FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 25

1. Moderator's and Taker										
<u> </u>										
	Facilitator's name:	Mary	yam Sadat							
	Note taker's Name:	Soha	nila Jalal							
	Date of the FGD:	4/9/	2012							
	Report Number:	1								
			2.	Area Info	rma	tion				
2.1	Reintegration site Nan	ne:	Turkman							
2.2	Site Number:		5							
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)									
	Non –Returnees: (Yes, N	10)	Yes							
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mix		Female							
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)	·	Yes							
	If No see code.									
2.6	GPS location									
	Latitude:		34 98 395							
	Longitude:		69 27 015							
			3.	FGD Ou	ıtco	me				
3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, N	o)	Yes							
3.2	FGD team Notes use to	take	note any spe	ecial obser	rvat	ion:				
NO c	comments									

4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team)							
4.1 Date of Interview 4/9/2012							
4.2 Interviewer's number		Male Interviewer	Female Interview			C-11	
Supervisor's number C-14			Regional Superviso	r's number	C-13		
4.5 Date of office editing 5/9/2012		l					
4.6 Office editor's code C-13		C-13					
4.7 Date of data entry 21/10/2012							
4.8 Data entry officer	code	10					

List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)					
Province	Parwan				
District	Bagram				
Site Number	5				
Village	Turkman				

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact No	Age
1	Shukreya	Doing chores			30
2	Najiba	Doing chores			57
3	Shamali	Doing chores			32
4	Zakya	Student			40
5	Shamila	Doing chores			38
6	Sherin Gul	Health worker			55
7	Noorya Gul	Doing chores			48

Preface

This interview was performed by cooperation of a person called Shura head of Turkman village. This focus group discussion was performed at home of a villager which was selected by head of Shura. We started the interview whenever all of the participants were present at the mentioned home. They actively participated in the discussion. We didn't face with any problem during the interview. All of the participants asked from the survey team to carefully register their answers and convey their answers to the responsible organs in order to resolve their problems. This interview was performed by facilitation of Maryam Sadat and note taking of Sohaila Jalal.

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Pat A: Education

Q1- What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- P1- One of the major problems of the villagers in this field is the remote location of school. However the students are ready to attend the school but another problem is lack of experienced teachers. Therefore, I don't allow my children attend the school due to this problem. No one pay attention to this problem of our village.
- P2- I myself don't have private home in this area. Whenever we were living in Iran my children couldn't attend the school but here my sons go to school but my daughters can't.
- P3, P4- According to statements of these participants they didn't have any problem in field of education.
- P5- There aren't enough books, pens, stationeries and other teaching materials at our school so the students are faced with a lot of problems because the residents of this area have a bad economic condition so they can't afford to purchase books and stationeries for their children.
- P6- I don't have any significant opinion regarding the abovementioned question.
- P7- My sons can't attend the school due to economic problems because one of my sons is working at the air port and the second one is a metal worker whom he also can't go to school.

Part B: Health Services

Q1- What are your concerns regarding health services for the returnees?

- P1- I ask from the government and related organs to build a clinic in our region. There are clinics in Sayad and Qalandar Khil areas where the medicines are freely distributed to the patients but the doctors prescribe only Paracetamol for all kinds of diseases. But other medicines are sold in the market for other private pharmacies.
- P2- My husband can't work because he is elder. My son is 17 years old who is the earner of our home. I have high blood pressure. When I refer to the doctors, they prescribe me medicines but I can't purchase them from the bazaar because I don't have enough money to treat myself properly.
- P3- Since one year I am suffering from the kidney disease. Everyone tell me to treat myself properly but I don't enough money to either go to the Pakistan or Kabul province to entirely treat myself.
- P4- In my view, a standard and well-equipped clinic should be built in our region with 24 hours services in order to resolve our problem in this field.

P5- Last year, during the Eid-ul Azha I became sick but fortunately that my son arrived and took me to the hospital. If he didn't arrive on time, I would have already been died.

P6- I am a widow and disabled woman. During the soviet regime in Afghanistan one day I was carrying a sack of woods that the soviet soldiers shot me in my leg. I became unconscious for six hours and then I was taken to the hospital. Now I am disabled but I don't have enough money to treat myself so a clinic should be built where I could treat my leg.

P7- The women have a lot of problems especially during pregnancy. Our husbands are grouch and crosspatch so they don't permit us to go to Kabul for medical treatment except emergency conditions. Their grouchiness is due to their empty pocket because we have economic problems. Due to lack of health facility in our region sometimes either pregnant women or their babies die on the way to the hospital. There are some lucky women who do not face with problems during their birth delivery. However most of the women face with critical conditions during birth delivery because sometimes the baby is born premature or the baby is not born on time which causes a lot of problems to the pregnant women so I ask from the government to establish an equipped clinic in our village.

Part C: Access to drinking water

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?

- P1- There are some destroyed wells that can't be utilized in our village so we are faced with a lot of problems due to destruction of the hand pumps that are installed on the mentioned wells so we utilize the water like oil during our daily life.
- P2- If any organ repair our water hand pumps we will be really thankful from them.
- P3, P4 and P5- These participants also mentioned that they are faced with problem in this field so they asked from the government to repair their water hand pumps in order to gain hygienic potable water.
- P6- The government has excavated a well in our village but the hand pump is impaired. We are faced with a lot of problems even that we can't get ablution and say our prayers due to lack of water.
- P7- We have a lot of problems regarding drinking water in our village. We can't bring water by our daughters. Besides there is not anyone to bring water at our home except my daughter so we are faced with serious problem in this field. Why the government doesn't excavate the wells properly? There is no humanity, everyone under the name of assistance betrayed with us.

Part D: Access to Food/ Market

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access of returnees to food and market?

P1- We don't have access to bazaar so we are faced with a lot of problems. Whenever a guest comes to our home we become bewildered that who may does the shopping from the bazaar which is located half an hour far from our village. Therefore, most of the time we borrow potatoes, eggs and other necessary items from the neighbors in order to welcome the guests.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't have any significant view regarding the aforesaid question.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to employment opportunities for the returnees?

- P1- The first participant didn't have any significant view about the aforesaid question.
- P2- We don't have access to a regular job as we could earn money. Most of the villagers including men and women are jobless and they are suffering from the unemployment.
- P3- Different projects such as tailoring, livestock and other vocational projects should be implemented in our region.
- P4, and P5- These participants confirmed views of other participants but they themselves didn't have any view about the aforesaid question.
- P6- The women of our village are able to perform nearly any kind of work but regretfully that the ground is not paved for them to show their talents.
- P7- None of the NGOs has implemented any project in our area yet. However most of the women of this village have learnt different types of professions such as carpet and rugs weaving, poultry breeding and other vocations. So I ask from the government to paved the ground for them where they could follow their vocations and earn money through the mentioned professions.

Part H: Sanitation

Q1- What are your concerns regarding sanitation of returnees?

P1- We had a cow which was kept in a dark room. Due to presence of pollution in the cow's room the mentioned cow died after passing some time.

- P2- I don't have enough money to purchase to purchase washing powder and wash my clothes so I carefully consume the powder, so whenever there is not enough detergent how can we observe cleanliness and sanitation.
- P3, P4, and P6 confirmed views of the second participant but they didn't have any idea regarding the aforementioned question.
- P5- I always wash my children once a day. I sell milk and yogurt and purchase soap and washing powder in order to observe the cleanliness. In addition I cleanly wash my dishes in order to prevent the diseases.
- P7- We can't observe cleanliness because our yard is so small but we have kept domestic animals such as poultry and sheep as well so how can we observe cleanliness in such conditions.

Part J: Access to Irrigation water

- P1- We all are faced with lack of irrigation water.
- P3, P4, P5, P6, and P7- all of these participants confirmed views of the first participant.
- P2- In the past there were enough irrigation water but now the irrigation water has reduced and we are faced with lack of irrigation water so we have to hire generators in order to irrigate our lands but it is really costly for us.

Part K: Access to justice system

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to justice system for returnees?

- P1, P3, P4 and P5 didn't have any significant view about the aforesaid question.
- P2- There were some of our trees along a stream but when we returned from the Iran we considered that one of the villagers had built a shop on our private plot. I told him many times to transfer his shop to somewhere else but didn't accept my speech. My husband is very old so I myself went to the government and complained from him but no one listened to my complaints because today relationship has more importance in governmental organs than anything else. So I haven't regained the mentioned plot which has been usurped by that person yet because there is no justice in our village.
- P6- I think there is justice in our village, because a girl had eloped with a one of the boys of our village. When the family of the girl informed they came to our village and asked from the family of the boy to give them a girl (in Baad) in exchange of their daughter but the family of the boy rejected their proposal. But later it was decided that the family of the boy should have held wedding ceremony for the fled girl. So the boy's family married their son to that girl therefore their dispute was finally resolved.

P7- People of our village are dispersed. There are different parties and factions. However the decisions are made by the elders of the village they make improper decisions according to their own will and desire.

Part L: Security

Q1- What are your concerns regarding security of the returnees?

P1- The security situation of the area is not satisfactory because our grapes are thieved during the night. Some days ago one of the farmers had harvested pistachio from his garden but during the night it was stolen by the thieves.

P2, P3, P4- These participants said that security conditions of their village is satisfactory to them because they haven't been witness of murdering, looting, and other serious criminal actions yet. But they also confirmed that theft cases sometimes occur in their village.

P6- If the security situation of the region was not satisfactory then we wouldn't return to our country. At first the security situation of the area was satisfactory and then the security situation deteriorated day by day until that we are now witness of stealing grapes. The American soldiers are patrolling during the night in our lanes so we are frightened from them. One day my son was irrigating the garden during the night, I was going to the garden that on the way a person who was riding a motor bike approached to me and shouted on me I was very frightened. So in my view that security situation has deteriorated compared with the past.

Q2- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources?

P1- No there is no difference between returnees and non-returnees regarding access to services and resources. All of the residents of this area have equal access to services. For instance, all of the residents of the area including returnees and non-returnees go to the same clinic (Sayad Clinic) but if someone has a serious illness then the doctors examine him/her prior to others because there is no difference returnees and non-returnees.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1- How effective is the government?

The government is very effective because the government has provided shelters for the returnees. Schools have also been built. However a school is located far from our village and doesn't have experience teachers but in spite of that we are happy that at least there is a place under the name of school. Our children were distributed shampoo, towels, soap, radio, holy Quran, prayer cloth, clothes, stationary, and toys. The MDC organization has cleared

out the area from the presence of mines. Roads and bridges have been reconstructed. If government was not effective then returnees wouldn't return from Pakistan and Iran. Due to effectiveness of the government we returned from the migration.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participants but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the abovementioned question.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

P1- In my point of view, No positive and fundamental changes haven't occurred that should have occurred. For example, we don't have access to potable water, health facility, school and vocations, and literacy courses. However there might be some changes but we are not satisfied from them.

P2- Since the establishment of the current government a lot of changes have occurred in our areas of livelihood. For example, both men and women are free. Children regularly attend the school, however during the Taliban regime the men were threatened and annoyed by the Taliban. All of the people had lost their desire toward a prosperous future. Besides, returnees repatriated to their own country. both men and women have been employed to governmental and non-governmental organs. Roads were reconstructed as well. Finally that a lot of positive changes have occurred and another positive change is that we are living inside our own country.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1- In our area the women are head of their husbands. The women are consulted on all issues by the men. The men of Turkman village pay respect to women. We are satisfied from our husbands. We are consulted on different issues for example, purchasing cow, going to the party and engagement of our daughters.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforesaid question.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

P1- I get information from the radio regarding the aforementioned issues. For example, some while ago the radio announced that there were some manic and mad dogs in Bagram so the government threw pieces of meat mixed with poison which was fatal to dogs so it was announced that the children should be kept away from the thrown meats.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the abovementioned question.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

Q1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

P1- We are very happy that returnees have been allocated lands. Donations of lands was one of the reasons that returnee repatriated to the country. They should be donated more than before because they deserved to be donated. When they are donated we become were happy.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't have more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

P1- No, there wasn't any problem between them.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't have any significant view regarding the aforesaid the question.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

P1- No, there is not any kind of problem regarding crime in our village.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participants but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions? Who typically commit the crimes (probe: men, youth, women) who typically are victims of crimes?

P1- We haven't been witness of any kind of crime in our village yet. So whenever there is not any kind of crime so how can I tell you that this one perpetrates the crime and that one is the victim of crime.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

P1- No, there is not any kind of difference regarding employment of returnees and non-returnees in our village. All of the villagers are equally employed in the projects in this area.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add their views regarding the aforementioned question.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1- In my point of view, returnees have more skilled workers than non-returnees because they have learnt different professions such as carpentry, carpet weaving, masonry, and shoe repairing while living abroad.

Q7- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

P1- In my point of view, returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

Q1 Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example

A. The way the community interact among themselves.

P1- No difference has occurred in the way that they people interact with each other. All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

B. The way the community builds and maintain relationships and trust

- P1- We have good relationship and trust on each other.
- P2- I sent my daughter to the wedding along with the neighbor over the night, so this issue conveys the issue that we trust on each other.
- P3, P4- I submit my jewelries to the neighbor then I go to the clinic or somewhere else.
- P5- We trust each other on all kinds of issues.

P6- We trust on each other, during the invasion of soviet on Afghanistan I submitted my daughter to my neighbor who transferred them to a safer place and rescued my daughters.

P7- I am a midwife. All of the neighbor trust on me. They inform me in all conditions from their sicknesses. My son also trusts on neighbors because he allows me even during the night to go to different areas and help the pregnant women during their birth delivery.

C. The way the community support each other during difficult economic times

- P1- We support each other during happiness and grief.
- P2- I was sick on the night of the Eid. My neighbor took me to the hospital and resolved my problem.
- P3- Our neighbor gave birth and there wasn't anyone to take care of her. So I look after her for nearly two weeks.
- P4- Our neighbor's wife was sick so I prepared dough and baked bread for them.
- P5- I was at home that suddenly the baking pan (boiler) of the neighbor blew up. Our neighbor's daughter became injured so I took her to Sayad Clinic where her wounds were treated. After we returned to home, her mother had heard the news. She was very bewildered but then I quoted her the story. Then she was very happy and thanked me for my cooperation with her daughter.
- P6- I was very sick. Our neighbor's daughter swept our home and baked us bread for about four years.
- P7- I didn't have money so I lent money and did the shopping. Son of a neighbor came chopped the wood for utilization as fuel.

D. The way the community resolve disputes between returnees and non-returnees?

- P1- In our village all kinds of disputes are resolved by the elders of the village. For example, some while ago there was a dispute between owner of a mill and a villager. The villager claimed that he was annoyed by the fierce sound of the mill. Due to the disturbance of the mill the villager became nervous so a dispute occurred between them. After discussing on the issue the village elders peacefully resolved the dispute which was concluded to the satisfaction of both involved parties.
- P2- All kinds of disputes nearly 90 % of the disputes are resolved by the village elders and head of the village council.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add their own views regarding the aforesaid question.

E. The way the community share resources

I was sick so I lent 1000 AF from the neighbor and performed my kidney's ultrasound checkup.

- P2- I lent 2000 AF for my neighbor for the treatment of his patient but still he hasn't paid his loan because he is very poor.
- P3- It was 9:00 O'clock in the evening that a guest came to our home. We didn't have bread at home we lent bread and eggs from the neighbor and baked for the neighbor.
- P5, P6- We resolve our problems by assistance of our neighbors.
- P7- I was busy in masonry affairs at home so I lent 30000 AF from the neighbor and prepared a shelter for myself.

Q2- How safe is it for women and girls to move around the community?

P1- In my point of view it is entirely safe for women and girls to move around the community.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

P1- We hope that the government strengthens security situation of the area. Cooperation of the people with the government and security organs is also very important in order to strengthen security conditions of the area.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they didn't stated significant views regarding the aforementioned question.

Q4- Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel?

P1- It is obvious that it is for men to travel during the day but they can't travel outside the community during the night because they might face with some problems.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforesaid question.

Q5- Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

Views of all participants: There is not any particular group for worsening of security conditions of the area. Besides a lot of people move around the society that we can't identify all of them because it is difficult to distinguish the criminal among all these people who move around.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1- The people should cooperate with the government in order to improve safety and security of the region. In addition, by increasing of the police checkpoints the safety and security of the region can be improved.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they didn't want to more details.

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Are there any problems? What are they?

P1- In my point of view, there have been some benefits to returnees regarding their relocation to the region. They have learned different professions while living abroad so when they returned they could follow their professions and earn money. Besides their relocation has also some benefits for the community because the villagers learn their vocations.

Section E: Gender based violence

Q 1: without mentioning any names or indicating anyone specific, Can you tell me what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

P1- We haven't been witness of any violence against women and girls in our village yet because the village pay honor and respect to girls and women.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they didn't want to add their own views about the aforesaid question.

Q 3: How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from services providers? For example, health workers, NGOs, Police etc.

P1- All of the women and girls are entirely comfortable while seeking assistance from the service providers. They don't feel danger while seeking assistance.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant regarding the aforementioned question but they didn't want to add more details regarding the above question.

Q 4: If a girl suffers violence, is she likely to report it? If yes to whom, If no why?

P1- We are very happy that still today we haven't been witness of violence against a woman and girls. If anyone faces with violence, she refers to governmental organs because it is a big issue so it has to be reported to the government.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

Q5: If a wife suffers violence, is she likely to report it? If yes, to whom? If no, why?

All of the participants said that they didn't want to reply to this question.

Q 6: How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

P1- In my point of view the perpetrator of a sexual or gender based violence should be punished inside the village and he should not be surrendered to the government because if he is submitted to the government then his relatives will release him through payment of money for the governmental authorities. So in my view, he should be punished inside the village in order to be example for others.

All other participants confirmed views of the first participant but they themselves didn't want to add more details regarding the aforementioned question.

The End

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 67

	4. Moderator's and Taker							
1.5	Facilitator's name:	Hedayatullah Wakman						
1.6	Note taker's Name: Juma Gul							
1.7	Date of the FGD:	22/9/2012						
1.8	Report Number:	[5]						
		5. Area Information						
2.1	Reintegration site Nan	me: Khanjar Khil						
2.2	Site Number:	5						
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)	Yes						
	Non –Returnees: (Yes, N	No)						
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mix	xed) Male						
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)	Yes						
	If No see code.							
2.6	GPS location							
	Latitude:	34 98 174						
	Longitude: 69 27 825							
		6. FGD Outcome						
3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, N	No) Yes						
3.2	FGD team Notes use to	o take note any special observation:						
No	comments							

4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team)							
4.1 Date of Interview		22/9/2012					
4.2 Interviewer's number		Male Interviewer	C-7	rviewer			
Supervisor's number	C-14		Regional Superviso	or's number	C-13		
4.5 Date of office editing		23/9/2012					
4.6 Office editor's code		C-13					
4.7 Date of data entry		7/10/2012					
4.8 Data entry officer code		17					

List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)					
Province	Parwan				
District	Bagram				
Site Number	[5]				
Village	Khanjar Khil				

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact	Age
1	Haji Mohammad Sayed		Elder	No.	63
2	Abdul Aziz		Governmental Employee		59
3	Mohammad Hakim		Farmer		59
4	Mohammadullah		Employee		24
5	Abdul Manan		Deputy of Shura		50
6	Qasim		Farmer		40
7	Hashmat		Student		24

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Q 1: What are your concerns related to the returnees?

