SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 1 of 3 **Internal Displacements during November 2017**



32,000 internal displacements in 1,096,000

internal displacements year-to-date

HIGHLIGHTS

month

Reports from PRMN partners indicate that some 32,000 individuals have been newly internally displaced countrywide during the month of November 2017 (12,000 primarily droughtrelated, 16,000 for conflict or insecurity and 3,000 related to riverine flooding). Cumulative drought-related displacements monitored by PRMN year to date have reached 874,000, while conflict-related displacements during 2017 have reached approximately 188,000. Year to date internal displacements monitored by PRMN now total approximately 1.1 million.

A spike in conflict driven displacements in multiple regions was observed during November - heightened military operations in Middle Shabelle (Balcad district) and ongoing conflict in Lower Shabelle were the major contributors (15,000 individuals) while Galmudug also recorded an increase due to skirmishes between clan militias near the Galmudug-Puntland border.

The current Deyr rainy season (October - December) has started late and is generally performing below average, marking a fourth failed rainy season. The onset of the rainy season might be expected to trigger IDP returns - while approximately 6000 IDP returns were recorded in the month (2,000 in Mudug region and substantially all of the remainder in Bay region) these numbers are lower than expected.

Meanwhile, the Juba and Shabelle river basins experienced heavy rains in the Ethiopian highlands during the second week of November, resulting in some riverine flooding in Middle Juba displacing at least 2,500 individuals.

INTERACTIVE DASHBOARD

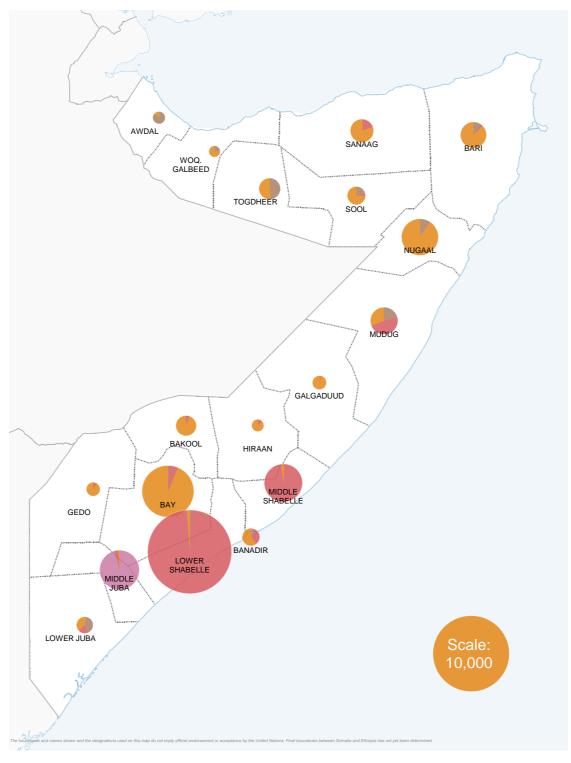
An interactive online dashboard showing trends of internal displacements filterable by regions of origin and departure may be found at the following link (together with the underlying data-

https://unhcr.github.io/dataviz-somalia-prmn/index.html

About PRMN

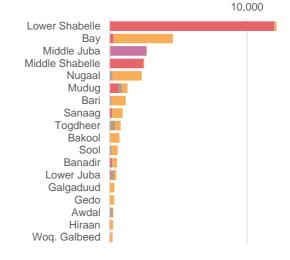
The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements (including returns) of populations in Somalia. The network also identifies and reports on protection risks and incidents underlying such movements. Only figures collected by PRMN are reported above. Not all displacements in Somalia are captured. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology (https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) which outline the approach and certain limitations. The figures shown are for numbers of individuals and are based on interviews at destination

Map showing regions of origin (departures) in month by reason

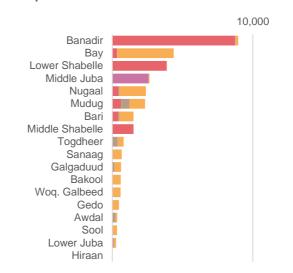




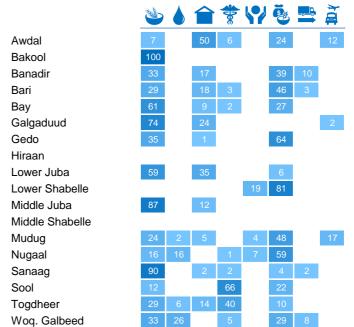
Displacement origins in month



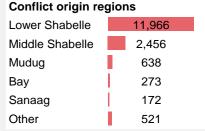
Displacement destinations in month

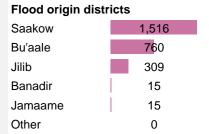


Priority needs of new arrivals in month [1]



NOVEMBER 2017

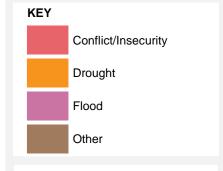






Dhuusamarreeb

PRMN does not capture all returns by previously displaced people to their home locations. Returns figures are not included in internal displacements totals.



NOTES

[1] Priority needs are those expressed by displaced households on arrival or by key informants. A darker colour indicates larger proportion of the need within the region and numbers indicate percentage of all needs expressed within region.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 2017





















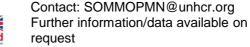












Implementing partner:



SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 2 of 3 **Cumulative Internal Displacements and Trends 1 January - 30 November 2017**



Age

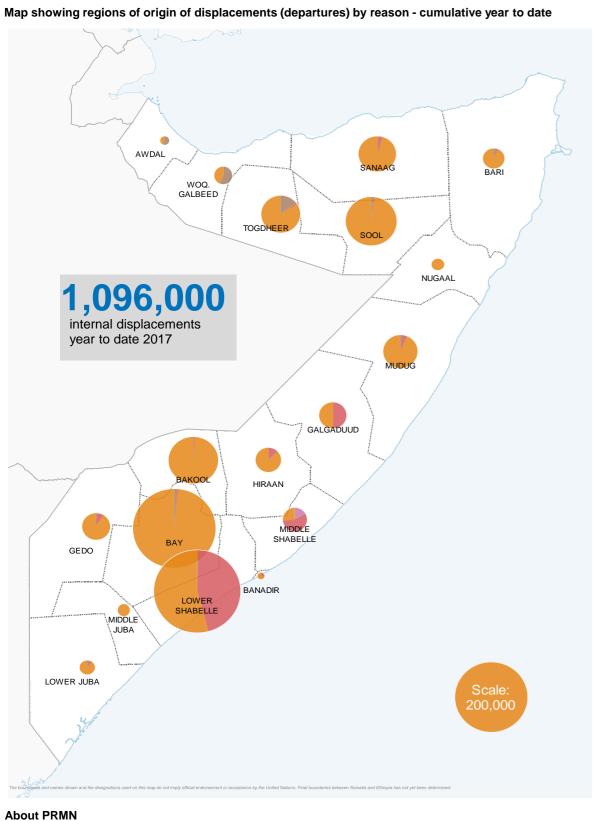
60+

18-59

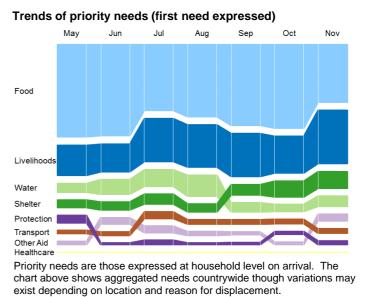
12-17

5-11

0-4



Displacement origins year to date Displacements age and gender breakdown 200,000 Lower Shabelle Bay Sool Bakool Togdheer 13.7% Sanaag Mudug 8.2% Gedo Galgaduud Hiraan 11.2% Middle Shabelle Bari Woq. Galbeed Lower Juba Middle Juba Note: disaggregated data for displaced persons are based on those Nugaal displacement reports where data has been collected at household level Awdal Banadir

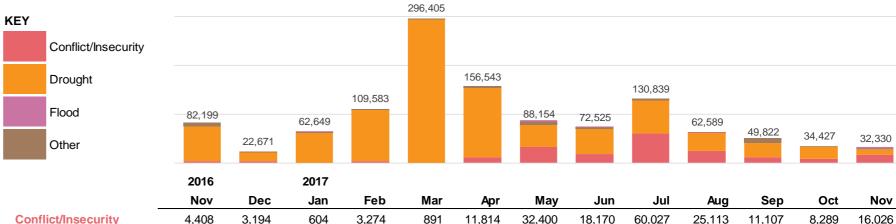


2017 YEAR TO DATE Top district destinations YTD 256,262 Baidoa 248,091 Mogadishu 45,259 Marka 43,596 Buuhoodle Gaalkacyo 35,838 Laas Caanood 34,045 Conflict origins year to date Lower Shabelle Middle Shabelle 16,197 Galgaduud 14,984 Hiraan 3,245 Gedo 2,796 Other 10,165 Top drought origin districts Baidoa 150,373 97,641 Kurtanwaarey **5**3,796 Diinsoor 38,932 Qansax Dheere Caynabo 30,220

27,519

Ceel Afweyn

Last 12 months trend - all displacements by reason



142,018

156.543

2,711

0

45,931

5,587

4.236

88,154

The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements of populations in Somalia as well as protection incidents. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology (https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) which outline the approach and certain limitations. The figures shown are for numbers of individuals and are based on interviews at destination.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 20 17





















