and work will begin on May 13 to build shelters and transit centres.



A model shelter under construction at the Gaga site, 12 May 2023,
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