What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- <u>P1:</u> There is a school, students are happy and they go to school according to their time table. They are faced with lack of water because school is located on upper place.
- **P2:** In female section there is problem of water, there is no well to obtain hygienic water.
- **P3:** Allah is blessing upon us our school has educational curriculum and it is implemented, the administration of school is active no problem has been observed.
- P4: Administration of school has distributed books and stationery for students on time.
- **P5:** Some time instructors are not present to teach according to school's rule. Students go to school but unfortunately instructors are absent.
- **P6:** The abovementionedopinion is confirmed and as they mentioned that professional instructors should be employed.
- **P7:** About school we don't have problem because our school has promoted to high school.

Part B: Health Services

Q1- What are your concerns regarding health services for the returnees?

- **P1:** About clinic that should be mentioned that people send their patients to Charekar (Parwan) and Kabul for treatment.
- **P2:** We don't have clinic in this rural area in order to transfer the patient for treatment on time.
- **P3:** Vaccination of new born babies is a problem for this area. They can not transfer them to clinic and doctor on time.
- **P4:** pregnant women are faced with problem while birth delivery. There is problem of transportation and security especially during the night to transfer the patient to Kabul. If in our area and village there is a clinic our problem will be solved.
- **P5:** In majority of villages as it seems clinic is available but in Khanjar Khil there is no clinic that our problem be solved.
- **P6:** I confirm the abovementioned opinion. We ask the government to establish clinic for us.
- P7: As Khanjar Khil region is populated, so establishment of clinic is felt necessary.

Part C: Access to drinking water

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?

- **P1:** There is no problem about drinking of water in houses. If one well is excavated beside of the mosque it will be better.
- P2: There is no problem about drinking water but in some areas wells should be excavated.
- P3: NGOs excavated some wells but 3 wells have dried up. People do not care about hand pump.
- **P4:** NGOs have dug some wells in some areas but they do not care about the level of underground water depth. They dig in same level.
- **P5.6.7:** we confirm the abovementionedopinions. In the future whenever external and internal NGOs dig the wells they should pay attention regarding the level of underground water, because in some places the level of underground water is low and in some other places it is high.

Part E: Access to Shelter

Q2-What are your concerns regarding access to shelter?

- **P1:** When we came from Pakistan and Iran NGOs said for us we will help about building of houses , 5 % expended in two rooms and one bath room 95 % remain.
- **P2:** For Majority of people distribution of land has not taken place. Our people economy is weak. they can not build shelters for themselves.
- **P3:** At the present time, construction materials are found in very high price. We can not afford it to build houses for ourselves.
- P4: our people need that NGOs equally distribute donation for returnees.
- **P5,2,6,7:** we believe construction donations for building of shelters should be distributed equally. if occasionally it is problem for the people of poor and landless it should be help about their construction.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

What are our concerns regarding access to employment opportunities?

- **P1:** There is no work and duty for the youth in our region. They are jobless; job opportunity should be prepared for them.
- **P2:** Whenever people are jobless everyday they playing cards and they waste their golden time on worthless speech.
- **P3:** If our traders want to build factories and prepare opportunities and work opportunities, on that time desperate and poor people's problem will be solved.

P4: Main problems of the youth nonentity of work. There is no opportunity of work in our country.

P2,P5,P6,P7: Gathering they presented their opinions: in this region there is no opportunity of work.

In this case, youth people of Afghanistan faced themselves in danger situation. When they travel to forging countries by boat or ship, unfortunately they drowned in sea, crocodiles and fishes eat them. We hope Afghanistan prepare circumstance of work for their nation.

Part H: Sanitation

Q. What is your concern regarding about sanitation?

Views of all participants.

First of all our wells haven't checked by NGOs and Government, is it capable for drinking or not? Water is the main source of life it should be checked by Ministry Public Health. Disease of diarrhoea seen, we don't know what is the effect of it. For women, children and people of this region a workshop of Environment and Public Health should be

Part J: Access to irrigation water

Do you Access to irrigation water or no?

P:1 As the water of Ghurband and Panjsheer has flowed, before appealed to construct the dams in the place that was defined. If on particular time dams are constructed, it will be enough for irrigation of lands. Other wise the surface of water will be lower and hard on time of reaping the wheat.

P:2 Canal, siphon is the first requirement of people along with water for irrigation of lands. If Siphon is constructed for us we won't face with reduction of water.

P 2,3,4: We confirm the abovementioned opinions.

But if the canal and dams are not built then we won't have access to irrigation water for lands.

P 2, 5, 6, 7: If Ministry of Water and Power wants to invest for construction of dams, siphons, canals, the water problem will be solved. From one side we will find irrigation materials and then our economy will be promoted.

L- Security

What is your problem about security?

Views of all participants

All people of this area know there is security but Americans deteriorate security of the area. For example, the first day of Meezan they planted the mine and and exploded which destroy culvert, bridge and canal. Why they do? It is so far from thinking of people. They destroy the security, poor people were sleeping and they checked their houses and arrested them.

Q2- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources?

P1: Yes, it is not deference in all part of life, all the service equal for them.

P2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7:

All of the participants had the same idea like the first participant regarding the abovementioned question.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1- How effective is the government?

- P1: Government is good for me without precense of government security will not be maintained.
- P2: If there is no government like the previous time factional and tribal battle will start again.
- P3: If there is no rule, regulation governance and security. It will be a big problem for the region.
- P4: Government is effective but unfortunately no justice that the tasks should be given to its professional.
- **P5:** Promotion is impossible without government, the hope of people is government and governance. Govrnment makes framework of law and maintains justice and securing.
- **P 6, 7:** We confirm the abovementioned opinion. Our people requirement is that the government implements the actual law until the problem should be solved, otherwise if anarchy has begun it will be difficult for government to prevent it.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

Views of all.

When Karzai's Government established a lot of promotion has been occurred in different spheres such as education, construction, health service, national army, national police. As the people thought the government hasn't done and the organization was rife with bribery and corruption so foreign country's money not expend on its place to exploit it. All those NGOs have worked in Afghanistan and registered but government not draught them to court of justice they persuade them and member of government so expend free of charge the money.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1: Consulting performs with women about housework and society.

P2: where ever we get engaged our daughters, sons, sisters or married them we consult with our wife without consulting it is impossible.

P3: In our life we work gathering and respect our wife.

P4,P5,P6,P7: We confirm the abovementionedopinion, women should be respect because they are like mothers.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

Views of all.

We get the information from Radio, Television, News, Magazine, Imam of Mosque and people of city, in this way it gets more promotion.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

Q1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

Views of all.

For some returnees have been given land and those people are happy from the allocation of the lands, it is surprise that still water and transportation problem haven't been solved.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

Views of all.

In this case no problem has been seen, it has confirmed for those people allocated land.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

In our society if there is job opportunity for our youth. no crime will be seen if our youth be idle crime will be seen. Criminal actions belong to lack of job opportunity so our youth earn money through racketeering.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions? Who typically commit the crimes (probe: men, youth, women) who typically are victims of crimes?

Views of all.

Sometime men perform the crime but women endure of crime.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

P1: There is no problem, when ever the project starts its work; they work together instead of work they get their money and they don't disturb each other.

P 2, 3, 4,5,6,7:

We confirm that in working place no problem between residents of this area and returnees, they are from one country working together and no enmity between them.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1: The returnees of other place are coming. They are professional in some work, such as wiring, metal working, construction work and they not be out of work.

P2: Returnees who are professional and skilful their economy is great.

P3: Those people are living in working place and they do not learn some skill sometimes they be jobless and out of work.

P4, 5, 6, 7: We confirm works and activities of returnees based upon their skills and easily they can find work themselves.

Q7- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

Views of all participants

We are living together brotherly and there is no difference between returnees and non-returnees regarding their access to services and resources

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

- Q1 Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example
- F. The way the community interact among themselves.
- G. The way the community builds and maintain relationships and trust
- H. The way the community support each other during difficult economic times
- I. The way the community resolve disputes between returnees and non-returnees?

J. The way the community share resources

Views of all participants regarding the aforementioned question

There is good relation between each other and they are living in a good environment of brotherhood, no problem has created and they trust each other so up to it is needful we cooperate in all of our part of life. We help with society in all areas of lively hood. No problem has seen both involved side yet, we are very glad that we live in one society same and we hopeful that in future we access to all source of services equally.

Q2- How safe is for women and girls to move around the community?

Views of all participants

The area we live there is no scare and fear for woman and girls they are safe

We confirm the abovementioned opinion.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

Views of all participants

Whenever in our society the law should be implemented, no question of insecurity found for our women and daughters.

Q4- Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel?

P1: During the day people are working, traveling and perform their daily tasks, night is for their sleeping, at night it is safe for men.

P2: Moving around of foreigners is too much at night, it is difficult for men and not safe.

P3, **4**, **5**, **6**, and **7**: In this area work is done during the day. because during the nigt foreigners follow us and we cannot irrigate our land and diameter of land is large we have done from day.

Q5- Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

Views of all participants

Insurgency and arms group not obey the law; there is also threat of foreigners upon public people.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

Views of all participants

There is implementation of law and help of people with government. We hope government should maintain security in all of society, government should try to accept the law upon people if those people that they don't accept they should punished by government.

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Are there any problems? What are they?

There is a benefit regarding relocation of returnees is studying of knowledge to serve for society. They have learnt English and Computer. Those returnees are coming in our society their necessity is solved, they earn their daily benefit from their professions and they haven't created any problem for society.

