

Integrated Food Security Phase Classification Acute Malnutrition

Refugee Settlements and Kampala



**National Launch Event
05.08.2021**



Key stakeholders

IPC TWG Members: MAAIF, MOH, OPM, DLGs,
UNHCR, WFP, FAO, UNICEF, MTI, ACF, SCI, IRC

Feb – Aug 2020



27,936

IN NEED OF TREATMENT



KEY FIGURES

NOVEMBER 2020 - SEPTEMBER 2021



24,581

cases of children aged
6-59 months acutely
malnourished

IN NEED OF TREATMENT

Severe Acute
Malnutrition (SAM)

5,641

Moderate Acute
Malnutrition (MAM)

18,940

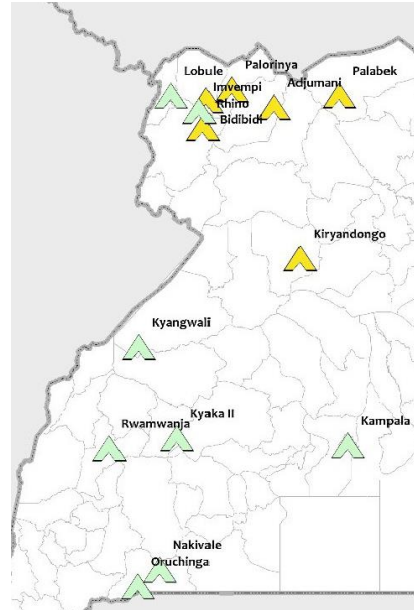
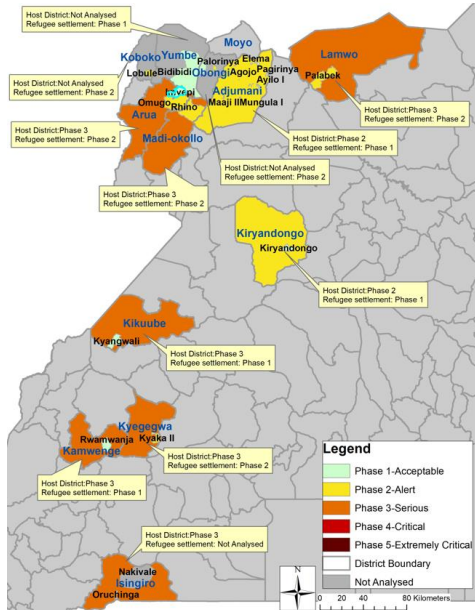


