Overview

Child Protection partners are continuing to strengthen the case management system, including through emphasis on case prioritization, workforce skills development and the roll-out of the Best Interest Procedures SOP.

Improving alternative care arrangements for unaccompanied children remains a priority, with a focus on training of foster parents and provision of livelihood support. More efforts are needed to further align alternative care procedures for refugees with national alternative care policies. Given the limited capacity of the child protection workforce, strengthening community-based child protection structures remains critical to follow-up on and monitor children in need and to ensure early identification and mitigation of further protection risks.

Children in need were provided with psychosocial support, with a focus on strengthening their resilience and capacities to protect themselves. In order to reduce the risk of teenage pregnancy, early marriage and substance abuse among children, partners continue to provide support for post-primary education, vocational skills training and other targeted interventions.

Key indicators

Unaccompanied and separated children (UASC) with open and active child protection (CP) cases  
Target: 31,470

Children participating in community-based support activities  
Target: 339,389

Objective: Adequate and quality child protection services for children, including case management services, are provided in refugee and host communities

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Indicator</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('19)</th>
<th>against annual target or standard</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Birth registrations</td>
<td>10,499</td>
<td>10,000</td>
<td>88%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Child friendly spaces</td>
<td>118</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Open and active individual child protection (CP) cases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('19)</th>
<th></th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>9,716</td>
<td>4,811</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>34,665</td>
<td>38,015</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burundian refugees</td>
<td>657</td>
<td>461</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Of which:

UASC with open and active CP cases

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Category</th>
<th>Actual</th>
<th>Target/Standard ('19)</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Congolese and other refugees</td>
<td>5,679</td>
<td>3,019</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>South Sudanese refugees</td>
<td>30,008</td>
<td>28,194</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Burundian refugees</td>
<td>321</td>
<td>257</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
CP cases receiving individual services, support or monitoring
- Congolese and other refugees: 9,828 (1,924)
- South Sudanese refugees: 10,446 (15,206)
- Burundian refugees: 57 (184)

UASC cases receiving individual services, support or monitoring
- Congolese and other refugees: 5,193 (1,208)
- South Sudanese refugees: 8,144 (11,278)
- Burundian refugees: 16 (103)

Children participating in community-based support activities
- Congolese and other refugees: 14,240 (97,807)
- South Sudanese refugees: 66,424 (234,096)
- Burundian refugees: 230 (7,486)

Ratio of children cases per caseworker
- Congolese and other refugees: 1:83 (1:25)
- South Sudanese refugees: 1:99 (1:25)
- Burundian refugees: N/A (1:25)

Objective: Effective and safe child protection systems that prevent and respond to child protection concerns in refugee and host communities are strengthened

Community members, service providers and government staff who participated in training and awareness raising on CP
- Congolese and other refugees: 11,181 (44,418)
- South Sudanese refugees: 32,778 (83,488)
- Burundian refugees: 597 (5,023)
- Host community: 903 (6,646)

Functional CP committees
- Congolese and other refugees: 141 (938)
- South Sudanese refugees: 746 (1,000)
- Burundian refugees: 17 (19)

Partners