Drought

Other

Flood



Displacement destinations year to date

Banadir

Toadheer Sanaag

Bakool Galgaduud

Gedo

Bari

Hiraan

Awdal

Nugaal

Sool

Lower Shabelle

Woq. Galbeed Mudug

Middle Shabelle

Lower Juba

Middle Juba

100,000

200,000



71,031

6,760

82.199

0



18,210

1,267

22,671

0



61,922

62.649

118

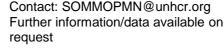
5

106,100

109.583

209

0



293,361

296,405

2,153

0



72,525 130,839

68,667

2,145

0

52,197

2,152



30,151

8,564

49.822

36,731

62,589

738

24,787

1,351

34.427

0

12,031

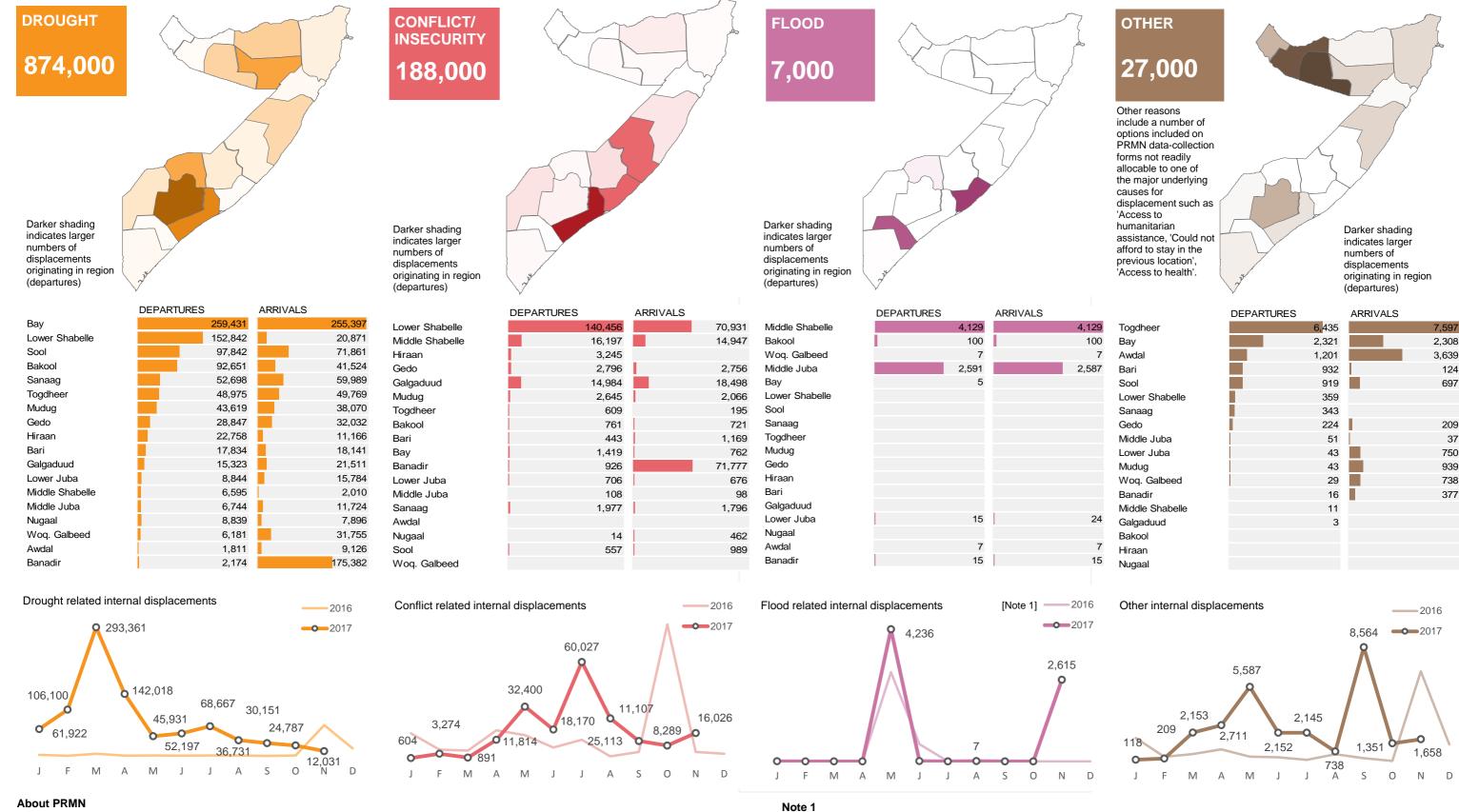
1,658

2,615

32.330

SOMALIA | Displacements dashboard | Protection & Return Monitoring Network (PRMN) | Part 3 of 3 Cumulative displacements and trends by reason and region 1 January - 30 November 2017





The PRMN (Protection & Return Monitoring Network) is a UNHCR-led project which identifies and reports on displacements of populations in Somalia as well as protection incidents. This dashboard should be read in conjunction with the Notes on PRMN Methodology (https://goo.gl/HQwirQ) which outline the approach and certain limitations

PRMN partners record displacements by interviewing displaced households and key informants. The figures shown are based on interviews "on arrival" i.e. at destination. However, in some circumstances, displacements reported "on departure" may be significant for example, 59,000 displacements due to floods in Belet Weyne in May 2016 are not included in the figures above.

UNHCR is grateful for the generous contributions of donors who have directly contributed to the UNHCR Somalia operation in 20 17

