2,961

cases of pregnant or lactating
women acutely malnourished

IN NEED OF TREATMENT

2020 v 2021

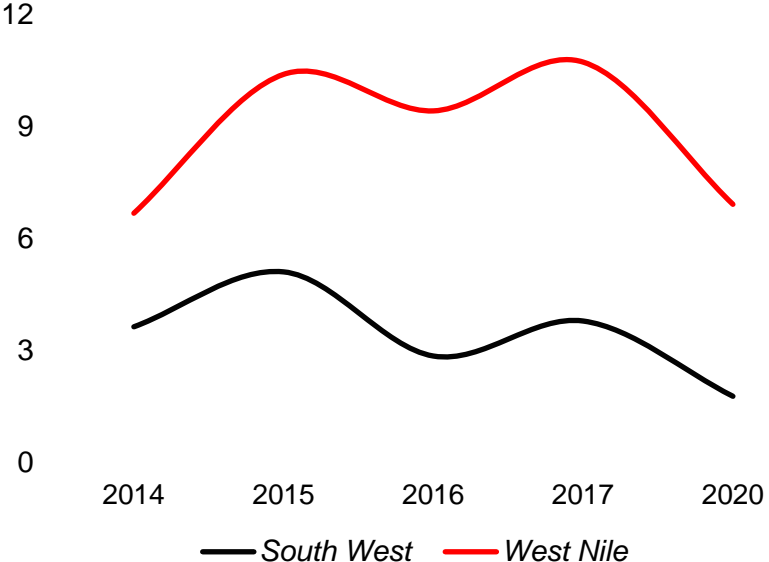


Successes

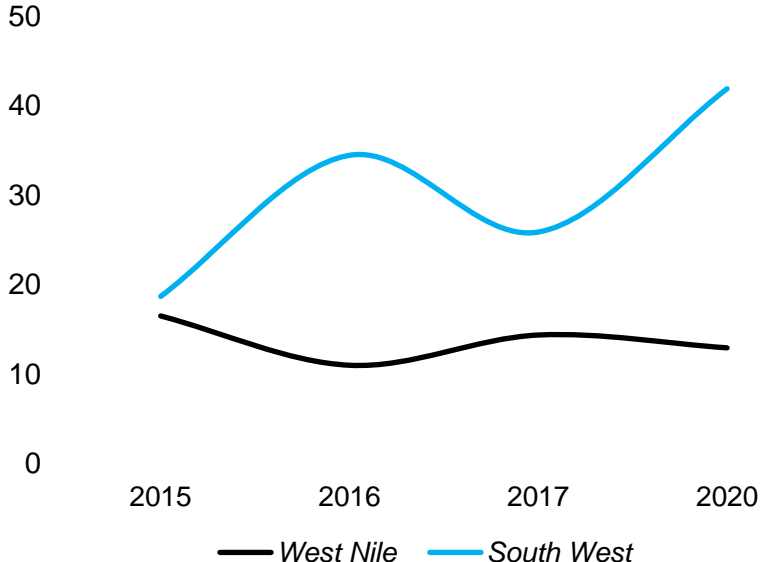
- *Robust surveillance*
- *Continuity of essential health services*
- *Stable commodity pipeline*
- *Coordination*
- *Capacity strengthening*
- *Integrated delivery*

Malnutrition trends

GLOBAL ACUTE MALNUTRITION TREND

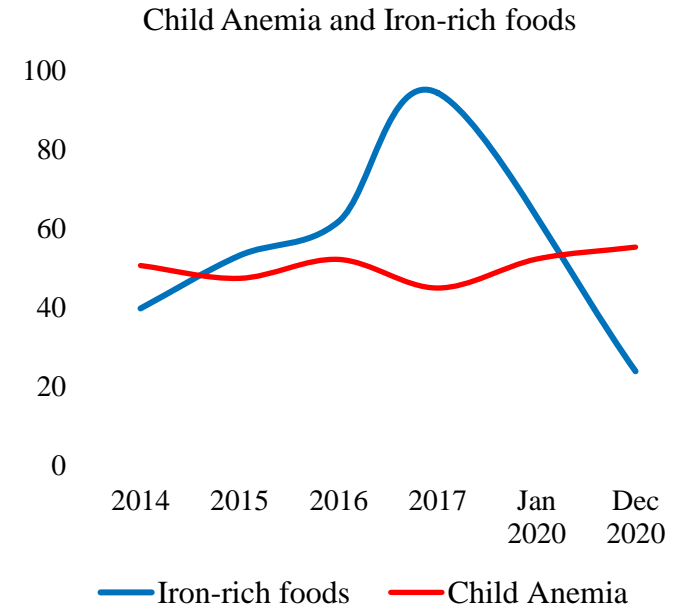


STUNTING TREND



Key drivers

- Poor Minimum Acceptable Diet – ration cuts, low food production, reduced livelihoods
- Disease - anemia (>55%), malaria, ARIs
- Suboptimal feeding practices
- COVID-19, second lockdown
- Low Vit. A suppl coverage (70.4%, $\geq 90\%$)
- WASH



Response priorities

- BCC on optimal feeding, MIYCAN multisectoral mainstreaming
- Continuity of preventive and curative health and nutrition services
- Comprehensive actions on anemia reduction
- Own food production – nature positive – climate smart - optimized land use - nutrition-sensitive.
- Investment cases – Social protection, energy efficient cooking, biofortification,
- Food Security – livelihoods, tooling and skilling
- Context o EHAGL funding

