



ADI-HARUSH REFUGEE CAMP

2010

Camp opened in 2010 **2,084** (incl. 200

(incl. 200 mud-bricked) Permanent shelters built Communitybased

Structures in place

40%

Of the population is under the age of 18

10,599 refugees

Individually registered with ration cards

Education

Infrastructure available: 1 primary, 2 early, 0 secondary, 1 YEP and 0 vocational centres

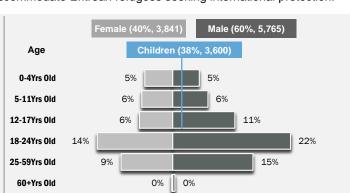
OVERVIEW

The Adi-Harush refugee camp was established in March 2010 to accommodate Eritrean refugees seeking international protection.



Refugee population in Adi-Harush camp

A total of **10,599** persons of concern in Adi Harush Camp As of 31st January, 2018



RECENT DEVELOPMENTS

A waste control system was installed in November 20117 in Adi Harush to safeguard the health of the community and protect the environment. The implementation by the Madrid University Experts of the street lighting, installation of 20 luminaires and training of 18 refugee technicians for the maintenance of the lamps was completed.

Additionally, 180 permanent shelters with household latrines were constructed and handed over to refugees residing in reception hangars. The Vital Event registration has been successfully launched with the issuance of birth certificate to children born out of the camp.

WORKING WITH PARTNERS

UNHCR provides protection and services to refugees in Adi Harush in collaboration with:

- Administration for Refugee and Returnee Affairs (ARRA) In representation of Ethiopia's government Camp Management and security; primary health care and nutrition; food and CRIs distribution; protection and community services; shelter; logistics; environment protection; and primary education
- International Rescue Committee (IRC) WASH; SGBV; primary health care and psychological support; nutrition; protection and community services; education
- International Organization for Migration (IOM) Resettlement and related logistics
- World Food Program (WFP) Nutrition; Food supply, transportation and distribution
- Development and Inter-Church Aid Commission (DICAC) Education
- Norwegian Refugee Council (NRC) Education; shelter; environment protection; livelihood; protection and community services
- · National Resource Development and Environmental Protection (NRDEP) Environment protection
- · United Nations International Children's Emergency Fund (UNICEF) Education
- Center for Victims of Trauma (CVT) Protection and community services; health care and nutrition

UNHCR is grateful for the direct contributions made to the operation in Ethiopia so far in 2016 from:

USA | IKEA Foundation | Japan | Canada | CERF | Germany | Educate a Child Programme - EACI | Denmark | France | Sweden | International Olympic Committee | Bill and Melinda Gates Foundation | Italy | Band Aid | Private Donors Australia | Private Donors Spain

MAIN ACTIVITIES
Health *
□ 1 health clinic available for refugees and host communities alike, wherein they receive medical care, including: ○ Reproductive health & HIV services and related capacity building ○ Preventive and community-based health care and access to primary health care services ○ Vaccination ○ Maternity and child health services ○ Pre-departure medical screening/Medical escorts during RST and during relocation from boarder areas ○ Psychosocial counseling Nutrition ❖
□ With support from UNHCR's partners, refugees have access to infrastructure and receive nutritional support, including: o Implementation and monitoring of therapeutic and Supplementary Feeding Programme (SFP) for persons with special needs o Treatment of severe and moderate acute malnutrition for 26 children.
WASH *
 Refugees have access to 16 liters of potable water per person per day.30 water points with 6 taps have been installed, 22 a operational for the refugees and host community 65 per cent household sanitary facilities/latrines available in the camp Environmental health and hygiene campaigns implemented in the camp Mosquito nets are distributed to the refugees
Protection & Community Services 😭
UNHCR and its partners provide protection to refugees and promote durable solutions to their plight through: • Establishment and ensured functioning of community based child protection structures, notably for unaccompanied and separat children (UASC) • Provision of prevention and response services for children at risk, and capacity development on child protection • Provision of psychosocial counseling and community-based psychosocial programming • Enabling and sustaining community participation in SGBV prevention and response through capacity development • Provision of specific services to Persons with Disabilities (PWDs) • Resettlement to third country of asylum and facilitated process of family reunification • Registration and monitoring
☐ Transitional and emergency shelters have been built and are regularly maintained
☐ 182 new houses constructed under ECHO funding Core Relief Items ❤️
☐ Core Relief Items - sleeping mats, kitchen sets, soap and sanitary materials - are distributed to refugees
Logistics & Site Planning
Refugees are transported and relocated from border areas and within camps. In addition, the camp layout is conducted. The Adi Haru refugee camp is comprised of 5 zones divided in 23 blocks
Education
 2 early childhood centers, 1 primary school, wherein school meals are provided, and 1 vocational skill training for the youth delivered unconnection. Environment
 UNHCR and its partners seek to reduce the environmental impact in areas hosting refugees through: Forest and environmental protection and capacity building on environmental protection. Maintenance and fencing around plant trees to mitigate the impact of the refugees' presence in the area Provision of energy saving stoves and demonstration of biogas pilot project. No stoves have been distributed during the reportion
Food December 2015
On a monthly basis, food is supplied, transported and distributed to all refugees as well as cash and vouchers. General food basket include wheat, split peas, CSB, oil, sugar and ETB 60 for fresh vegetables