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 136

FORM REGISTRATION NO. 150							
	7. Moderator's and Taker						
		1					
1.9	Facilitator's name:	Nasi	ima				
1.10	Note taker's Name:	Suh	naila Jalal				
1.11	Date of the FGD:	23/0	09/2012				
1.12	Report Number:	5					
	8. Area Information						
2.1	Reintegration site Na	me:	Qalaye Beland				
2.2	Site Number:		5				
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)						
	Non –Returnees: (Yes,	No)	Yes				
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mi	xed)	Female				
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)		Yes				
	If No see code.						
2.6	GPS location						
	Latitude:		34 98 819				
	Longitude:		69 28 501				
	9. FGD Outcome						
3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, N	No)	Yes				
	TCD I Notes		and the second of the second o				

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

This Focus group discussion took place with partnership of head of local council at his home without any problem and Ms Nasima and Ms Suhaila were responsible to implement this discussion.

4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team)							
4.1 Date of Interview 23 /		23 /09/ 2012					
4.2 Interviewer's number		Male Interviewer	Female Interviewe			C-11	
Supervisor's number C-14		Regional Superviso	or's number	C-13	I		
4.5 Date of office editing 24/9/		24/9/2012	1		l		
4.6 Office editor's co	de	C-13					
4.7 Date of data entry 2/10/2012		2/10/2012					
4.8 Data entry officer code 7		7					

List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)				
Province	Parwan			
District	Bagram			
Site Number	5			
Village	Qalay-e- Beland			

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact No	Age
1	Maroufa		Doing Chores		32
2	Qandi Gul		Doing Chores		58
3	Shukria		Doing Chores		30
4	Roshan Jan		Doing Chores		45
5	Rona		Tailor		35
6	Gul jan		Midwife		48
7	Maryam	Doing Chores	Youth		20

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Pat A: Education

Q1- What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- **P1** There are not female teacher to teach students. It is a big problem in this field.
- **P2** In some schools organizations are encouraging students by distributing oil, stationary, biscuit and potable water but our children don't have access to these aids.
- **P3** If there are female teachers, then a lot of girls will go to school.
- **P4** When our daughters finish indoor courses they are go to 7th class of school but inexistence of female teachers prevents our girls from their educations.
- **P5** Our problem is inexistence of good teaching method and trained teachers and also teachers don't have good attention to students.
- **P6** School is near to our homes but some families allow their daughters attend school and some of them don't. If there be female teachers be at school all families will allow their daughters attend school.
- **P7** If there are female teachers I will continue my educations.

Part B: Health Services

- **P1** We don't have clinic here and also Sayad Clinic is very far from our village so we have a lot of problems we can't pay the transportation costs.
- **P2** If a woman become sick we have to take her to doctor in Sayad Clinic but this is problem for us because the clinic is located far from our region and sometimes we can't arrive on time so life of patient faces with danger.
- **P3** During my birth delivery I faced with a lot of problems during the way when I went to Panjsher province clinic.
- **P4** My son had an accident with a motorcycle his foot broke in the accident so we had to take him to Kabul province because there was not any clinic. In addition we didn't have money so we borrowed money.
- **P5** We will face with more problems when our children get sick during night because clinic is too far.
- **P6** Our neighbor's wife had obstetrics sickness. her husband took her to the doctor in Sayad Clinic but there wasn't a midwife so he took his wife to Charekar Clinic and she was hospitalized for one week and there was not a person to take care of her children at home so if we have a clinic here in our village a lot of our problems will be solved.

P7- An equipped clinic should be built in our village in order to resolve the people problems.

Part C: Access to drinking water

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?

- **P1** We have a lot of problems in this field because there are three water hand pumps and two of them are deactivated and all people are using from one hand water pump.
- **P2** There is scarcity of water because our wells don't have water.
- **P3** A motorcycle has beaten my son while he wanted to cross the street and bring water for home.
- P4- We have a lot of problems in this field. the hand water pumps should be fixed soon.
- **P5** We blame the person who made these hand pumps. why they did not use original materials to make these hand pumps.
- **P6** and **P7** said we really have big problems regarding drinking water because one hand water pump is not enough for all people of the village. We want from government and other organizations to pay attention in this respect.

Part D: Access to Food/ Market

Views of all participants: We don't have a good shop here if we need something we have to purchase it from market of Sayad or Charekar.

- **P1** When men are not at home we can't buy our needs from the market because it is too far.
- **P2** A few shops can resolve our problems in this field.
- **P3** There is neither bakery nor butchery so people have a lot of problems.
- P4- We needs a market here.
- **P5** There are a lot of shops in other villages but in our village we don't have one shop at less.
- **P6** and **P7** emphasized on other's opinions.

Part F: Access to protection of women and children

Views of all participants:

There is not any particular problem for women and girls they seem good but sometimes loafer guys disturb girls on the way to school although police arrest them many times.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

- **P1** Women just do indoor works in our village nothing else.
- **P2** We are doing indoor works and also help men in farming and other works.
- **P3** We are jobless if an organization implement a project to prepare a work for us it will be so good.
- **P4** Two years ago an organization by the name of Mercy Corpse implemented a project and provided employment opportunity for the villagers. 32 women were working there and they paid 250Af everyday for workers it was good for women but now there is not project to provide us employment opportunity.
- P5- The organizations should run a skilled occupation project for women to find a business.
- **P6** We are jobless and also we want a financial supporter to our family.
- **P7** I can perform many occupations but I don't have money to purchase materials and make cloths for selling.

Part H: Sanitation

Q1- What should be done in order to improve sanitation of the households?

- **P1** We keep sanitation in our homes but we don't have good economic to use and purchase good equipments we use firewood for cooking if we use gas we will can keep sanitation better.
- **P2** We don't have money to purchase washing powder and soap how we can keep sanitation.
- **P3** We are farming and we are breeding animals so we can't observe sanitation in good way.
- **P4** government should build a kindergarten for our children to be safe from illnesses.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on others opinions.

Part J: Access to Irrigation water.

- **P1** Fortunately there was enough water for irrigations of farmed land but a rainstorm happened and destroyed harvest of grapes and last year a lot of grapevines dried.
- **P2** We have received a good harvest this year because there was enough irrigation water for lands.

All participants of discussion agree with these opinions.

Part K: Access to justice system

- **P1** Justice is predominant in our village there is no inequity and we have never seen inequity here.
- **P2** No one can tyrannize on others in our village because here is a good justice system.
- **P3** In our village everyone is busy on his work but if a dispute happens between people there is head of council and elders who resolve this problem according to the Islamic rules.
- **P4** I bought a land from a person last year but this person sold this land again on another person so he deceived me about the land so I referred to local council and this problem was resolved in this council.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on other's opinion.

Part L: Security

All participants of this group have this idea that fortunately this area is secure and we don't have problems in this field. American forces patrol in this area during night.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1- How effective is the government?

- P1- Government is not effective because the president doesn't have attention on us.
- **P2** Government is not effective because it doesn't have attention on people. we don't have school, clinic, bakery, electricity and there is no employment opportunities.
- **P3** since the government has been elected returnees came to our village so the condition of village became good by their repatriation.
- **P4** In my opinion the government is effective because when our men couldn't move around here calmly but now this area is secure for the residence. The schools and streets are built and also our children can live in calm surroundings and they can go to school.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** agreed with **P4**.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

Views of all participants: a lot of changes have come by electing of this government for example mosques, schools and streets have been made in this term.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

Views of all participants: Yes men are consulting with women about different issues and no women are content from their husbands in this respect.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national organizations?

- P1- Men give information about these issues for us.
- **P2** If an important issue happened head of village will inform everyone.
- **P3** We are learning about these issues from TV and radio.
- P4, P5, P6 and P7 emphasized other's opinions.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

Q1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

Views of all participants: Government didn't distribute land for returnees but organizations helped 20-50% for building of shelters.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

P1- There is no crime in our village and all people of this village are honorable and good people.

All members of this group confirmed the aforementioned opinions.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

Views of all participants: No because returnees and non-returnees are working equally.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1- I think returnees have more skills than non-returnees because they have learnt different occupations during migration.

Q7- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

Views of all participants: We believe that returnees and non-returnees have the equal access to all services and resources for example: water, road, school and etc.

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

Q1 Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example

K. The way the community interact among themselves.

Views of all participants: people have good social relationships with each other.

L. The way the community builds and maintain relationships and trust

- **P1** We have good relationships and trust on each other.
- **P2** We have good relationships and we help each other in fields farming and irrigation.
- **P3** I had to go to clinic in Sayad but no one was at home to go with, so my neighbor accompanied me.
- **P4** People have good relationship they are helping each other if they need.
- **P6** When we are going to Kabul city neighbors take care of our home.
- **P4** and **P7** emphasized on these ideas.

M. The way the community support each other during difficult economic times

P1- All neighbors support each other during difficult economic times.

All participants agreed with this idea.

N. The ways the community resolve disputes among returnees and non-returnees

Views of all participants: Whenever disputes happen between, Shura members of returnees and non-returnees resolve this problem if they couldn't resolve the dispute then head of council refer the case to the government.

O. The way the community share resources

P1- We always share the resources with each other.

- **P2** We will share our equipment to use in ceremony
- **P3** If we have problems our neighbors help to solve it.

All remained other participants confirmed the abovementioned views.

Q2- How safe is for women and girls to move around the community?

Views of all participants: moving around the community is very safe for women and girls but sometimes when girls go alone out of home loafer guys disturb them.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

- **P1** There won't be a problem in this if government takes the security and people help government in this field.
- **P2** If government punishes these guys they will never do this action again and it can be an advice for others.
- P3, P4, P5 and P6 are emphasized these opinions.

Q4- Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel?

Views of all participants: Traveling outside of the community is safe during the day but it is safe during the night and problems exist.

Q5- Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

Views of all participants: There is not any particular group to be a big threat to safety and security fortunately security and safety exist but sometimes Americans plant mines in culverts and explode them to frighten the residents of society. They think that people don't know that these activities are fulfilled by Americans without these issues there is no threat for safety and security in the society.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

- **P1** Community should assist with the government to improve the security.
- **P2** Government should increase police checkpoints and prevent from vulgar persons activities.
- P3, P4, P5, P6 and P7 emphasized on these opinions and they didn't have a particular idea.

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Are there any problems? What are they?

- **P1** Yes, when returnees came back to Afghanistan they bring different occupations and skills with themselves that people can use from their skills.
- **P2** Yes there are benefits for example. Our mosque was empty but now there are three rows of prayers.
- **P3** Yes! Benefits exist when returnees came, the population of the village increased and we have unity.
- **P4** This is because of returnees that some organizations paid attention to our village and they implemented some projects in our village.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on other participants opinions and they don't have any idea about this.

Section E: Gender based violence

Q 1: without mentioning any names or indicating anyone specific, Can you tell me what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

- **P1** In our village, the freedom has been given to women and girls so they can educate and work.
- **P2**-There is not any kind of violence against girls and women in our village.
- **P3** No violence has happened with girls and women in our village yet because people respect women.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on aforementioned opinions and they don't have any particular opinion.

Q 2: Who are the perpetrators? (Probe: Family member, people in authority)?

Q 3: How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from services providers?

Views of all participants: Girls and women are hundred percent comfortable to seek help from service providers.

Q 4: If a girl suffers violence, is she likely to report it? If yes to whom, If no why?

Views of all participants: However no violence happened here but if a girl or a woman suffers violence she will report to her family and if it is necessary they will refer to local council and government.

Q 5: How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

- P1- A perpetrator of sexual violence should be punished according to rules of Islam.
- **P2** A perpetrator of sexual violence should be stoned to death by people in the village or government should execute him.
- **P3** people should introduce him to government to punish him.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on aforementioned opinions and they don't have a particular idea.

THE END

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 137

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			10. M	lodei	rator's and	d T	Гa	ke	r																					
1.13	Facilitator's name:	Mai	ryam Sada	at																										
1.14	Note taker's Name:	Suh	aila Jalal																											
1.15	Date of the FGD:	22/	09/2012																											
1.16	Report Number:	4																												
			11.	Are	a Informa	tio	on	1																						
2.1	Reintegration site Nan	ne:	Khanjar	· Kha	ail																									
2.2	Site Number:		05		'																									
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)																													
	Non –Returnees: (Yes, N	۱o)	Yes																											
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mix	ed)	Female																											
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)		Yes																											
	If No see code.																													
2.6	GPS location																													
	Latitude:		34 98 16	7																										
	Longitude:		69 27 83	4																										
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3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, N	o)	Yes																	J										
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to er	nd of this discussion.																													

4.Da	ata Manage	ement Information (Internal Use Only b	y Database Ei	ntry Tea	m)
4.1 Date of Interview 22 /07/ 2012		22 /07/ 2012				
4.2 Interviewer's nun	nber	Male Interviewer		Female Inte	rviewer	C-11
Supervisor's number	C-14		Regional Superviso	or's number	C-13	
4.5 Date of office edi	ting	23/09/2012				
4.6 Office editor's co	de	C-13				
4.7 Date of data entr	У	07/10/12				
4.8 Data entry officer	rcode	7				

List of Participa	List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)				
Province	Parwan				
District	Bagram				
Site Number	05				
Village	Khanjar Khail				

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact No	Age
1	Nazia		Home affairs		
2	Farida		Home affairs		28
3	Ranjbik		Home affairs		49
4	Bi Bi Haji		Home affairs		60
5	Ayesha		Home affairs		44
6	Baby Gul		Home affairs		49
7	Safura		Home affairs		57

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Pat A: Education

Q1- What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- **P1** We don't have any kind of problem in this field. School exists and also teachers are present at school lessons are going on very well and also there is potable water but it takes 30 minutes to go to school.
- **P2** Lessons are not good like schools of Jelal Abad and Kabul and they don't pay attention on uniform and cleanness.
- **P3** There is no professional teachers and lessons are not like cities so our children will face with problems in the future because teachers can't teach good.
- **P4** My grandchildren are studying in Kabul because here is not good lesson at schools and also classes are mixed it causes families don't let their daughters to school.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** said although the school is far and there are not professional teacher but it is good that our children have access to educations.

Part B: Health Services

- **P1** There is no clinic in our village so we have problems in this field and we will not refer to doctor if we have cold and sore throat because clinic is too far.
- **P2** I had obstetric sickness my husband transmit me to Sayad clinic there was doctor but not midwife so we went to Charekar and I hospitalized there for five days but they can't cure my sickness so we went to Kabul in a hospital and I gave birth to a son.
- **P3** If a person has a car can transmit the patient to hospital otherwise patients can't arrive on time to doctor. If we have a clinic here in our village women can go with food and treat themselves.
- **P4** We carried our patient to Kabul for treatment because there isn't woman doctor; patient dies easily because there aren't enough medicines.
- **P5** Why don't government build a clinic for us? Do people live in this village? And do we have the right to have access to health care services?
- **P6** Doctors don't have attention on patients in Sayad Clinic and also it is located too far so we can't use this health center.

P7- I gave birth a son in Charekar Hospital the weather was too cold so we came back to home and my little son got sick so I carried him to Sayad Clinic doctor injected penicillin to him when I came back he had not good health when I carried him to Mullah Saheb he died there and Mullah Saheb said it was because of penicillin injection.

Part C: Access to drinking water

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?

- **P1** We have a lot of problems in this field. There is just one well and many families are using this well so it is not enough for us.
- **P2** Numbers of wells should be increased because a lot of families are using this well and if it destroys people will face with problems and they will have to use stream water and it can be unclean and also it makes people sick.
- **P3** Sometimes we are facing with scarcity of potable water especially when well gets damage. It is a problem for us to find potable water so we have to use unclean water.
- **P4** Our biggest problem is non-being of potable water and it causes a lot of illnesses among people. Living of people is depend to water so we want from government and other institutes to make more potable water resources.
- **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on aforementioned opinion and they don't a particular idea in this respect.

Part D: Access to Food/ Market

- **P2** We have a lots of problems in this field. There is not bakery, butchery and other shops just men can prepare goods from far places.
- **P3** There are few shops in the village but we mostly purchase our needy itmes from markets of Kapisa and Charekar. Sometimes some persons brings something for selling near to homes but not everything which we need and also there is not transportation that we can go to market for shopping.
- P1, P4, P5, P6 and P7 emphasized on aforementioned opinions.

Part E: Access to Shelter

Q1- What are your concerns regarding shelter for the returnees?

- **P1** Some of people have problems in this field and some of them don't have. I have a home with two rooms it is not enough for my family.
- **P2** Our neighbor rented our rooms for a few months although they have land but they don't have the ability to build a shelter for themselves.
- **P3** We doesn't have problems in this field but there was a poor family who had shelter problems, so my father gave them a room. They are living here since my father gave them the room although our home is not too big but we can't bring them out because of humanity and fear of Allah.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on aforementioned opinion and they don't have a particular idea in this respect.

Part F: Access to protection of women and children

Joint opinion: Women and children are calm in our village and no one disturbs them but sometimes Americans making explosions and this will makes a fright between people.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

- **P1** Although we have a lot of lands, my son is a farmer and he is working on the lands. the harvests is not good he just can pick up 560kgs of wheat in one year and the money of this wheat is not enough for us so my son performs wage labor but some days he can find work.
- **P2** The men have the option to work or not but we are commonly jobless.
- **P3** I have to say that we can sew cloths and carpets but the opportunities are not available. My brother finished the school but he can find a job so he went to Europe with smuggler and he disappeared for one year now he is in London and he is working hid and sends us money because he doesn't have citizenship of London and this money is not enough for our consumptions.
- **P4** We are Pashton people in our customs women don't have the right to work out of home but we can do works at home like sewing and etc.
- **P5** We have a big problem in this field. All members of my family are jobless a few days ago we worked for cash in a garden to collect grapes form grapevines but now all of us are jobless and sometimes we asks neighbors for food.

- **P6** There is no work in our village my son is trying to find a job but he can't because there are no employment opportunities here so he came back to home and when we can't find food to eat he suffers and gets sick.
- **P7** My sons leaved the school because of financial problems and they went to Kabul to work although they had working skills but here are not working opportunities for people so they went to Kabul and I am anxious about them because of suicide attacks and insecurity.

Part H: Sanitation

Q1- What should be done in order to improve sanitation of the households?

- **P1** We have a lot of problems in this field there are a lot of insects and animals but no one sprays medicine here to decrease the number of these injects and animals. Three years ago government sprayed medicine and killed all injects and mosquitoes but now no one has attention in this field and it can cause a lot of illnesses.
- **P2** breeding of animals is usual in our village and some people have livestock. You know if the area not be sprayed medicine it will cause some illnesses for both animals and people.
- **P3** I am too poor I don't have ability to purchase soap and washing powder. How can I observe cleanness?
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** emphasized on aforementioned opinions.

Part I: Access to Pastures

Joint opinion: We don't have problems in this field there are a lot of pastures in deserts and hills that we can feed our animals there.

Part J: Access to irrigation water

- **P3** Last year we faced with a lot of problems in this field and also the harvests are not so good because the lack of irrigation water for farming. It is the responsibility of government to provide irrigation water and spray the plants and vegetables.
- **P5** Lack of irrigation water is the main problem of people in this village. If it rains the harvests will be very good and also we will have a lot of herbs to feed animal if it doesn't rain the situation will be contrary.

P1, P2, P4, P5, P6 and P7 emphasized on aforementioned opinions.

Part K: Access to justice system

Joint opinion: There is a good justice system we have a local council the head of this council is a honest person if someone have problems he refers to this council.

Part L: Security

P3- We don't have problems in field because this village is secure. We haven't seen a criminal action such, murdering and other crimes here for along time. But sometimes Americans are making some explosions during night and they are arresting some persons in this respect for researching.

All members of this group agreed with this opinion.

Q2- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources?

Joint opinion: Returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources. There are no difference and no problem between them.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1- How effective is the Government?

- **P1** The government is not effective because 4 years ago it was donating rice, oil, wheat for us but now it doesn't help people like this.
- **P2** I think government is a little effective because there is calmness and also schools exist, people can continue their educations and refugees returned to their homeland.
- **P3** The government is effective because it takes security and refugees returned to their own homes.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** are emphasizing the aforementioned opinions.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

- **P1** Some changes have occured but we are not satisfied, because government made water resources but they are not enough for us and also we don't have clinic and school near to home. It takes 35 minutes to go to school.
- **P2** In my opinion a lot of change came since the government has been elected for example. School exists, returnees came and built their homes the population of village raised and everyone is busy to his/her work in the society.
- **P3** Our homes destroyed in the past but now these are reconstructed, we didn't have calm sleep during night but now the area is secure and also our lands were like desert but now we are farming in.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** are emphasizing on aforementioned opinions and they don't have any particular idea.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

- **P1** Yes! Men are consulting with women about different issues in our village for example. My husband consulted with about the buying of a car.
- **P2** When my husband wants to purchase goods and other things for home first of all he asks me what to buy.
- **P3** Women are good here they don't give a chance to men to become angry so men always consulting with them.
- **P4** My husband tried to go Kabul for work when he consulted with me I didn't let him go so he accepted my words.
- **P5** All women are acquiescent with their husbands because men gave them the right to be consulted in different issues.
- **P6** My husband decided to engage my daughter so he consulted with me.
- **P7** My husband decided to engage my son and he consult me.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

- **P1** We get information in this field via men.
- **P2** We received information regarding to these issues via radio and TV.
- **P3** Sometimes men are talking about these issues and we will learn something.
- **P4** Sometimes we are getting information about these issues via head of council and elders.
- P5, P6 and P7 emphasized aforementioned opinion and they don't have any idea.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

Q1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

Joint opinion: We are so happy that lands distributed for returnees and this is a reason that people returned to homeland.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

Joint opinion: No! There was not any problem.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

Joint opinion: No! The community doesn't have problem in this field.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, law, policies and national institutions? And who commits more crimes?

Joint opinion: We get information about these issues via radio and TV and until now we haven't been the eyewitness of any crime here.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

Joint opinion: No! There is no difference between returnees and non-returnees.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

Joint opinion: Yes! Returnees have more skills than non-returnees because they learnt different occupations during the immigration.

Q7- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

Joint opinion: In our opinion all people, returnees and non-returnees have equal access to resources and services.

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

Q1 Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example

P. The way the community interact among themselves.

Joint opinion: People of this village have good interactions.

Q. The way the community builds and maintain relationships and trust

P2- All people, returnees and non-returnees have good relationships and they participate in sadness and happiness of each other.

All members of this group emphasized on this opinion.

R. The way the community support each other during difficult economic times

P6- If someone has problems he will refer to local council. Head of this council and other elders will solve his problems and also if someone needs money the neighbors will lend him.

S. The way the community share resources

P1- We share all of our assets together and we back up each other in different conditions.

All group have this idea.

Q2- How safe is for women and girls to move around the community?

Joint opinion: Moving around this village is hundred percent safe for girls and women.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

Joint opinion: In our opinion, the number of police checks points should be increased and national army should patrol instead of American forces it will improve safety and security.

Q4- Is it sage for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel?

Joint opinion: It is hundred percent safe for men to travel outside of the community but during night they have a little fear.

Joint opinion: There is not any particular group to be a threat for safety and security.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

P1- Government should increase the soldiers of national army and increase the number of police check points and also prevent form mining of American forces.

All members of this group emphasized on this opinion.

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Are there any problems? What are they?

Joint opinion: Yes! There are a lot of benefits for people because they learnt different occupations during the immigration and now they can use these skills to build the society and country beside of this government made potable water resources, schools, culverts and etc.

Section E: Gender based violence

Q 1: without mentioning any names or indicating anyone specific, Can you tell me what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

P1- No kind of violence has happened here against women and girls yet. And it will never take place.

All members of this group emphasized on this opinion.

Q 2: Who are the perpetrators? (Probe: Family member, people in authority)?

Q 3: How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from services providers?

Joint opinion: Women and girls are hundred percent comfortable in seeking help from services providers and they don't feel any problems in the society.

Q 4: If a girl suffers violence, is she likely to report it? If yes to whom, If no why?

Joint opinion: If a girl or a woman suffers violence she will report to her family if it is necessary her family will refer to local council and government.

Q 5: How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

- **P1** The perpetrator should be arrested and punished.
- **P2** The perpetrator of these actions should be punished according to the law.
- **P3** The perpetrator should be executed.
- **P4**, **P5**, **P6** and **P7** agreed with these opinions.

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 141

			13. Moderator's and Taker		
1.17	Facilitator's name:	Mar	yam Sadat		
1.17	racilitator s name.	IVIAI	yani Sadat		
1.18	Note taker's Name:	ote taker's Name: Suhaila Jalal			
1.19	Date of the FGD:	09/0	09/2012		
1.20	Report Number:	: 2			
			14. Area Information		
2.1	Reintegration site Nar	ne:	Khanjer Khail		
2.2	Site Number:		5		
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)		Yes		
	Non –Returnees: (Yes, I	No)			
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mix	ked)	Female		
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)		Yes		
	If No see code.				
2.6	GPS location				
	Latitude:		34 97 783		
	Longitude:		69 27 055		
			15. FGD Outcome		

		15. FGD Outcon	ne
3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, No)	Yes	

3.2 FGD team Notes use to take note any special observation:

This group discussion took place at house of Malik Ruhullah Khan by cooperation of head of the local council. Seven persons eagerly participate in this discussion, respond to our questions and expressed their problems. They asked us to report their problems to the responsible organs.

4.Da	ata Manag	ement Information (Internal Use Only by	y Database Ei	ntry Tear	n)
4.1 Date of Interview	1	09/09/2012				
4.2 Interviewer's nur	nber	Male Interviewer		Female Inte	rviewer	C - 2
Supervisor's number	C-14	1	Regional Superviso	r's number	C-13	l
4.5 Date of office edi	ting	10/09/2012				
4.6 Office editor's co	de	C-13				
4.7 Date of data entr	у	03/07/2012				
4.8 Data entry officer code 7						

List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)				
Province	Parwan			
District	Bagram			
Site Number	5			
Village	Khanjer Khail			

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact No	Age
1	Gullalai	Health care		Doesn't have	52
2	Zahra	Health care		Doesn't have	48
3	Saor Baby	Home Wife		Doesn't have	60
4	Masooma	Home Wife		Doesn't have	55
5	Sima	Home Wife		Doesn't have	22
6	Sharifa	Teacher		Doesn't have	32
7	Maimona	Home Wife		Doesn't have	57

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Pat A: Education

Q1- What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- **P1** We have lots of problems in this field for example, we don't have professional teacher and good educational system.
- **P2** The school of this village doesn't have an effective administration and also teachers don't have attention about the students.
- **P3** Teachers are not professional; therefore, they can't implement the education program.
- **P4** My grandchildren are 7 and 8 years old, but teachers of school did not register them to school.

P5 and P6- We agree with P2.

P7- I don't controvert these opinions, but I want to mention that our children and youths have access to educational opportunities and I think it is very good for us because our children were away from educations during the immigration.

Part B: Health Services

- **P1** We have lots of problem in this field because there is no clinic, no doctor and also we don't have good financial state to carry our patient to private hospitals.
- **P2** American built a clinic in Qalander Khail village, but not in our village, so we have to carry our patients to Sayad Hospital.
- **P3** In my opinion a clinic should be built to solve our problems.
- **P4** We face with lots of problems if a member of our family gets sick during the night because there is no clinic and we don't have a vehicle to carry our patient to Kabul or Sayad.
- **P5** Women face with lots of problems when they have obstetric illness. There is no clinic and no doctors; therefore, they have to refer to local midwives.

These midwives don't have medical education and they don't know about the medicines, so ill women suffer more pain and sometimes their live will face with danger.

- **P6** We transmits our patients to Sayad Hospital but there are not enough medicines for patients.
- **P7** Government has promised lots of donation when we returned here, but we don't know why they didn't pay attention.

Part C: Access to drinking water

Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?

- **P1** We have some problems in this field although there are 15 potable water resources, but they are not enough for all people.
- **P2** 80% of problems have been solved in this regard, but sometimes these hand pumps gets harm and become useless because don't have good quality.

Other participants of this discussion emphasized on P2's opinion.

Part D: Access to Food/ Market

- **P1** There is few shops in the market that is not enough for this village's people.
- **P2** People should have access to bakery, butchery and other necessary services providers.
- **P3** we don't have good market in this village. It takes lots of times to bring necessities from Ghullam Ali Market because it is very far.
- **P4** We don't have access to market in this village, so we have to spend 100Afs in transportation to achieve to Ghullam Ali Market for purchasing the necessities.
- **P5** We don't have good financial state to spend more money in transportation, therefore I want from government to make a market in this village.

P6 and **P7** agree with **P5**.

Part E: Access to Shelter

Q1- What are your concerns regarding shelter for the returnees?

- **P1** Returnees have some problems in this regard. My son lives in a home which doesn't have enough rooms, so his home equipments are in yard.
- **P2** I have a house, but it destroyed during the internal wars and now I have the ability to build it so I ask from government if can help us.
- **P3** I have one room in my house I ask from government to help me build more rooms in my house.
- **P4** We have land, but we don't have the financial support to build it.
- **P5** I live in one room with my family, when a guest comes we face with problem because we don't have enough room at home.
- **P6** We have very serious problem in this regard because we have one room in our house.
- **P7** One of my sons doesn't have shelter and also he is jobless so he lives with his brother, but sometimes his brother tells him leave my home.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

- **P1** There is no employment opportunities for people of Khanjar Khail although all of them have skills.
- **P2** If government and non-governmental organs implement some project people will find jobs.
- P3- People of this village don't have access to faming land and other income source.
- **P4** Our men are going out of home to find work and earn money, but they can't find a job.
- **P5** About 50% of men are jobless in this village because there is no working opportunities available for them.
- **P6** My husband is a labor he earns 300Afs per day, it is not enough for my family because we are nine persons in family, so I want institutions to implement some projects here to provide employment opportunities for people.
- **P7** Two of my sons are bakers, but they don't have the ability to build a bakery in the market although there is no bakery in the market of this village.

Part H: Sanitation

Q1- What should be done in order to improve sanitation of the households?

- **P1** If people can't observe the sanitation; in my opinion the main problem is the weak economic because they can't buy good equipments and materials to clean their houses.
- **P2** We don't have toilet and the ability to build.
- **P3** There is no trash cans so we throw the garbage to street and it can be a threat for health if people.
- **P4** I try my best to observe sanitation in my house.
- **P5** People have some problems in this regard because they don't have access to modern toilets.
- P6 and P7 agree with P5.

Part J: Access to irrigation water

P1- There is someone who irrigates lands and takes money by number so people don't have any problem in this field.

All participants of this discussion agree with **P1**.

Part L: Security

P1- This area doesn't have good security. Many days ago some thieves stole the motorcycle of a person during the night when he was the way to home.

P2- We have some security problems because some unknown persons come to this village during the night and make insecure the village.

Other participants agree with **P2**.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1- How effective is the government

P1- In my opinion the government is effective because returnees have received lots of donations and cooperation from government since they returned.

All participants agree with aforementioned opinions.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

P1- I think lots of changes have come to our life since government elected. Roads, school and universities have been constructed and also people find access to potable water, electricity, calmness and security.

All participants emphasized the aforementioned opinion.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

P1- Yes! Men always consult women about important issues specially about purchasing of equipment for home etc.

P2- Men consult women, but not on all affairs. When a wife became widow her husband's family marry her with her brother in law and no one asks her do you agree to this marriage or not?

Other participants agree with P2.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

- **P1** Men can get information regarding to the rights, the law etc. via different resources like mosques, books, TV etc.
- **P2** I get information via radio.
- **P3** I get information by consulting other.

Other participants have the same ideas.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

O1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

P1- We are glad from government to allocated land for returnees.

All participants have the same idea.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

Joint opinion: There is not any big problem that they don't have access to land.

Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?

P1- Yes! Many nights ago the police found a death boy in garden, but they can't find the murder yet. It was the only incident that we observed.

All participants of this discussion agreed with **P1**.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

P1- People usually gets information about these issues via radio.

Other participants emphasized the aforementioned opinion.

Q5- Is unemployment higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

Joint opinion: No! There is not difference in this regard all people returnees and non-returnees be employment equally by government or other organs to project.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

P1- I think returnees have more skills than non-returnees because they learnt different occupations during the immigrations in Pakistan and Iran.

All participants of this discussion agree with **P1**.

Q7- Do you believe that returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources? If no, please give examples.

Joint opinion: returnees and non-returnees have equal access to services and resources there is no difference between them.

Section D: Justice and Rule of Law

Q1 Are there differences in the way the community functions now that returnees are living in the community? For example

T. The way the community interact among themselves.

P1- We have the same interact with returnees and non-returnees. Non-returnees have good behavior with returnees; therefore, all returnees respect non-returnees.

All participants of this discussion agree with P1.

U. The way the community builds and maintain relationships and trust

- **P1** I was sick and my neighbor got me to doctor and took the medicines for me. It shows that we have good relations together and we trust each other.
- **P2** All people of khanjar Khail village are soft hearts and they trust each other.
- **P3**, **P4**, **P5** and **P6** agree with **P1**.
- P7- Neighbors trust each other's and no one betrayed his/her neighbor yet in this village.

V. The way the community support each other during difficult economic times

- **P1** Yes! People are trying to help each other during the economic problems. I didn't have money to purchase oil, so I borrowed from my neighbor.
- **P2** Yes! People help each other during the economic problems.
- P3- I didn't have flour to cook bread; therefore, my neighbor lent me flour.

Other participants emphasized on aforementioned opinions.

W. The way the community resolves disputes among returnees and non-returnees

Joint opinion: Returnees and non-returnees consult to head of local council and elders to solve their problems.

X. The way the community share resources

- **P1** If we face with problems we will share our resources and equipments to each other.
- **P2** All people of this village are ready to share their resources and equipments together.

Other participants agree with aforementioned opinions.

Q2- How safe is for women and girls to move around the community?

Joint opinion: It is safe for women and girls to move around the community. They don't have any problem in this regard.

Q3- What do you think would improve safety of women and girls in this community?

Joint opinion: We think if government takes the security it will improve safety and security of women and girls in the society.

Q4- Is it safe for men to travel outside the community during the day? Is it safe for men to travel?

P1- It is safe for men to travel outside the community during the day, but they feel a little fear during the night.

All participants agree with aforementioned opinion.

Q5- Which group is the biggest threat to safety and security?

P1- We can't specify a particular group, but we fear from American Forces while they are patrolling during the night in our village.

All participants have the same opinion.

Q6- What can the community do to improve the safety and security of the community?

- **P1** If government wants to secure the area bring a calm life for people it should increase the numbers of police checkpoints.
- **P2** In my opinion first of all government should provide employment opportunities for people because unemployment can cause different crimes in the society.

Other participants of this discussion emphasized on **P2**'s opinion.

Q7- Have there been benefits to returnees relocating to your community? What are they? Are there any problems? What are they?

P1- Yes! There are lots of benefits in relocating of returnees to this community, because government paid attention to returnees and distributed land for them and other organs helped them to build the shelters; therefore, deserts changed to a city. Also returnees have

brought different skills with themselves which they learnt during the immigration in Pakistan and Iran which is effective in construction of the community.

All members of this discussion group agree with aforementioned opinion.

Section E: Gender based violence

Q 1: without mentioning any names or indicating anyone specific, Can you tell me what kinds of incidents of violence against women and girls take place in the community?

P1- No violence has happened against women and girls in this village and women have been respected by men.

All participants have the same idea.

Q 3: How comfortable are women and girls in seeking help from services providers?

Joint opinion: Women and girls are 100% comfortable to seek help from services providers. They don't have any problem in this regard.

Q 4: If a girl suffers violence, is she likely to report it? If yes to whom, If no why?

P1- Never has happened such as violence against women and girls in this village because all people know that this is a big guilt, but in my opinion if a girl or woman suffers such as violence, first of all will report to her family members and if it is necessary her family will report to local council and governmental organs.

All participants agree with this opinion.

Q 5: How would a perpetrator of sexual or gender based violence be punished?

- **P1** In my opinion he should be stoned in front of people.
- **P2** In my opinion the perpetrators of sexual violence should be punished according to the Afghanistan Law.
- **P3** I think the perpetrators of sexual violence should be punished according to the Islamic Rules.

Other participants emphasized on aforementioned opinions.

FOCUS GROUP DISCUSSION

FORM REGISTRATION NO: 152

16. Moderator's and Taker								
1.21	Facilitator's name:	Hiday	/atullah	Wakman				
	Tadimates a name:							
1.22	22 Note taker's Name: Juma Gul							
1.23	Date of the FGD:	23/9/	/2012					
1.24	Report Number:	5						
	17. Area Information							
2.1	Reintegration site Name	:	Bahar I	Khail				
2.2	Site Number:		5					
2.3	Returnees: (Yes, No)		yes					
	Non –Returnees: (Yes, N	o)	Yes					
2.4	Gender (Male, Female, Mixed)							
2.5	GPS (Yes, No)		yes					
	If No see code.							
2.6	GPS location							
	Latitude: 34 97 752							
	Longitude:		69 27 02	23				
				18. FGD Outcome]			
3.1	FGD Completed (Yes, No) <u></u>	yes		_			
3.2	FGD team Notes use to ta	ıke note	e any sp	ecial observation:				
No c	comments							
[,							

4.Data Manag	4.Data Management Information (Internal Use Only by Database Entry Team)							
4.1 Date of Interview	23/09/2012							
4.2 Interviewer's number	Male Interviewer	C-7	Female Inte	rviewer				
Supervisor's number C-14		Regional Superviso	or's number	C-13				
4.5 Date of office editing	24/10/2012							
4.6 Office editor's code	C-13							
4.7 Date of data entry	08/10/2012							
4.8 Data entry officer code								

List of Participants in Focused group discussions (F.G.D)					
Province	Parwan				
District	Bagram				
Site Number	[5]				
Village	Gujar Khail				

No	Name	Position	Occupation	Contact No	Age
[1]	Baqi		Malik		40
2	Ferooz		Elder		80
3	Nur Sayeed		Elder		68
4	Rohullah		Student		[18]
5	Hakim Khan		Farmer		50
6	Satar Khan		Shop keeper		[40]
7					

Section A: General and Specific Concerns

Pat A: Education

Q1- What are your concerns regarding education for returnees?

- **P1.** A school is located in upper village and students attend the school which is loated along the asphalted road which is much dangerous and mostly we are faced with many car crashes and heartbeats issues, so our villagers are most disappointed from this area and we all wish to approve a school for our village.
- **P2.** For the children of this village a school is much essential and we wish from authorities to approve a school for our children.
- **P3.** A primary school is needed for us, and according the rules and regulation we have seen unprofessional teachers.
- **P4.** A school is located in upper village with having no professional educational curriculum, so we request from the concern authorities to hire professional teachers.
- **P5.** The school is located along the road and the drivers are not paying attention to the students, while the students are the same as drivers.
- **P6.** I confirm the upper person's thought and we wish to distribute the books for the students and to assign professional teachers for the students to teach them by their native language and to approve a primary school in our village.

Part B: Health Services

Q1- What are your concerns related to health services for the returnees?

- **P1.** Due to increasing of population and crowding of people, the diseases are spreading and the people are suffering from many diseases.
- **P2.** In these days of the year our children suffer from diarrhea and other diseases and the people are trying to take them to the clinic, while the clinic is far from us and it is impossible to take them on time, so regarding to this issue we need a clinic to resolve this problem.
- **P3.** Regarding to not implementing the vaccine for the newly born babies and mother we face these sorts of diseases.
- **P4.** In spite of the living the people in the society is good, so that in this situation of the Afghanistan with no health services and having excess lake people are concern with medical male and female doctors for first aids. If doctor is available then the medicine is not available, when both are available the medicine is given to some special people and the other should wait.

P5. P6. The upper brother's thinking was the acceptable and we never refuse them, at the end we should add that the government and the welfare organizations should consider us in health sector and to provide a clinic, doctors and medicine for better access.

Part C: Access to drinking water

- Q1- What are your concerns regarding access to potable water for the returnees?
- P1. Water is vital material for human being so it must be pure and utilizable for drinking.
- **P2.** Many welfare organization made deep wells in our villages and submitted for usage, unluckily some of them are stopped working.
- P3. The hand pump and the other material of the wells should be of good quality and work for ever.
- **P4.** Despite of the more population and crowded area many deep wellss are needed according to the surface of water and we wish start their digging.
- P5. Some of the wellss create worm or insects, so the iodine or salt should be used in them.
- **P6.** I think water should not be used uselessly, while we should use the water according to our usages and these people may face lack of water.

Part E: Access to Shelter

Q1- What are your concerns regarding shelter for the returnees?

- **P1.** Shelter is the basic need of human and the people of suburb and city have migrated to other places and their shelters are damaged due to war and snow.
- **P2.** At the initial stage for returnees it is better to distribute land to build shelters.
- **P3.** Returnees are not receiving the constructed materials, only for 5% to 8% returnees were received, and the constructed material such as wood and girder should be giving for a two-room and a bathroom.
- **P4.** While the returnee have shelter, so it is good to help them too in order to improve them and the welfare organization should assist them in all aspect of the life as possible, otherwise it is not fair.
- **P5. P6.** The above thought are acceptable and it is better to help them in international standard and all should have access and free well to use them.

Part G: Access to employment opportunities

- **P1.** The returnees who were migrated from neighbor countries with craft or occupation are having good living condition as compare to the local resident.
- **P2.** in this country which have passed three decades of war is having less opportunity for professional employees if they found is a good chance for them.
- **P3.** We need from our government and other welfare organizations to provide opportunities for returnees to have suitable jobs to provide their needy home items.
- **P4. P5. P6.** Most people are worry about the jobs in this government in order to receive jobs, because every one of the returnees wish to have the job, if not then they come to kill themselves.

Part H: Sanitation

Q1- What should be done in order to improve sanitation of the households?

- **P1.** Most of the time no one take care of sanitation, women men and children suffer from different diseases and it is impossible to cure them due having economical problems.
- **P2.** In this sector the government and ministry of health didn't sufficiently work which the people have access and in this situation it is better to assign a group of doctor containing male and female doctors to help the people in health sector.
- **P3. P4. P5.** Whenever the governments do not practically assist the people in sanitation, the people will suffer with various diseases; on the other hand the government will not be able to recover them again.

Part I: what is your concern regarding to irrigation water for returnees?

- **P1. P2. P3. P4.** Besides having two rivers one is from Panjsher and the second one come from Ghorband and we have objected to the ministry of water to provide us the canals and streams, however we have enough water, but unluckily the authorities just pass the time and they never do help us in this sector.
- **P5.** When the farmers obtain more crops and it is due the water which passes along our villages.
- **P6.** The above thoughts are respectable, I wish from the authorities, internal and external organization to practically start work, otherwise it is better not to ask us.

Part L: What is your concern regarding to security?

- **P1.** Security covers the fundamental element of the government.
- **P2. P3.** Despite of forty countries which they work on security for the people of Afghanistan, and we all are unpleasant with them and all issues related to the basic organs of the government are depending upon the security and also we thank Allah for having a government.
- **P4.** If Allah is willing that the government of Hamid Karzai didn't take place we could encounter with civil war and the armed forces or looting persons fought together. We thank from this government to them quite, while the people are involved with their jobs and without the government and security it is impossible to survive.
- **P5. P6.** The security is now fair and we people should help with the government and we never let the enemies of Afghanistan to spread un unity, fanaticism, nepotism and nationalism for the better way of living.

Section B: Governance and Participation

Q1. How effective is the government?

- **P1.** The government is more effective, if a country doesn't have a right government that is like a forest and every one does what he wants.
- **P2.** Before the interim government of Afghanistan there was fighting, misfortune, torture and injustice especially among the war coordination.
- **P3.** We are satisfied from the government that somewhere there is access to governmental establishment.
- **P4.** No governance has follow in governmental offices, attorney and justice sectors, but they all take bribe and they void the rights of other and at the end of this government we wish to avoid stopping administrative corruption.
- **P5. P6.** If the government carries on the governance on the interest of the people and to submit the work to the specialized persons, then we never face with any problems and our people wish to have an excellent government for ever.

Q2- Since the government has been elected what changes have you observed in areas of livelihood?

View of all participants. The time when the elected government has changed we haven't seen any changes however the problems were arose for the people and no work has given to the jobless persons formers are not satisfied and those who were poor are remain the same. As the people demand from

the ministries and provincials have no development, no one has easiness the time when Americans came to Afghanistan.

Q3- Are the women consulted on important issues? If yes, what issues? How are they?

View of all participants. Without the consolation of mothers and wives it is impossible in the all aspects of life to arrange wedding and engagement and also they work on the governmental offices and welfare organizations and they counsel with them while they cover the society. The women should consider themselves while should observe the Islamic partitions in order be attracted by strangers and youths, because women are they should have maternal or afghan veil.

Q4- How do people get access to information? Regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

View of all participants. The people of Afghanistan get informed through radios, television and newspaper about the situation, while the other people who go to the big cities get informed through mosque's pulpits or the elders of the nation. The rules, regulations and policies of the government make the society informed and developed; the people wish to follow the same good procedure and the internal and external organization or media must work under the procedure of the ministry of culture and information to serve in a better way to observe the afghans nation for eliminating the shortage of the media.

Section C: Access to livelihood, social and economic security

Q1- How do you feel about the land was allocated to the returnees?

P1. Some of the returnees haven't receive the lands yet, and if will be better and appreciated to distribute the land for some limited people.

P2. P3. P4. P5. P6. We are satisfy for the lands which were distributed to our people, and we wish if it could distributed to all of the returnees to solve their difficulties, the place where the lands were distributed had no water and no access to transport and other facilities.

Q2- Were there problems because some non-returnees didn't have access to land?

View of all participants. None of the non-returnees have problems with having no lands and we think it will be better to distribute the lands to those who are highly in need, and it may never create any difficulties among the returnees and non-returnees

- Q3- Does the community have problems with crime? If yes, what types of crime?
- **P1.** The time when the government enforce the law there will be no crime.
- **P2.** People of Afghanistan observe the office corruptions in many governmental and other establishments which are the sign of disappearing the others right, and the harms refer to them.
- **P3. P4.** Say that the above views are acceptable, we should ever remember our Allah and it is enough we will repent to the actions that we did before and will do sever our nation.
- **P5. P6.** The time when the criminal didn't threat the crimes daily increase, the crimes like kidnapped, murdering and extortion of land must be eliminated through the attorney and ministry of justice, while these crimes are done through armed persons and specially they take place in the suburb.

Q4- How do people get access to information regarding rights, laws, policies and national institutions?

View of all participants. people get information regarding the rights, laws, policies and national institutions through newspaper, television, media and even through the leader of a mosque, those who in touch with city are informed from there and the government must unarmed the war leaders.

Q5- Is unemployed higher among returnees than non-returnees? For example food for work and food for cash projects?

- **P1. P2.** Basically the unemployment rate is higher in Afghanistan for those who are in need work for cash.
- **P3. P4.** The returnees who live here work as the same like non-returnees, none of the returnees are jobless and it is used to take place somewhere else.
- **P5. P6.** The internal and external organization should provide the opportunities for all and make them due to it will be difficult to carry them on, otherwise they will be a problem for the government to handle them.

Q6- Do the community members have more skilled workers than the returnees?

- **P1. P2. P3.** It is clear to all that the returnees are more skilled as compare to non-returnees and they are more preferred in the village.
- P4. P5. P6. According to the statements of these participants returnees are more skilled