Pakistan: Voluntary Repatriation of Afghan Refugees from Pakistan | As 31st of May, 2018





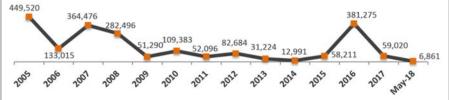
Total Number of Afghans facilitated for voluntary repatriation process in 2018:

Overview of Voluntary Repatriation from Pakistan to Afghanistan

UNHCR facilitates the Voluntary Repatriation of Afghan refugees as part of its mandate to provide durable solutions.

UNHCR Pakistan operates two Voluntary Repatriation Centres (VRC) in Quetta-Balochistan and Nowshera-KPK. Families who want to repatriate are de-registered at the VRC and their Proof of Registration (PoR) card is cut in the corner. A PoR card is an identity card for Afghan refugees that grants their temporary legal stay in Pakistan and protection against *refoulement*. Returnees receive a cash grant of approximately 200 USD per family member once they have reached one of the three UNHCR Encashment Centres in Afghanistan.

In 2016, a scheduling system for returnee families from VRC Azakhel (Nowshera) was established. All returnee families have to obtain a scheduled date for their return. UNHCR facilitated Voluntary Repatriation recommenced on 1 March after a three months winter break. A total of 1,253 families were scheduled for return in KP by the end of May 2018. However, 1,054 families (84%) presented themselves at the VRCs for their departure to Afghanistan.

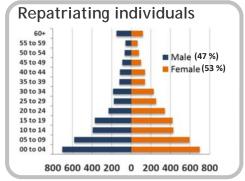


The voluntary repatriation trend in 2018 is generally low compared to previous years. This is primarily due to the ongoing security situation in Afghanistan. Strict border entry requirements was stated as a major push factor for return during May. Main areas of return are Kabul and Nangarhar provinces.

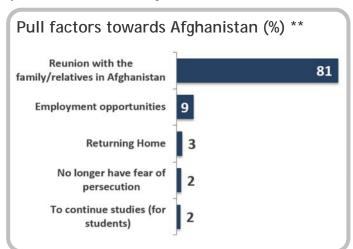
Since 2002, 4,367,052 Afghan refugees have repatriated from Pakistan with UNHCR's assistance (see chart above). The number of refugees repatriating to Afghanistan has fluctuated over the years and has decreased substantially, from around 450,000 in 2005 to 58,211 in 2015. 2016 saw an increase with over 381,275 returns which was the highest recorded number of returns since 2005.

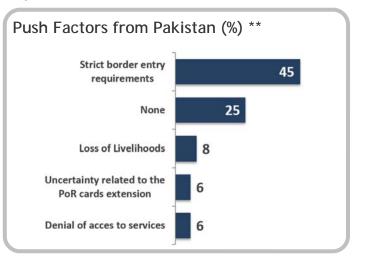






* A total of 6,861 individuals were facilitated for voluntary repatriation process between 1 March to 31 May 2018 from Pakistan with a total of 6,610 entitled for cash assistance. The remaining 251 have received UNHCR's cash assistance in the past.





^{**} The percentages presented in the graphs are based on 1,497 head of households interviews conducted from 1 March to 31 May 2018 at both VRCs. The revised exit questionnaire was placed at both VRC Azakhel and VRC Baleli which has also been aligned with UNHCR Afghanistan's new revised EC Monitoring form.



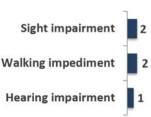
Families with at least one Vulnerable family member (%)



Families with at least one member with a serious medical condition (%)

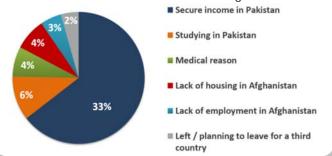


Families with at least one member with functional disabilities (%)



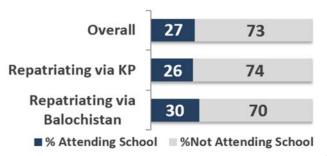
Reasons for staying in Pakistan

19% of members of repatriating families remained in Pakistan for the following reasons:

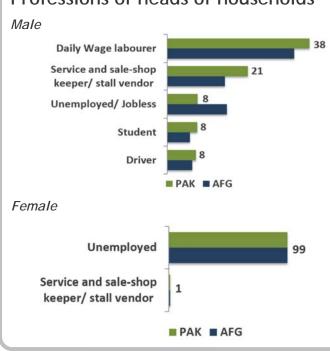


School enrolment (%)

Children of repatriating families that attended school in Pakistan:

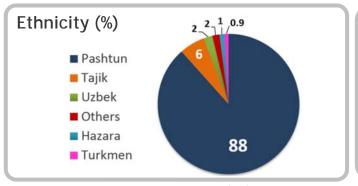


Professions of heads of households



Issues of concern as expressed by repatriating families (%)

Recent arrests and detentions	1%
Lease agreement problems with landlords	0%
Bribery incidents on the way to the VRC	1%
Children attending schools	0%
Outstanding financial or legal problems	0%
Health / medical assistance	8%
Legal aid	0%
Documentation	0%
Afghanistan: Lack of shelter	0%
	35,63
Lack of jobs	0%
Lack of jobs Health / medical assistance	0% 1%
	10000



Information sources of refugees for their decision to return:





